# **Boulder County** Boulder County Building Code Amendments



Resolution 2015-104: Amendments to Boulder County Building Code Effective January 1, 2016 - December 31, 2016



#### Land Use Department:

Courthouse Annex Building • 2045 13th Street • PO Box 471 • Boulder, CO 80302

#### **Building Safety & Inspection Services:**

Phone: 303-441-3925 • Fax: 303-441-4856 • Email: building\_official@bouldercounty.org • www.bouldercounty.org/lu

Office Hours: Monday – Monday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. | Tuesday 10 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

Building Permits can be applied for and issued until 4 p.m. Plan review services by the Building Safety and Inspection Services Team are unavailable on Tuesdays. Building permits that require a plan review and counter questions will not be accepted on Tuesdays. Over the counter EZBP building permits are available on Tuesdays from 10 a.m.-4:30 p.m.

# ADOPTION OF MODEL CODES BY REFERENCE, WITH DELETIONS AND AMENDMENTS

The following publications shall hereby be adopted as the Boulder County Building Code by reference, with deletions and amendments as indicated.

- 1. 2015 INTERNATIONAL BUILDING CODE (the "IBC"), including specifically Appendix Chapters C, I, J and K;
- 2. 2015 INTERNATIONAL RESIDENTIAL CODE (the "IRC"), including specifically Appendix Chapters E, F, H, R and S;
- 3. 2015 INTERNATIONAL EXISTING BUILDING CODE (the "IEBC");
- 4. 2015 INTERNATIONAL MECHANICAL CODE (the "IMC");
- 5. 2015 INTERNATIONAL PLUMBING CODE (the "IPC");
- 6. 2015 INTERNATIONAL FUEL GAS CODE (the "IFGC");
- 7. CURRENT VERSION ADOPTED BY THE COLORADO STATE ELECTRICAL BOARD OF THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE (the "NEC");
- 8. 2015 INTERNATIONAL ENERGY CONSERVATION CODE (the "IECC");
- 9. 2015 INTERNATIONAL GREEN CONSTRUCTION CODE (the "IgCC");
- **10. 2015 INTERNATIONAL CODE COUNCIL PERFORMANCE CODE (the** "ICCPC"); and the

#### 11. 2015 INTERNATIONAL SWIMMING POOL AND SPA CODE (the "ISPSC");

all, except the NEC, as published by the International Code Council (ICC), 4051 West Flossmoor Road, Country Club Hills, IL 60478-5795; and the NEC, as published by the National Fire Protection Association, One Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02169-7471; with additions, deletions and amendments as follows:

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## Administrative Provisions, Boulder County Building Code



Chapter 1: Administrative provisions of the Boulder County Building Code

<u>Note:</u> The administrative provisions of the first chapters of all of the adopted model codes are combined into one Chapter 1 for the Boulder County Building Code, based upon Chapter 1 of the IBC, except as may be noted under the amendments to Chapter 1 under the individual adopted model codes.

#### BOULDER COUNTY BUILDING CODE CHAPTER 1 SCOPE AND ADMINISTRATION

#### PART 1—SCOPE AND APPLICATION

#### SECTION 101 GENERAL

**101.1 Title.** These regulations shall be known as the *Boulder County Building Code*, hereinafter referred to as "this code."

**101.2 Scope.** The provisions of this code shall apply to the construction, *alteration*, relocation, enlargement, replacement, *repair*, equipment, use and occupancy, location, maintenance, removal, deconstruction and demolition of every building or structure or any appurtenances connected or attached to such buildings or structures.

**Exception:** Detached one- and two-family *dwellings* and multiple single-family *dwellings (townhouses)* not more than three *stories above grade plane* in height with a separate *means of egress*, and their accessory structures not more than three *stories above grade plane* in height, shall comply with the *International Residential Code*.

