

STREAM CONVENTIONAL SYMBOLS

OUTLET PROTECTION		CONSERVATION EASEMENT
ROCK CROSS VANE		EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR
CONSTRUCTED RIFFLE		EXISTING MINOR CONTOUR
LOG VANE		EXISTING DICIDUOUS
 EXISTING STREAM ALIGNMENT	(3)	EXISTING CONIFEROUS
 BANKFULL CHANNEL EXTENTS	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	LIVE STAKES
EXISTING ROAD CROSSING		TREE PLANTING
PROPOSED ROAD CROSSING		BOULDER BANK PROTECTION
POOL		
		TOE WOOD BANK PROTECTION

**NOTE: ALL ITEMS ABOVE MAY NOT BE USED ON THIS PROJECT

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO INSTALL INSTREAM STRUCTURES USING A TRACK HOE WITH A HYDRAULIC THUMB OF SUFFICIENT SIZE TO PLACE BOULDERS 6' X 5' X 4', LOGS, AND ROOTWADS.
- 2. WORK IS BEING PERFORMED AS AN ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION PLAN. THE CONTRACTOR SHOULD MAKE ALL REASONABLE EFFORTS TO REDUCE SEDIMENT LOSS AND MINIMIZE DISTURBANCE OF THE SITE WHILE PERFORMING THE CONSTRUCTION WORK.
- 3. SOME DETAIL DRAWINGS SHOWN IN THIS PLAN SET MAY NOT BE USED IN FINAL DESIGN.
- 4. CONTRACTOR SHOULD CALL UTILITY NOTIFICATION CENTER OF COLORADO 2 - BUSINESS DAYS IN ADVANCE BEFORE DIGGING, GRADING, OR EXCAVATION FOR THE MARKING OF UNDERGROUND MEMBER UTILITIES.
- 5. PROPOSED CHANNEL ALIGNMENT IS INTENDED TO CAUSE MINIMAL DISTURBANCE TO THE EXISTING TREES AND VEGETATION. THE ON-SITE ENGINEER RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE FIELD-FIT CHANGES TO THESE PLANS AND DETAILS TO FURTHER REDUCE DISTURBANCE.

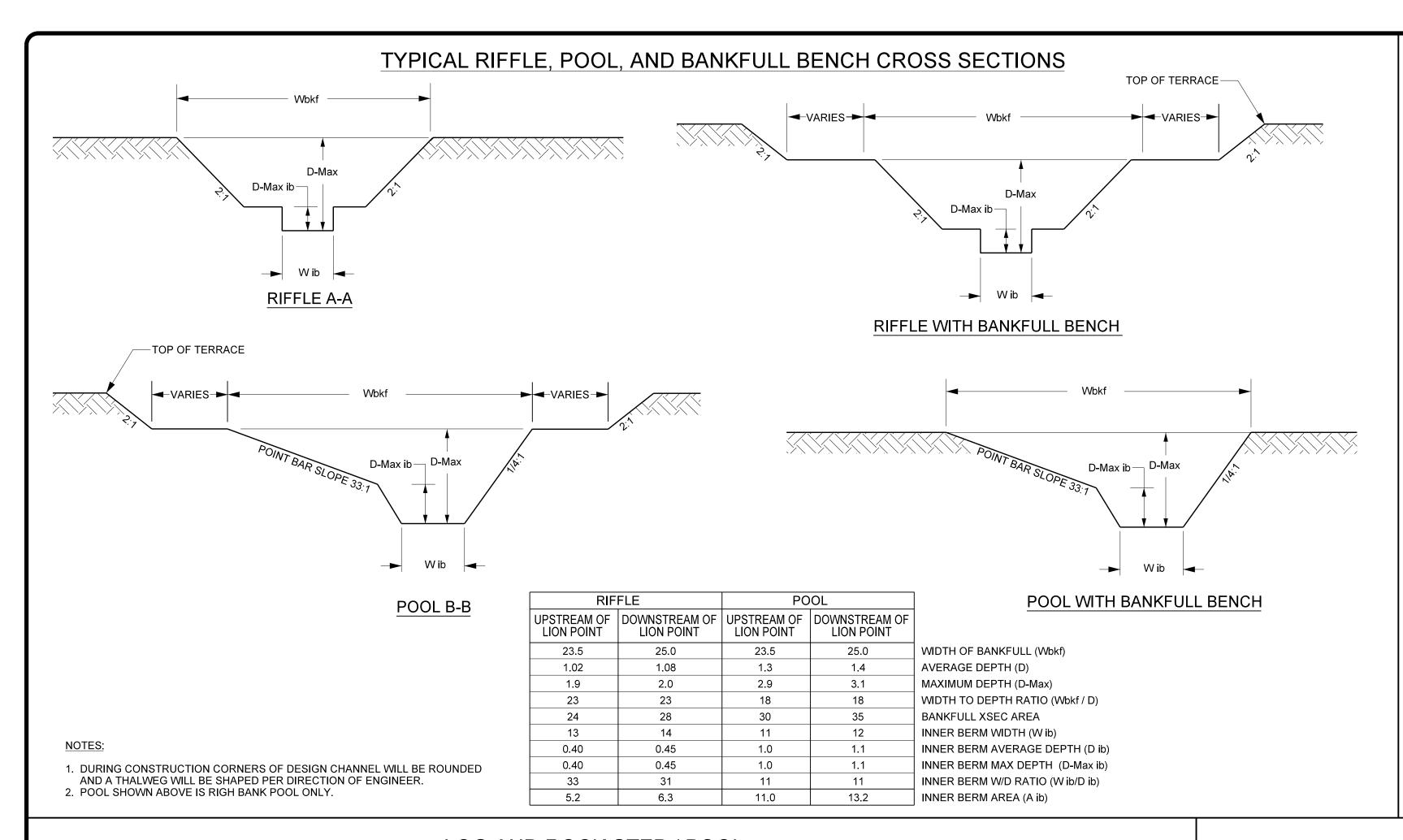
BAKER PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SHEET NO. 138200

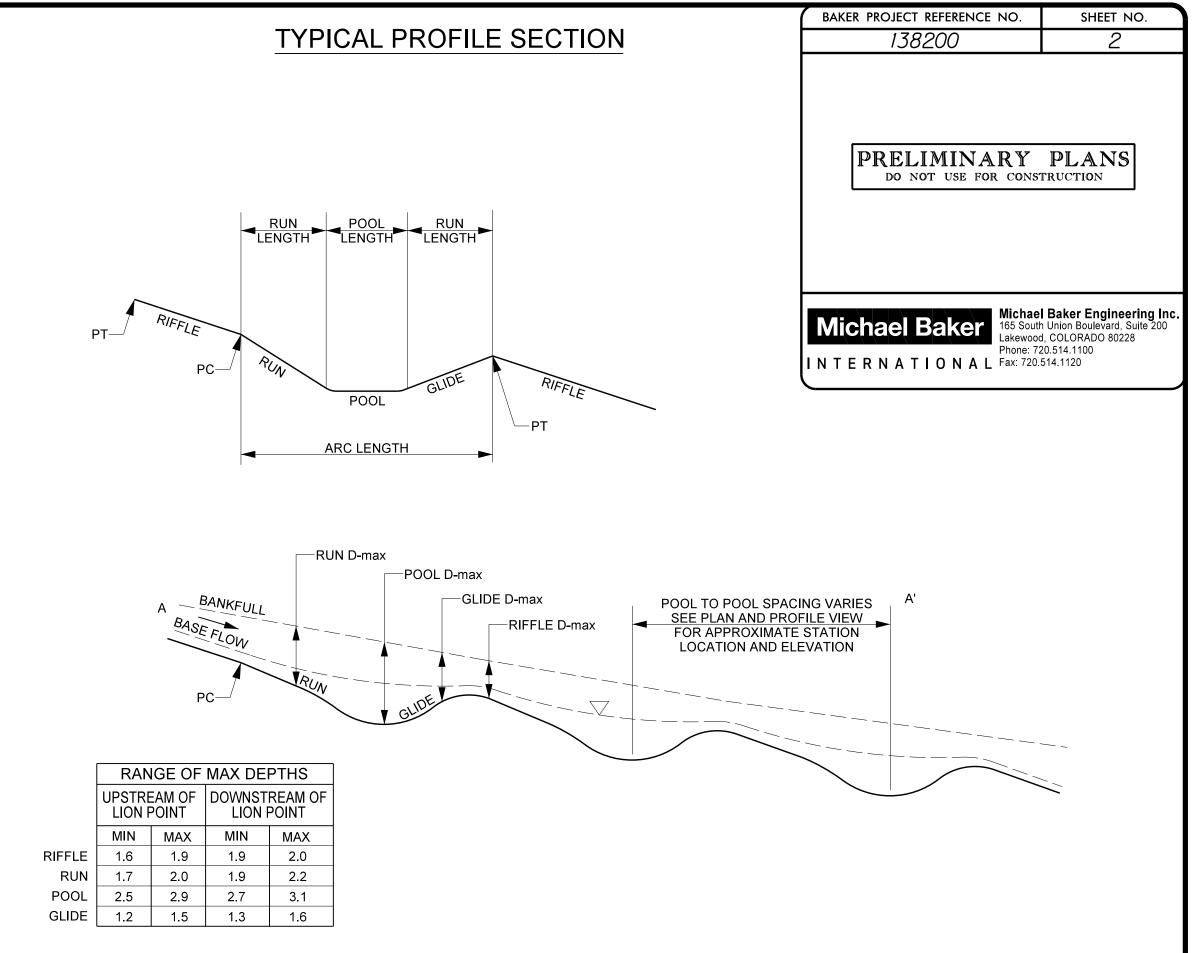
PROJECT ENGINEER

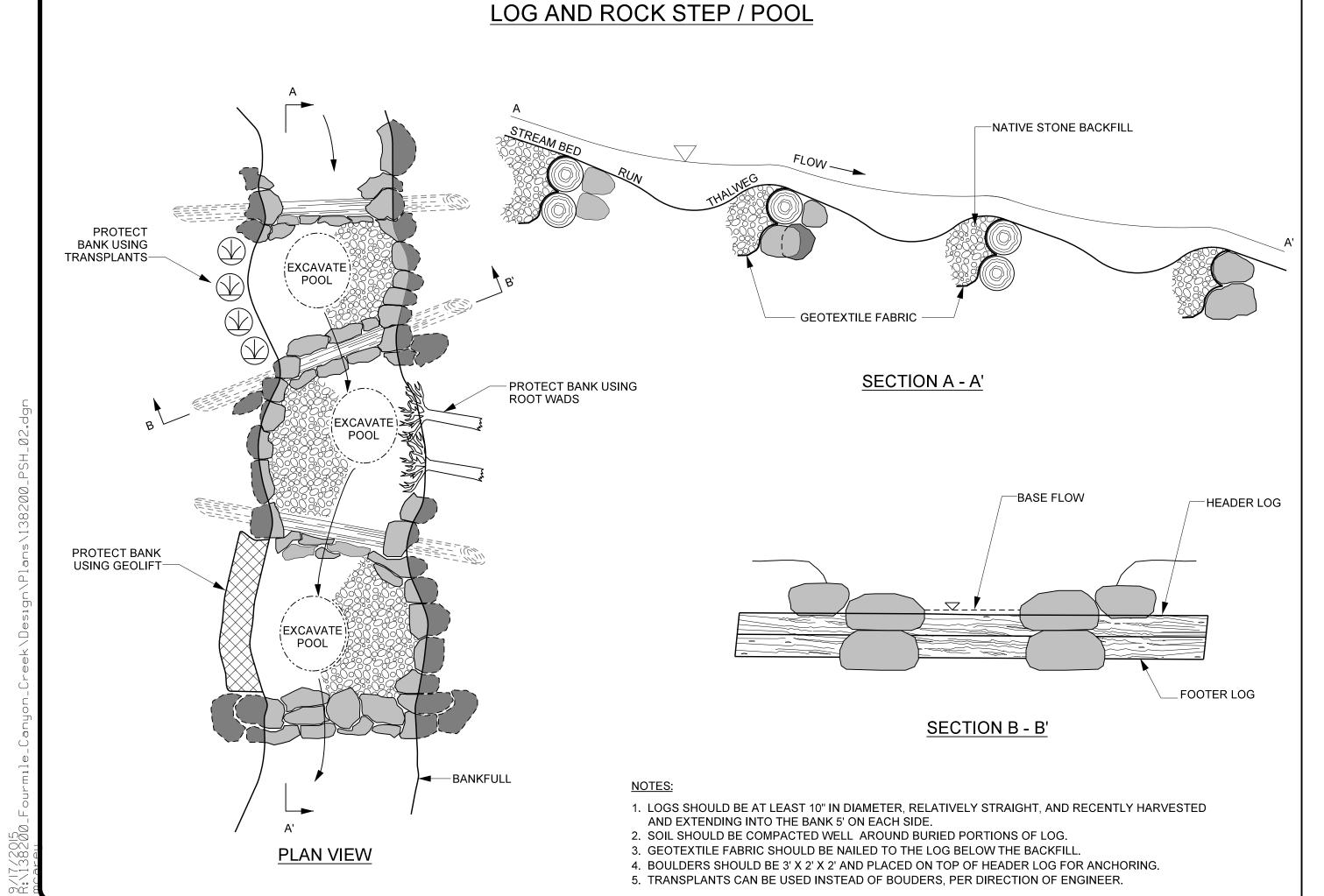
PRELIMINARY PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION

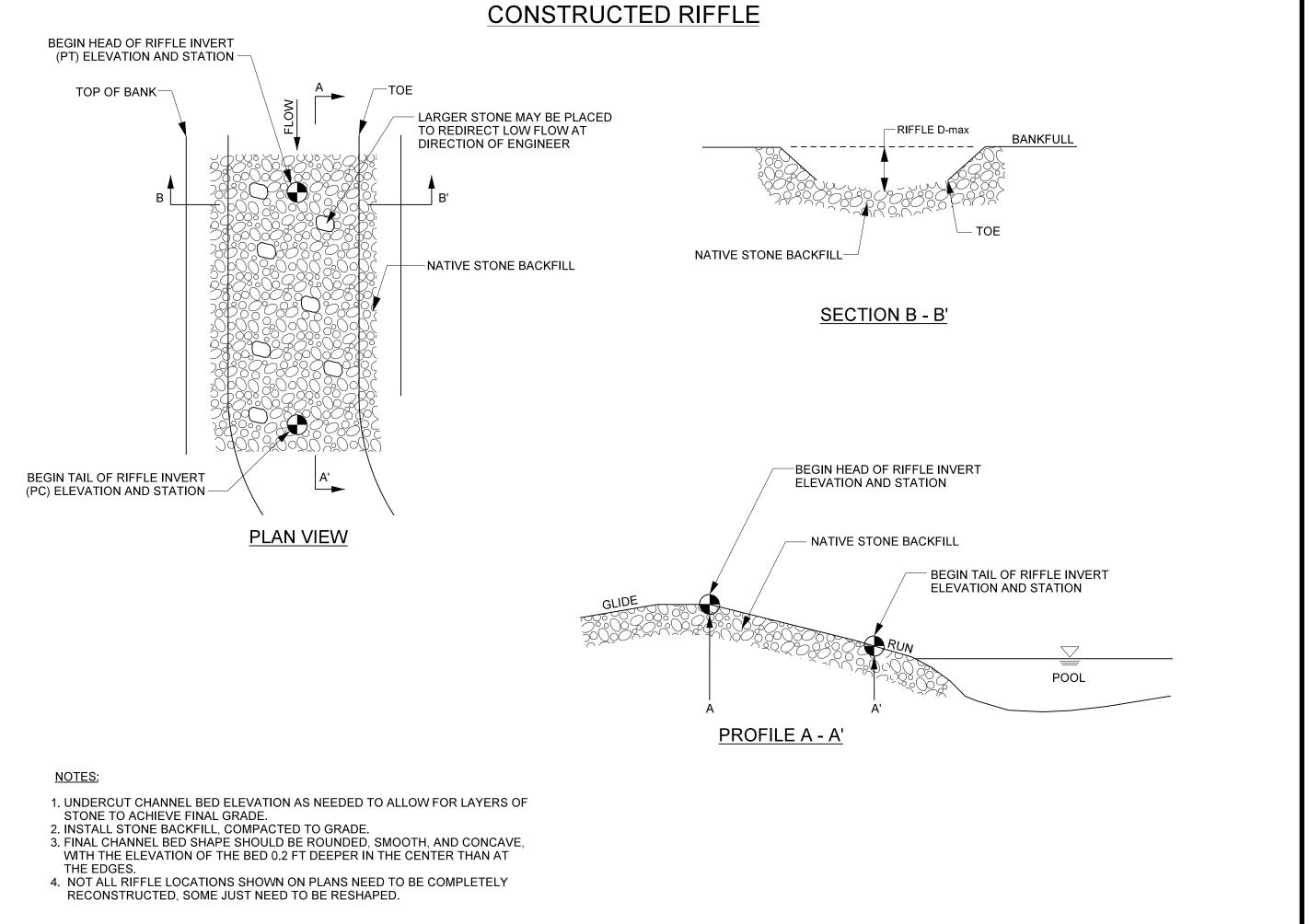
Michael Baker Engineering Inc.
165 South Union Boulevard, Suite 200
Lakewood, COLORADO 80228
Phone: 720.514.1100
INTERNATIONAL Fax: 720.514.1120