**101.2.1 Appendices.** Provisions in appendices shall not apply unless specifically adopted.

**101.3 Intent.** The purpose of this code is to establish the minimum requirements to provide a reasonable level of safety, public health and general welfare through structural strength, *means of egress* facilities, stability, sanitation, adequate light and ventilation, energy conservation, and safety to life and property from fire and other hazards attributed to the built environment and to provide a reasonable level of safety to fire fighters and emergency responders during emergency operations.

**101.4 Referenced codes.** The provisions of the *Internation-al Building Code* shall apply to the construction, *alteration*, relocation, enlargement, replacement, *repair*, equipment, use and occupancy, location, maintenance, removal, deconstruction and demolition of every building or structure or any appurtenances connected or attached to such buildings or structures.

The other codes listed in Sections 101.4.1 through 101.4.12 and referenced elsewhere in this code shall be considered part of the requirements of this code to the prescribed extent of each such reference.

**101.4.1 Residential.** The provisions of the *International Residential Code for One- and Two-Family Dwellings* shall apply to the construction, alteration, movement, enlargement, replacement, repair, equipment, use and occupancy, location, removal, deconstruction and demolition of detached one and two family dwellings and multiple single-family dwellings (townhouses) not more than three stories in height with a separate means of egress and their accessory structures as defined in IRC Section R 202.

**101.4.2 Gas.** The provisions of the *International Fuel Gas Code* shall apply to the installation of gas piping from the point of delivery, gas appliances and related accessories as covered in this code. These requirements apply to gas piping systems extending from the point of delivery to the inlet connections of appliances and the installation and operation of residential and commercial gas appliances and related accessories.

**101.4.3 Mechanical.** The provisions of the *International Mechanical Code* shall apply to the installation, *alterations, repairs* and replacement of mechanical systems, including equipment, appliances, fixtures, fittings and/or appurtenances, including ventilating, heating, cooling, air-conditioning and refrigeration systems, incinerators and other energy-related systems.

**101.4.4 Plumbing.** The provisions of the *International Plumbing Code* shall apply to the installation, *alteration, repair* and replacement of plumbing systems, including equipment, appliances, fixtures, fittings and appurtenances, and where connected to a water or sewage system and all aspects of a medical gas system.

**101.4.5 Property maintenance.** The *International Property Maintenance Code* is not adopted.

101.4.6 Fire prevention. The International Fire Code is not adopted, but may be utilized to the extent that it is referenced in other codes and may be adopted by county fire protection districts in accordance with C.R.S. § 32-1-1002(1)(d). The provisions of the International Fire Code shall apply to matters affecting or relating to structures, processes and premises from the hazard of fire and explosion arising from the storage, handling or use of structures, materials or devices; from conditions hazardous to life, property or public welfare in the occupancy of structures or premises; and from the construction, extension, repair, alteration or removal of fire suppression, automatic sprinkler systems and alarm systems or fire hazards in the structure or on the premises from occupancy or operation.

**101.4.7 Energy.** The provisions of the *International Energy Conservation Code* shall apply to all matters governing the design and construction of buildings for energy efficiency.

Exception: Buildings subject to the Inter-

national Residential Code shall comply with the amended Chapter 11 of the International Residential Code, the Boulder County BuildSmart Code.

**101.4.8 Existing buildings.** The provisions of the *International Existing Building Code* shall apply to matters governing the *repair*, *alteration*, change of occupancy, *addition* to and relocation of existing buildings.

**101.4.9 Electrical.** The provisions of the *National Electrical Code*, as adopted by the Colorado State Electrical Board, shall apply to the installation, *alterations, repairs* and replacement of electrical systems, including the installation of electrical conductors, equipment, and raceways; signaling and communications conductors, equipment and raceways; and optical fiber cables and raceways. The administrative provisions of IBC Appendix Chapter K shall apply to electrical systems and equipment.