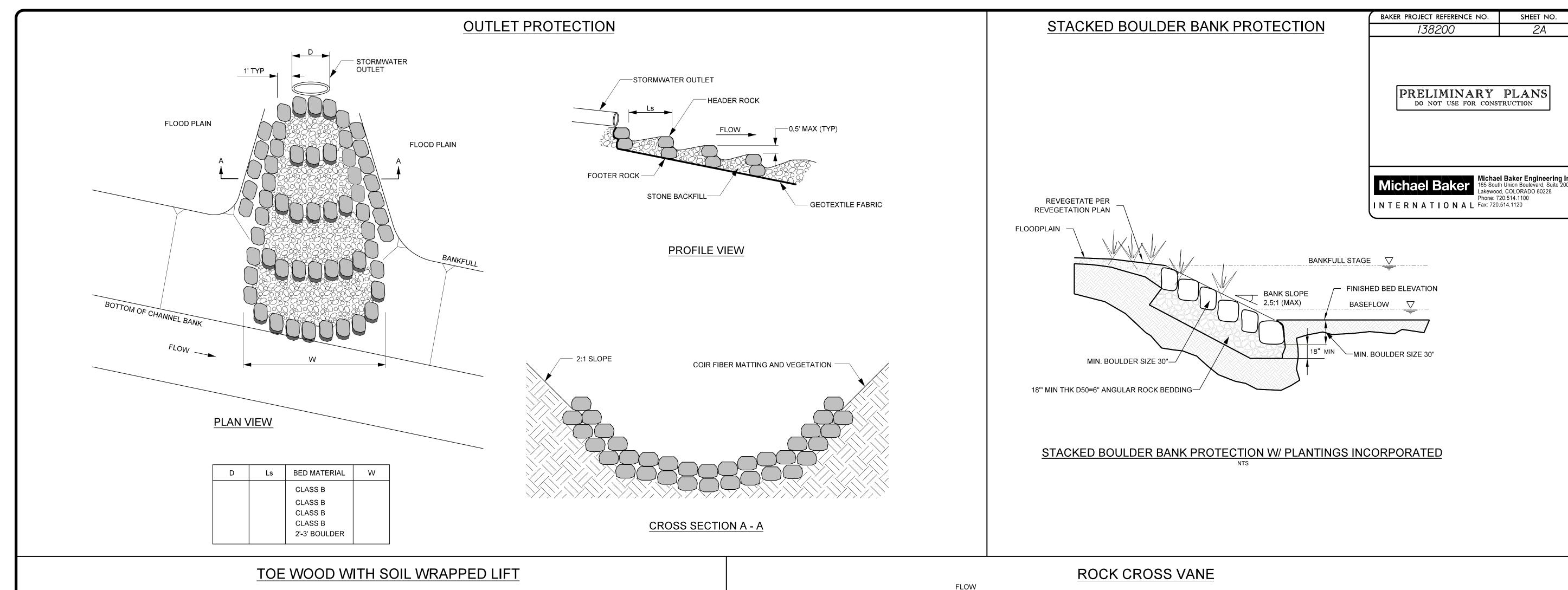
NOTES

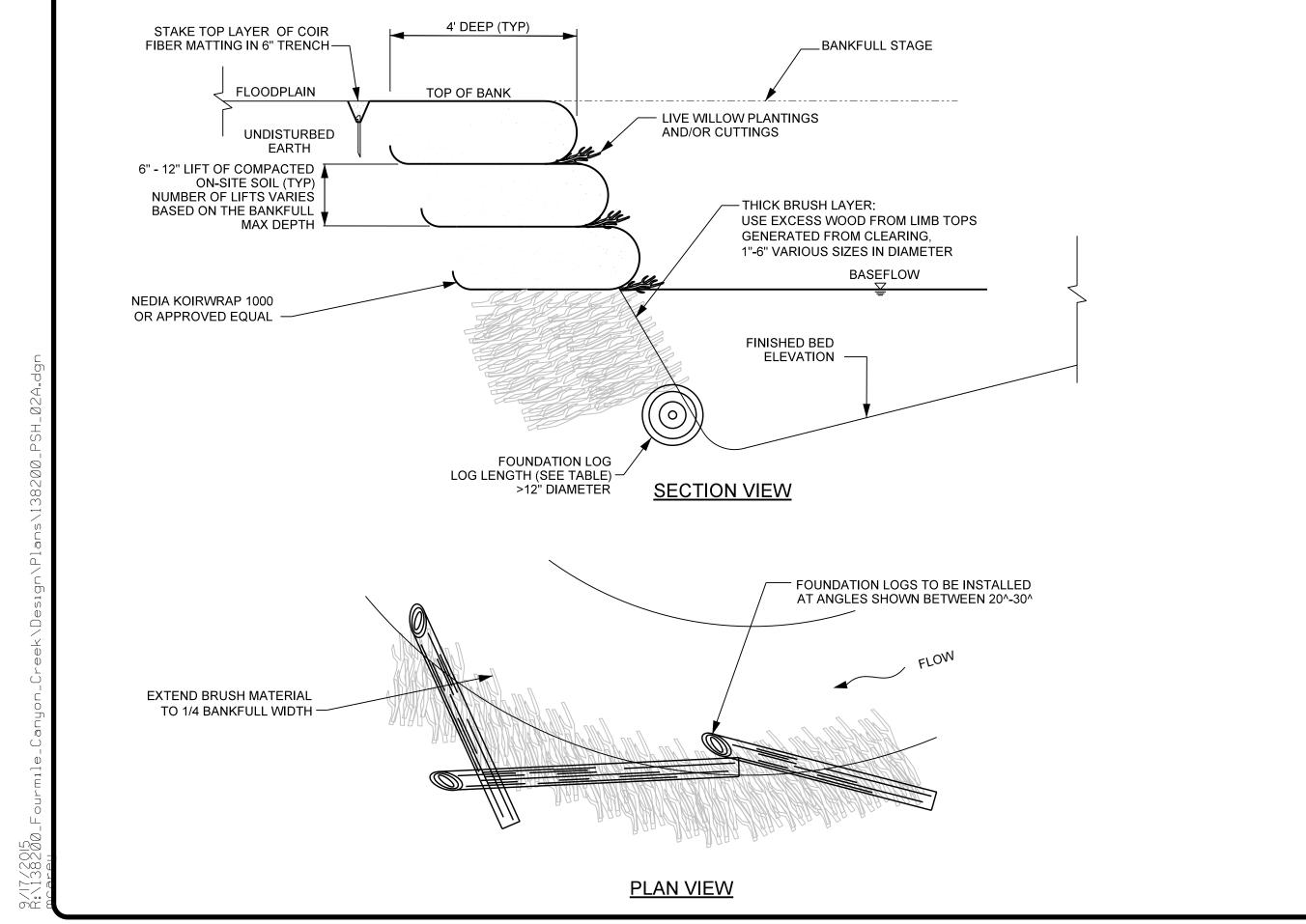


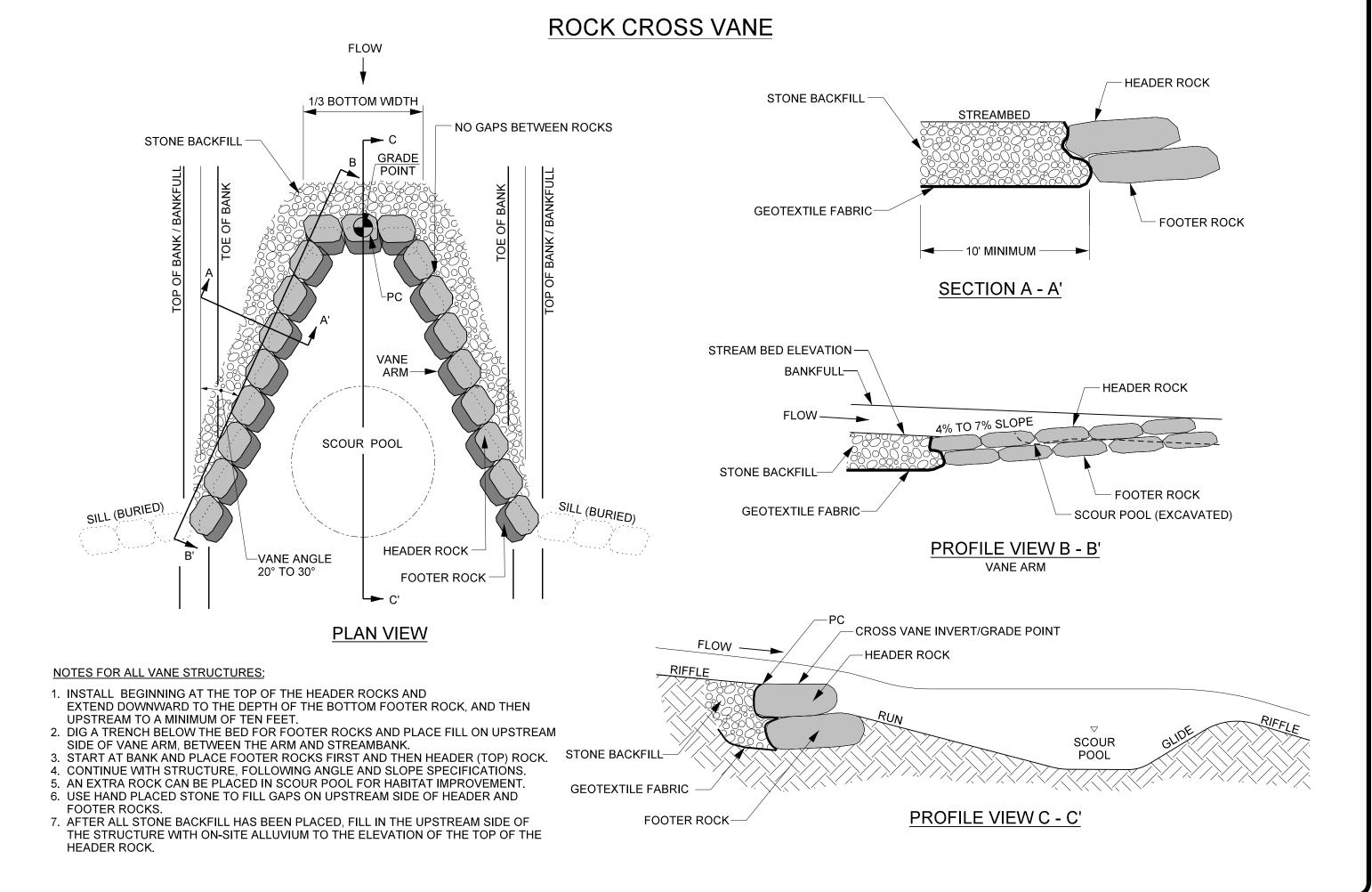






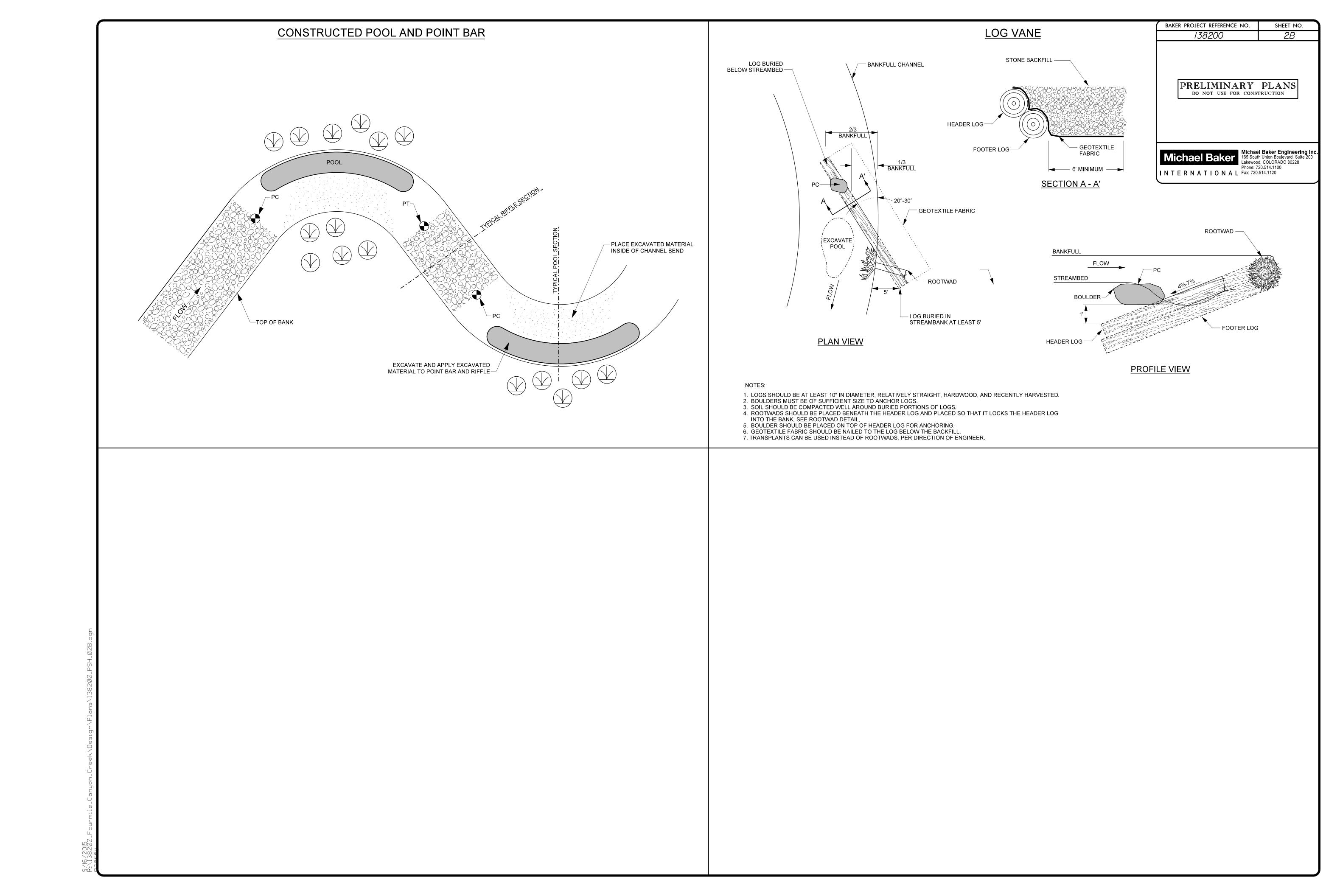


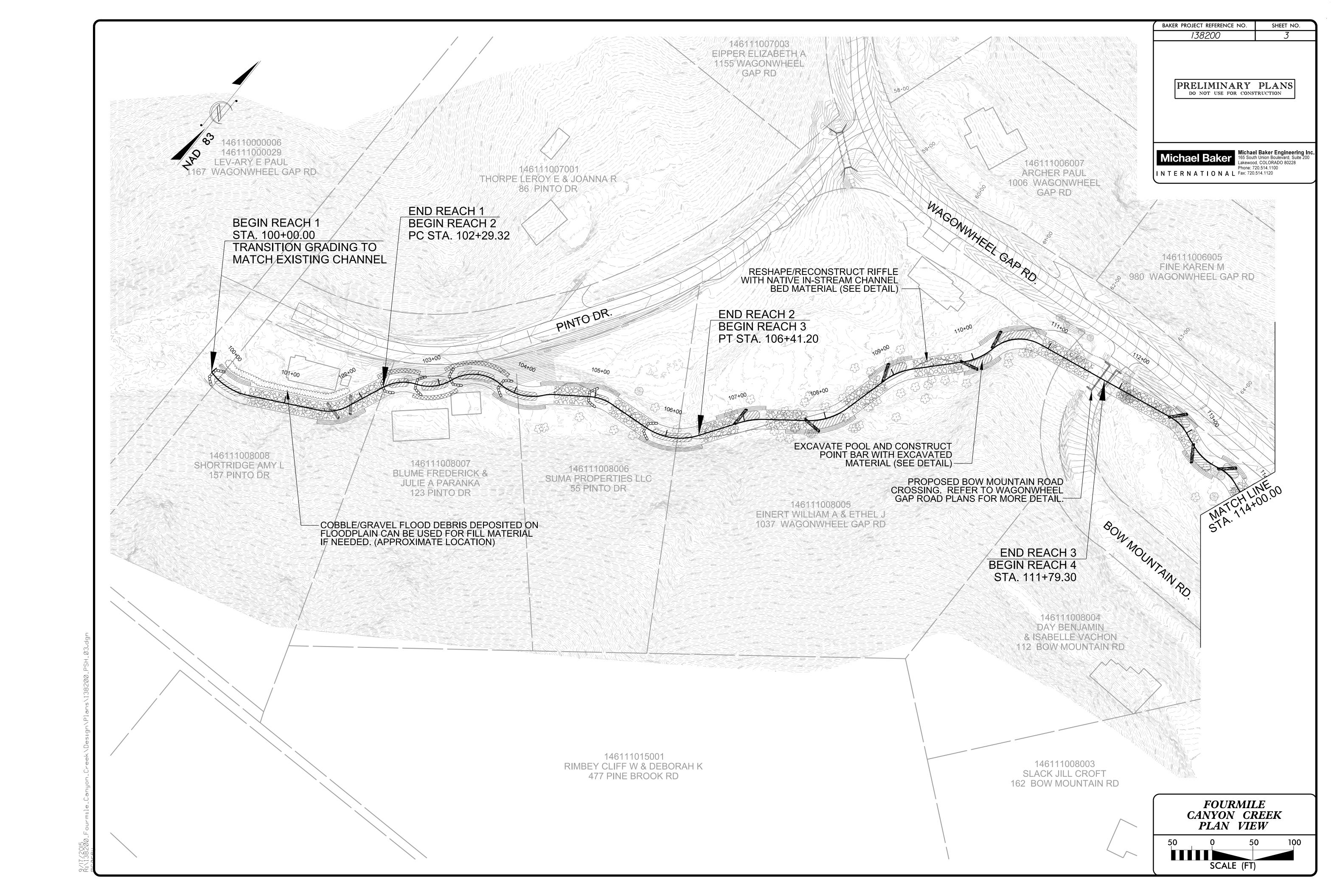