**101.4.10 Green construction.** The provisions of the *International Green Construction Code* shall apply to the design, construction, addition, alteration, change of occupancy, relocation, replacement, repair, equipment, building site, maintenance, removal and demolition of every building or structure or any appurtenances connected or attached to such buildings or structures and to the site on which the building is located for new buildings or complexes of buildings on the same property with 25,000 square feet or greater in total building floor area and additions and alterations to existing buildings that were constructed under the *International Green Construction Code*.

**101.4.11. Performance.** The provisions of the *International Code Council Performance Code* shall apply only for use as a guide and a tool to evaluate proposals for modifications and for alternate materials, design and methods of construction and equipment in accordance with Sections 104.10 and 104.11, respectively, of the IBC, IRC and IEBC, and other modifications and alternate materials, methods and equipment provisions, as applicable, of the other adopted codes.

**101.4.12.** Swimming pools and spas. The provisions of the *International Swimming Pool and Spa Code* shall apply to the construction, alteration, movement, renovation, replacement, repair and maintenance or use of aquatic recreation facilities, pools and spas.

#### SECTION 102 APPLICABILITY

**102.1 General.** Where there is a conflict between a general requirement and a specific requirement, the specific requirement shall be applicable. Where, in any specific case, different sections of this code specify different materials, methods of construction or other requirements, the most restrictive shall govern.

**102.2 Other laws.** The provisions of this code shall not be deemed to nullify any provisions of local, state or federal law.

<u>Note:</u> There are hundreds of floodplain requirements interwoven into the International Codes. Boulder County's floodplain requirements are located in Section 4-400 of the Boulder County Land Use Code and are administered by the Boulder County Transportation Department. Add a section to deal with any conflicts between the two and make it clear that, where conflicts exist, the county's floodplain requirements apply.

> **102.2.1 Flood hazard areas.** Where conflicts occur between any provisions of this code and Section 4-400 of the Boulder County Land Use Code, "Floodplain Overlay District," the provisions of Section 4-400 of the Boulder County Land Use Code shall apply.

**102.3 Application of references.** References to chapter or section numbers, or to provisions not specifically identified by number, shall be construed to refer to such chapter, section or provision of this code.

**102.4 Referenced codes and standards.** The codes and standards referenced in this code shall be considered part of the requirements of this code to the prescribed extent of each such reference and as further regulated in Sections 102.4.1 and 102.4.2.

**102.4.1 Conflicts.** Where conflicts occur between provisions of this code and referenced codes and standards, the provisions of this code shall apply.

**102.4.2 Provisions in referenced codes and standards.** Where the extent of the reference to a referenced code or standard includes subject matter that is within the scope of this code or the International Codes listed in Section 101.4, the provisions of this code or the International Codes listed in Section 101.4, as applicable, shall take

precedence over the provisions in the referenced code or standard.

**102.5 Partial invalidity.** In the event that any part or provision of this code is held to be illegal or void, this shall not have the effect of making void or illegal any of the other parts or provisions.

**102.6 Existing structures.** The legal occupancy of any structure existing on the date of adoption of this code shall be permitted to continue without change, except as otherwise specifically provided in this code, the *International Existing Building Code* or the *International Fire Code*.

**102.6.1 Buildings not previously occupied.** A building or portion of a building that has not been previously occupied or used for its intended purpose in accordance with the laws in existence at the time of its completion shall comply with the provisions of the *International Building Code* or *International Residential Code*, as applicable, for new construction or with any current permit for such occupancy.

**102.6.2 Buildings previously occupied.** The legal occupancy of any building existing on the date of adoption of this code shall be permitted to continue without change, except as otherwise specifically provided in this code; or the *International Fire Code* or as is deemed necessary by the *building of-ficial* for the general safety and welfare of the occupants and the public.

#### PART 2—ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

#### SECTION 103 DIVISION OF BUILDING SAFETY & INSPECTION SERVICES

**103.1** Creation of enforcement agency. The Building Safety and Inspection Services Division is created and the official in charge shall be known as the *building official*.