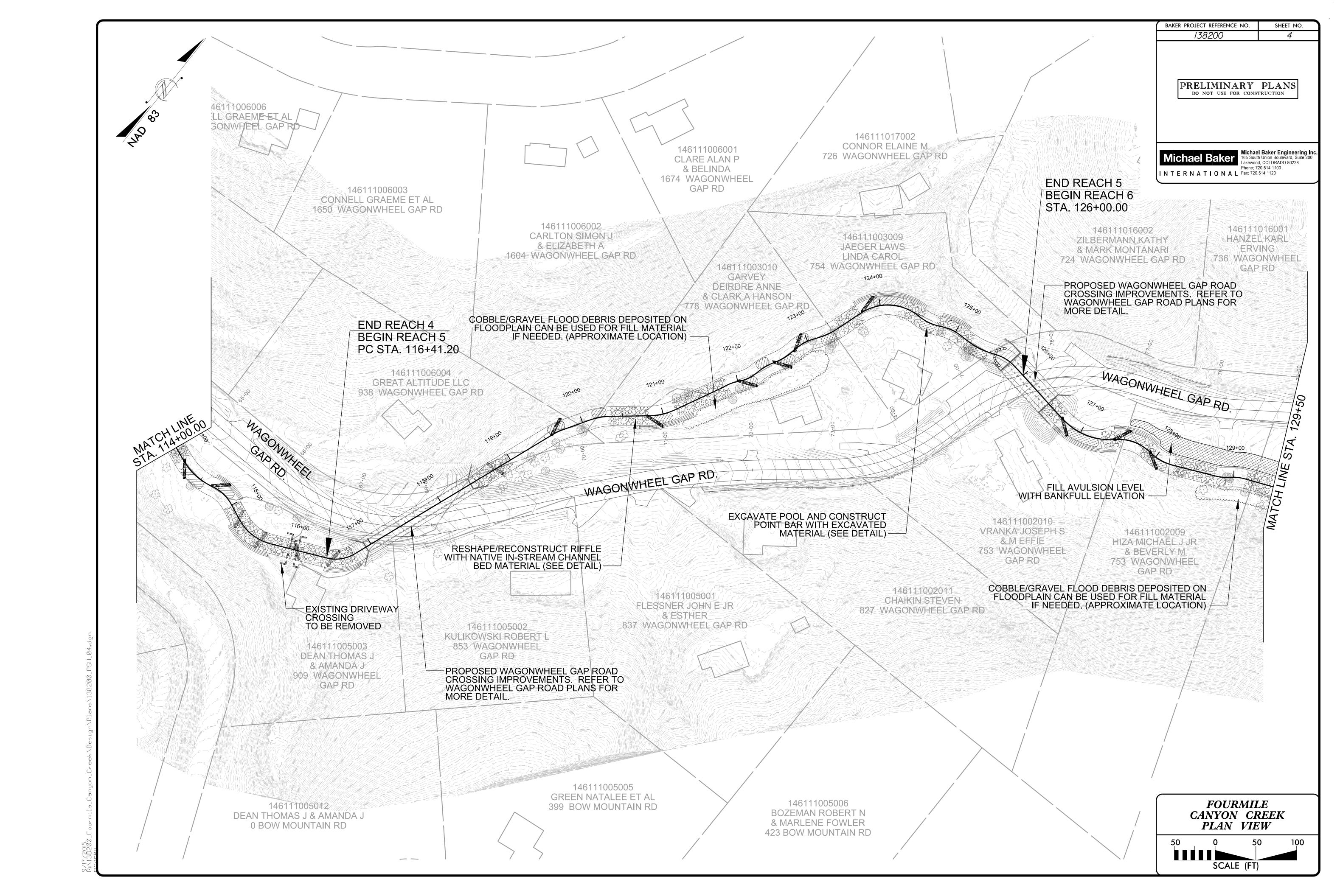


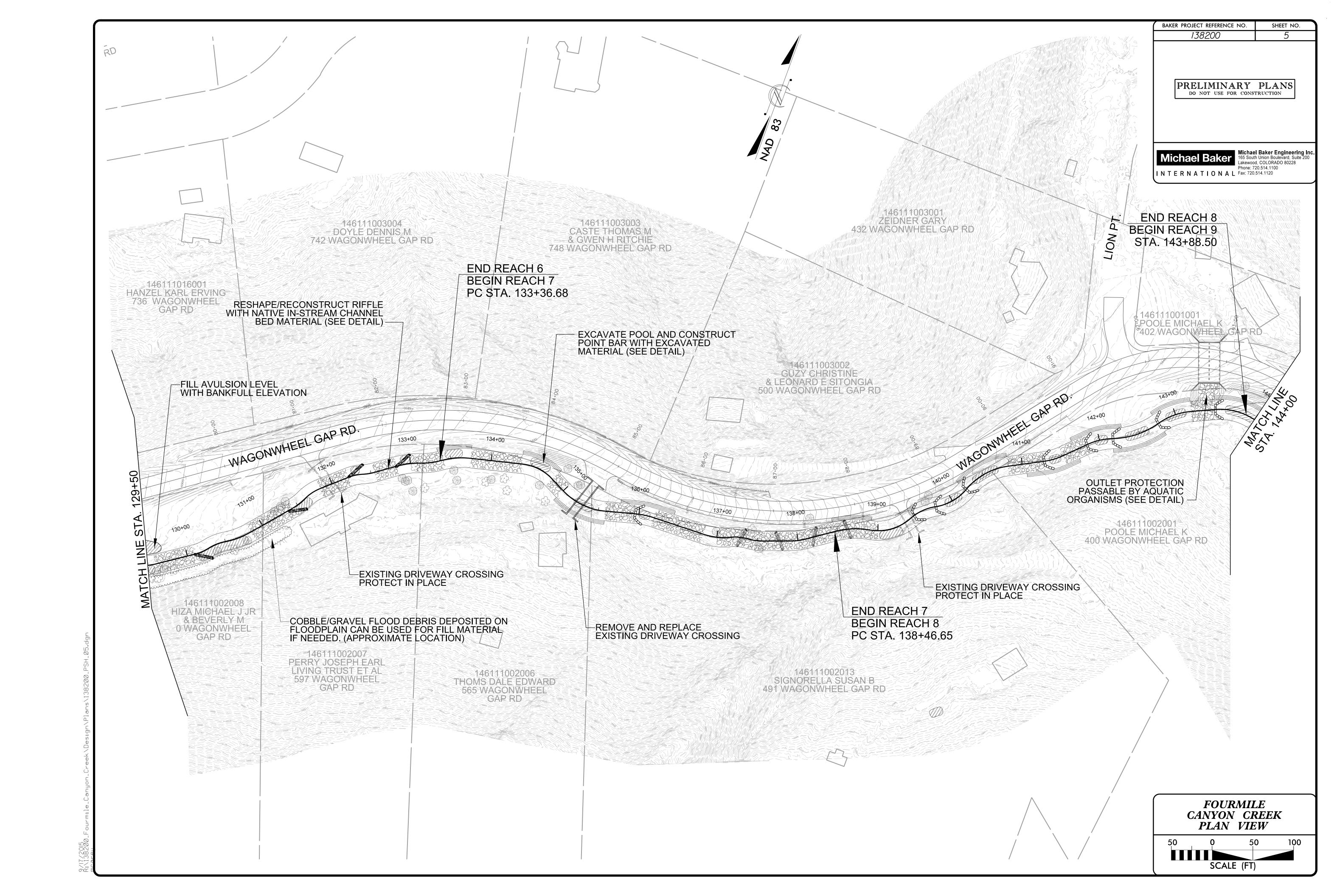
SHEET NO.

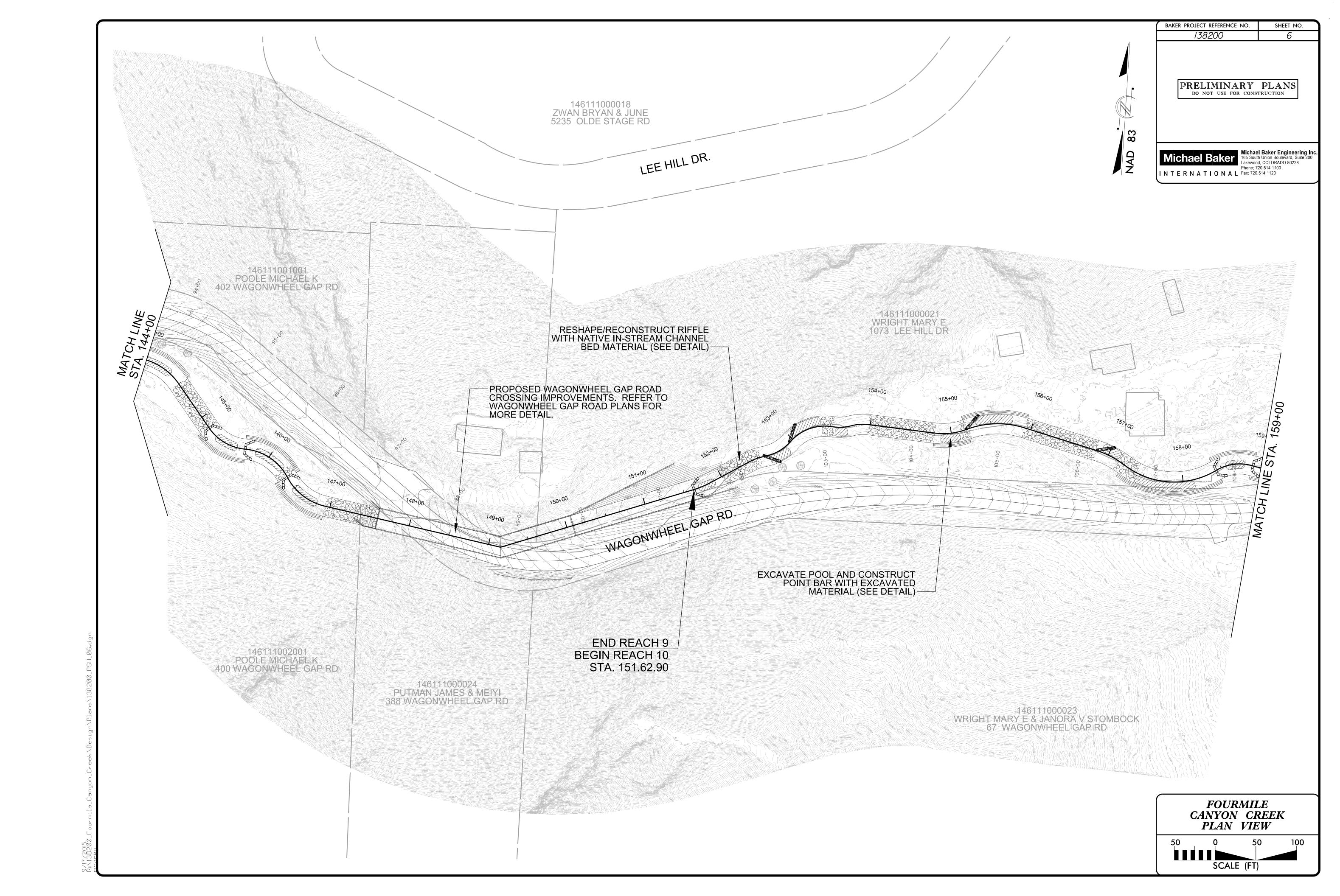
2A

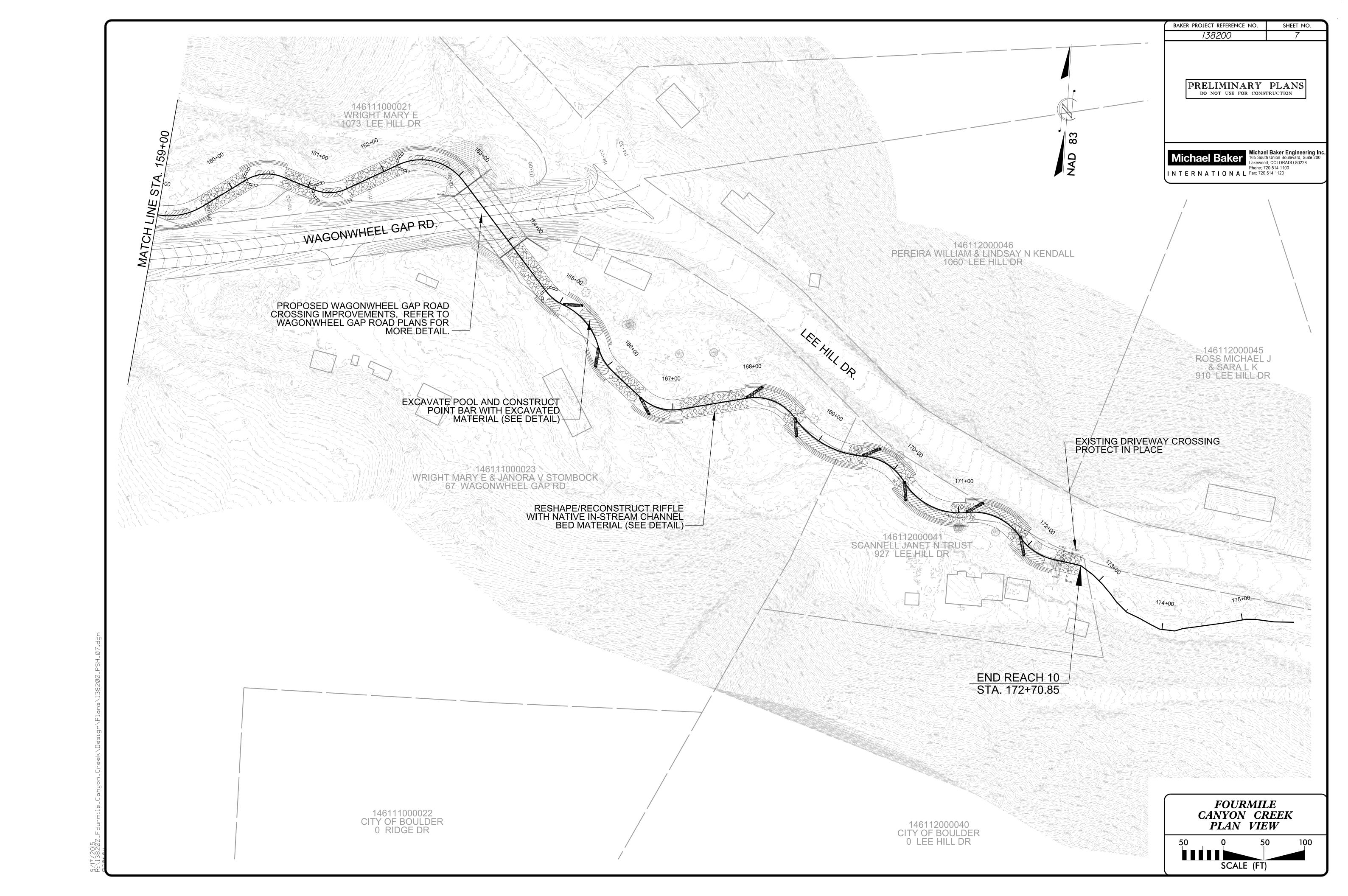


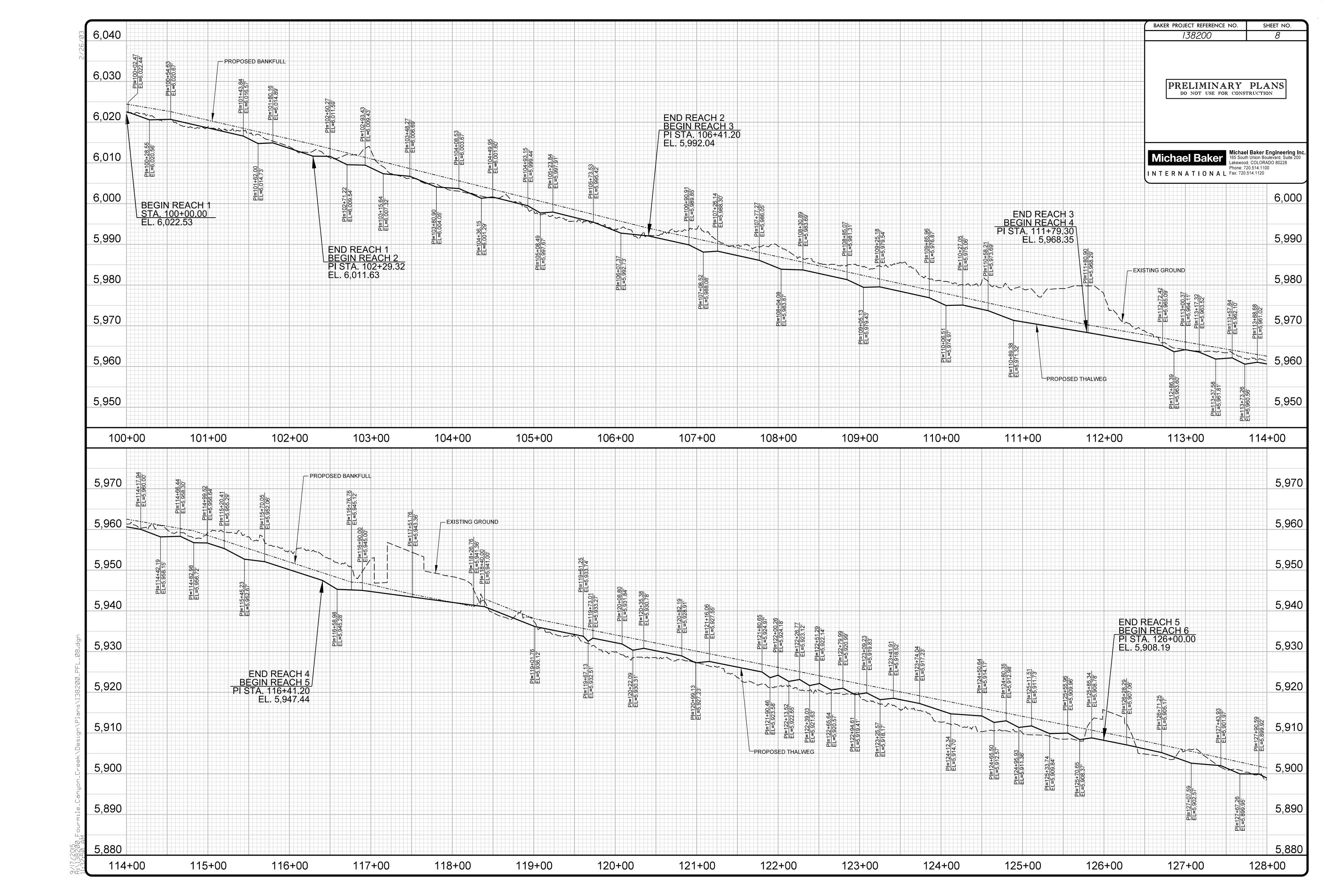


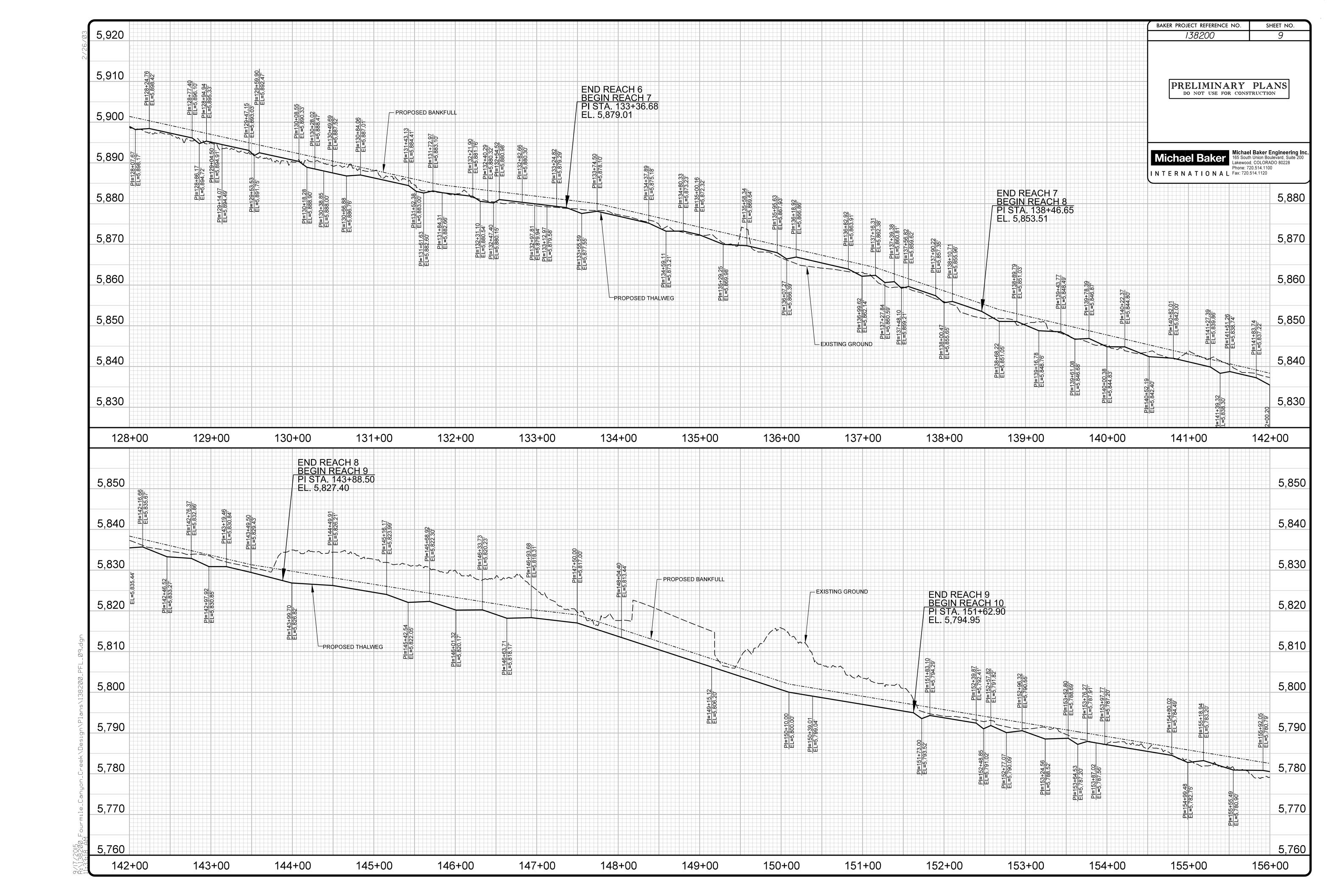


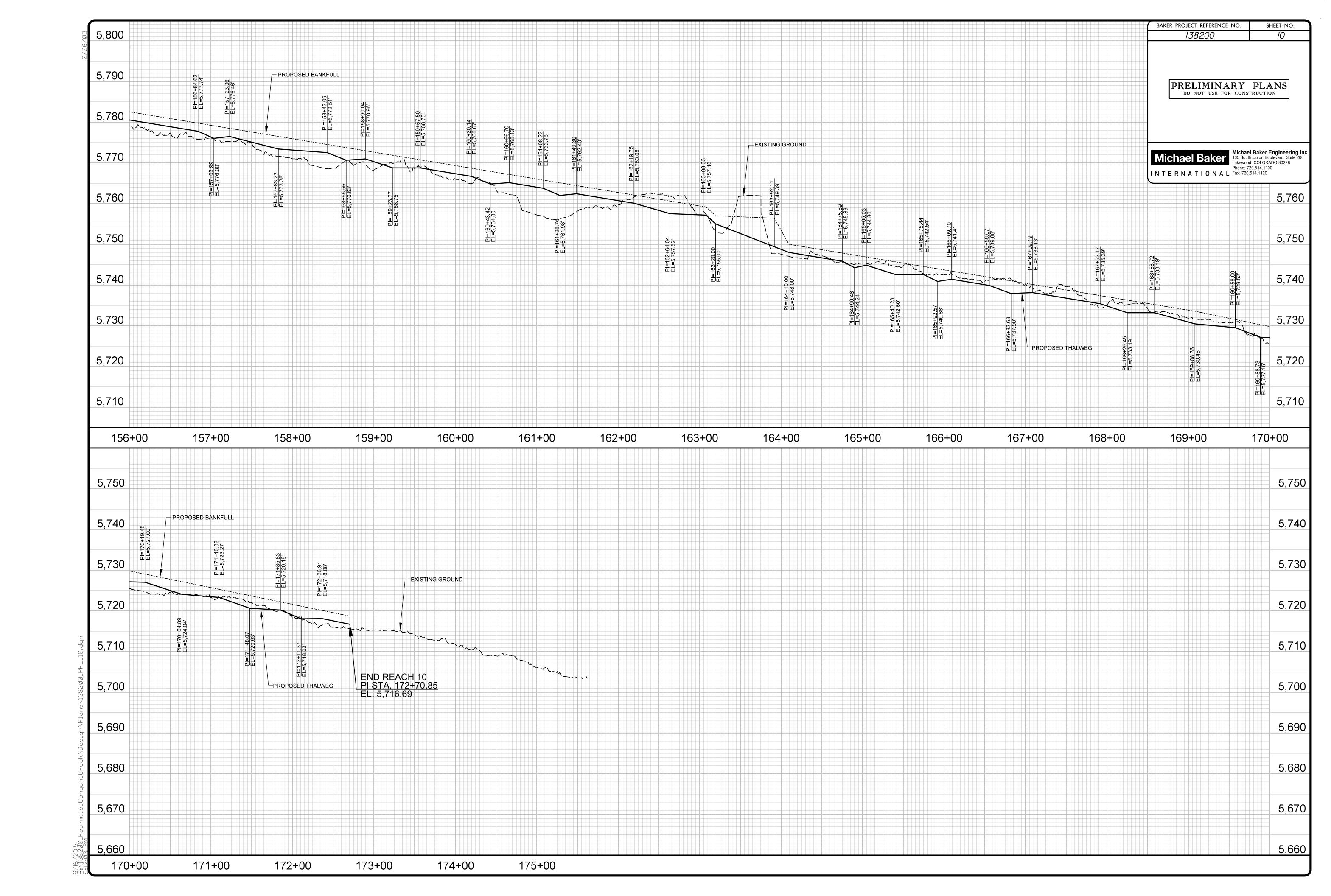


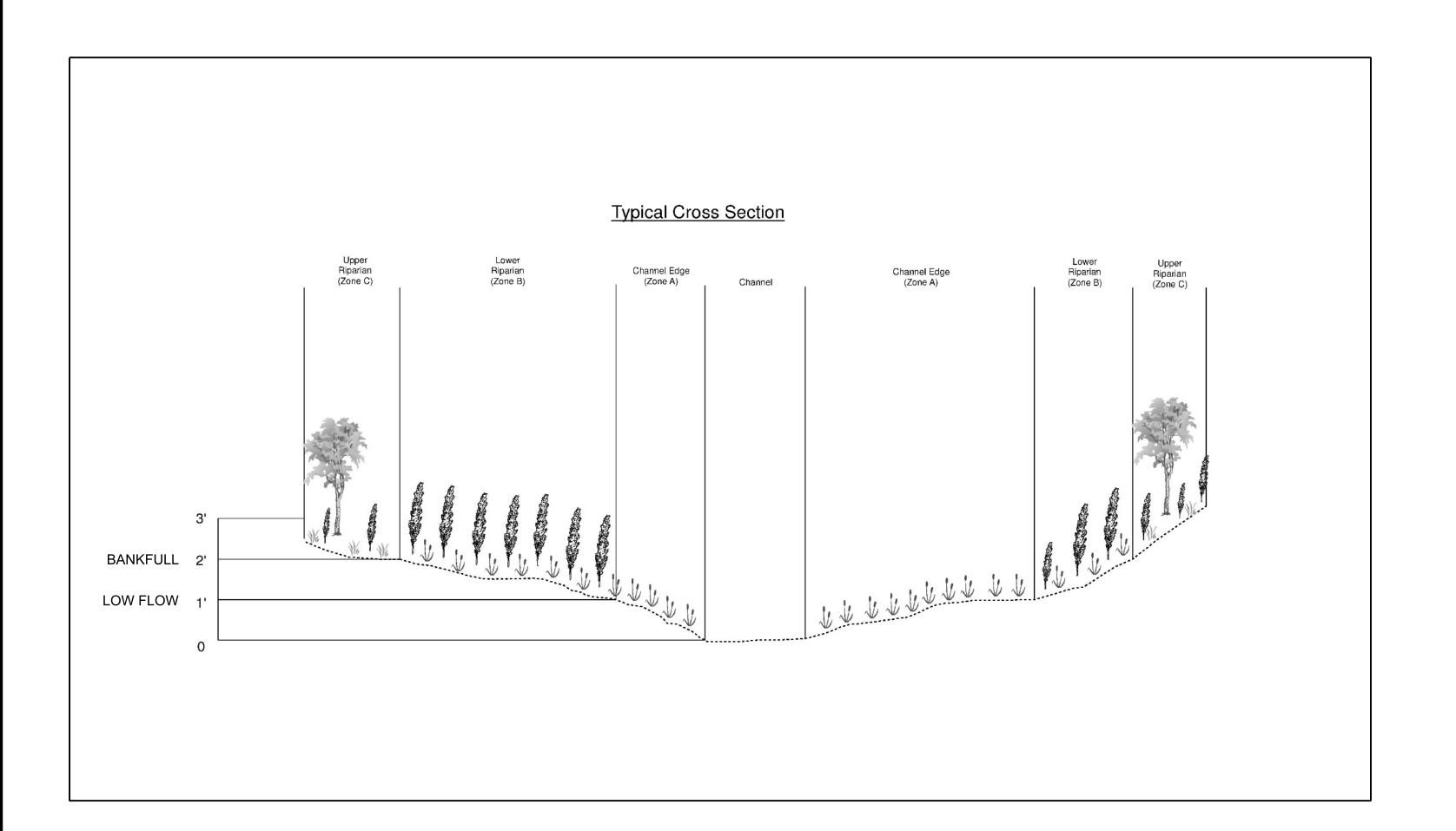












BAKER PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SHEET NO. 138200

PRELIMINARY PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION

Michael Baker Engineering Inc 165 South Union Boulevard, Suite 200 Lakewood, COLORADO 80228

INTERNATIONAL Fax: 720.514.1120

REVEGETATION PLANTING ZONES FOR DESIGN REACHES					
REACH	CHANNEL EDGE ZONE A	LOWER RIPARIAN ZONE B	UPPER RIPARIAN ZONE C	RIPARIAN SEED	
1		Х	Х	Χ	
2		Х	Х	Х	
3		Х	Х	Х	
4	X	Х	Х	Х	
5	X	Х	Х	Х	
6	X	X	Х	X	
7	X	X	Х	X	
8	X	X	Х	X	
9	X	X	Х	X	
10	X	X	Х	X	

X = INDICATES TYPE OF PLANTINGS TO BE APPLIED TO EACH REACH

Table	1:	Plants	Needed	for	Restoratio

Common Name	Scientific Name	Plant Size (cubic inch)	Plants per Acre
Zone A: Channel Edge ²			
Nebraska sedge	Carex nebrascensis	10	882
Emory's sedge	Carex emoryi	10	1,470
Creeping spikerush	Eleocharis palustris	10	882
Baltic rush	Juncus balticus	10	1,470
Red-tinge bulrush	Scirpus microcarpus	10	882
		Total	5,586
Zone B: Lower Riparian ²			
Peachleaf willow	Salix amygdaloides	40	1,000
Peachleaf willow	Salix amygdaloides	3' cutting	500
Narrowleaf willow	Salix exigua	40	2,500
Narrowleaf willow	Salix exigua	3' cutting	500
Dewystem willow	Salix irrorata	40	2,000
Dewystem willow	Salix irrorata	3' cutting	500
		Total	7,000
Zone C: Upper Riparian ³			
Rubber rabbitbrush	Ericameria nauseosus	40	50
Narrowleaf cottonwood	Populus angustifolia	40	500
Plains cottonwood	Populus deltoides	40	500
American plum	Prunus americana	40	75
Chokecherry	Prunus virginiana	40	75
Common snowberry	Symphoricarpos alba	40	75
Golden current	Ribes aureum	40	50
Woods' rose	Rosa woodsii	40	75
		Total	1,400

¹Zone A is 0-1', Zone B is 1-2', and Zone C is 2-2.5' above channel; planting will only occur in discrete pockets based on final grading ²Based on approximately 3-foot centers ³Based on approximately 6-foot centers

Table 2: Riparian Seed Mix¹

Туре	Common Name	Scientific Name	Variety ²	Seeds per Pound ²	Seeds per Square Foot	Pounds of Pure Live Seed/Acre
	Indian ricegrass	Acnatherum hymenoides	Paloma	141,000	3.9	1.2
	Sideoats grama	Bouteloua curtipendula	Butte or Pierre	191,000	5.3	1.2
	Blue grama ³	Bouteloua gracilis³	Birds Eye, Alma, or Lovington	825,000	11.4	0.6
	Slender wheatgrass	Elymus trachycaulus	White River or San Luis	159,000	4.4	1.2
	Idaho fescue ³	Festuca idahoensis³	Winchester	450,000	8.3	0.8
	Fowl mannagrass	Glyceria striata	-	180,000	8.3	2.0
	Needle and thread	Hesperostipa comata	-	115,000	5.3	2.0
sp	Prairie junegrass ³	Koeleria macrantha³	-	2.3 million	5.3	0.1
Graminoids	Baltic rush ³	Juncus balticus³	-	10.9 million	25.0	0.1
Gram	Torrey's rush ³	Juncus torreyi³	-	12.3 million	28.2	0.1
5	Green needlegrass	Nassella viridula	Cucharas or Lodorm	181,000	4.2	1.0
	Western wheatgrass	Pascopyrum smithii	Arriba	110,000	10.1	4.0
	Fowl bluegrass ³	Poa palustris ³	-	3.2 million	7.3	0.1
	Sandberg bluegrass ³	Poa secunda³	Sims Mesa or High Plains	1 million	6.9	0.3
	Bluebunch wheatgrass	Pseudoroegneria spicata	P7	Pound ² Squar 141,000 3.5 191,000 5 825,000 11. 159,000 4. 450,000 8 180,000 5 115,000 5 10.9 million 25. 12.3 million 28. 181,000 10. 3.2 million 7 1 million 6 140,000 6 1, 260,000 6 197,000 4 2.7 million 6 14 million 3 1 million 3 1 million 3 1 million 2 490,000 2 33,000 0	6.4	2.0
	Little bluestem	Schizachyrium scoparium	Pastura, Cimarron, or Camper	260,000	6.0	1.0
	Prairie cordgrass	Spartina pectinata	-	197,000	4.5	1.0
	Common yarrow ³	Achillea millefolium³	-	2.7 million	6.2	0.1
	Rocky Mountain bee plant	Cleome serrulata	-	66,000	3.0	2.0
	Golden tickseed ³	Coreopsis tinctoria³	-	1.4 million	3.2	0.1
Forbs	Blanketflower	Gaillardia aristata	Meriweather	132,000	1.5	0.5
"	Showy goldeneye ³	Heliomeris multiflora ³	-	1 million	2.3	0.1
	Rocky Mountain penstemon	Penstemon strictus	Bandera	490,000	2.2	0.2
	American vetch	Vicia americana	-	33,000	0.8	1.0
Bulk	Rice hulls		-	-	-	2.3
				Total	170.0	25.0

³Bag separately if drill-seeding

US or Canada seed source.

²Sources: NRCS 2015, Granite Seed 2015, Western Native Seed 2015, NSN 2015

All planting zones will be seeded with the Riparian Seed Mix (Table 2). Seeding will only be performed between September 1 and when the ground is frozen, and when the ground is thawed and June 1, unless approved by a qualified ecologist.

- Woody plants (Zones B and C) will be installed in discrete pockets. The exact locations will be based on the final grading and determined after grading is complete.
- Compost (300 cubic yards per acre) will be mixed with native soil in discrete pockets within the restoration areas. Exact locations will be determined by the presence of adequate native soil.
- Compost will have the following characteristics:
- a. pH: 5.5-8.0 b. Moisture content: 35-55 percent
- c. Particle size: pass through 1-inch screen or smaller
- d. Stability: stable to highly stable, providing nutrients for plant growth
- e. Maturity/growth screening: demonstrate ability to enhance plant growth
- f. Soluble salt concentration: 2.5 dS (mmhos/cm) or less preferred
- g. Organic matter content: 30-70 percent o Suggested compost source: A-1 Organic, Eaton, Colorado 970-454-3492 or an approved
- All willow cuttings must be harvested while dormant and planted within 3 to 14 days (after soaking—completely submerged)
- All containerized plants will be inspected by a qualified ecologist prior to planting. Any dead, dying, stressed, or badly "rootbound" plants will be rejected.
- A qualified ecologist will direct and supervise all plantings
- All seed will be hand-broadcast and lightly raked by hand to encourage contact with the soil

- All seeded areas will be mulched with certified weed-free straw and tackified with a cellulosebased tackifier (or hydromulched). No hay mulch will be used on the site.
- No fertilizers will be used on the site
- In an attempt to avoid the continued spreading of noxious weeds, all discrete populations of Colorado List A or B noxious weeds found in or within 100 feet of the restoration area will be sprayed with the appropriate herbicide(s) prior to construction
- All finish grades will be rough (plus or minus 4 inches), and all straight edges and right angles
- No equipment will be allowed in the restoration area after seeding or planting.
- Any trees to be removed for the project will be removed during the non-nesting season for migratory birds (between September 1 and March 31)
- All best management practices (BMPs) used shall be selected, installed, implemented, and maintained according to good engineering, hydrologic and pollution control practices.
- The use of chemicals such as soil stabilizers, dust palliatives, herbicides, growth inhibitors, fertilizers, deicing salts, etc., shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended application rates, frequency, and instructions. These chemicals shall not be used, stored, or stockpiled within 50 horizontal feet of Fourmile Canyon Creek.
- Construction equipment, fuels, lubricants, and other petroleum distillates shall not be stored or stockpiled within 50 horizontal feet of Fourmile Canyon Creek. Equipment fueling and servicing shall occur only within approved designated areas.

FOURMILE CANYON CREEK REVEGETATION PLAN