**103.2 Appointment.** The *building official* shall be appointed by the chief appointing authority of the jurisdiction.

**103.3 Deputies.** In accordance with the prescribed procedures of this jurisdiction and with the concurrence of the appointing authority, the *building official* shall have the authority to appoint a deputy building official, the related technical officers, inspectors, plan examiners and other employees. Such employees shall have powers as delegated by the *building official*.

#### SECTION 104 DUTIES AND POWERS OF BUILDING OFFICIAL

**104.1 General.** The *building official* is hereby authorized and directed to enforce the provisions of this code. The *building official* shall have the authority to render interpretations of this code and to adopt policies and procedures in order to clarify the application of its provisions. Such interpretations, policies and procedures shall be in compliance with the intent and purpose of this code. Such policies and procedures shall not have the effect of waiving requirements specifically provided for in this code.

**104.2** Applications and permits. The *building official* shall receive applications, review *construction documents* and issue *permits* for the erection, and *alteration*, demolition and moving of buildings and structures, inspect the premises for which such *permits* have been issued and enforce compliance with the provisions of this code.

**104.2.1 Determination of substantially improved or substantially damaged existing buildings and structures in flood hazard areas.** For applications for reconstruction, rehabilitation, *repair*, *alteration*, *addition* or other improvement of existing buildings or structures located in *flood hazard areas*, the *building official* shall determine if the proposed work constitutes substantial improvement or *repair* of *substantial damage*. Where the *building official* determines that the proposed work constitutes *substantial improvement* or *repair* of *substantial damage*, and where required by this code, the *building official* shall require the building to meet the requirements of IBC Section 1612 or IRC Section R322, as applicable.

**104.3 Notices and orders.** The *building official* shall issue necessary notices or orders to ensure compliance with this code.

**104.4 Inspections.** The *building official* shall make the required inspections, or the *building official* shall have the authority to accept reports of inspection by *approved agencies* or individuals. Reports of such inspections shall be in writing and be certified by a responsible officer of such *approved agency* or by the responsible individual. The *building official* is authorized to engage such expert opinion as deemed necessary to report upon unusual technical issues that arise, subject to the approval of the appointing authority.

**104.5 Identification.** The *building official* shall carry proper identification when inspecting structures or premises in

the performance of duties under this code.

104.6 Right of Entry. When the building official or his authorized representative has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of this code is likely to exist in a structure or upon a premises and that entry into the structure or upon the premises is necessary to verify the violation, the building official or his authorized representative shall first make a reasonable effort to locate the owner or other person having charge or control of the structure or premises, or portion thereof desired to be inspected, and request consent to enter and inspect. If such person cannot be located or if entry is refused, the building official or his authorized representative may seek entry by submitting a sworn affidavit to the proper court of jurisdiction, setting forth facts sufficient to support a reasonable belief that the violation is likely to exist, and that further investigation of the structure or premises is warranted. Any subsequent entry and inspection shall be conducted in accordance with an administrative search warrant if issued by the court. The foregoing provisions of this subsection notwithstanding, consent to enter or an administrative search warrant shall not be required in the following circumstances:

- 1. To conduct inspections during regular county business hours under an applied for or issued building permit, for work authorized under that permit prior to the issuance of a final Certificate of Occupancy.
- 2. To make observations of the structure or premises in plain view from public property or from portions of the structure or premises which are open or accessible to the public, or in which the owner or occupant otherwise lacks a reasonable expectation of privacy.
- **3.** In emergency situations in which the building official or his authorized representative has reason to believe that the public health or safety is in imminent danger and could be jeopardized by any delay in securing entry.

**104.7 Department records.** The *building official* shall keep official records of applications received, *permits* and certificates issued, fees collected, reports of inspections, and notices and orders issued. Such records shall be retained in the official records for the period required for retention of public records.

**104.8 Liability.** This code shall not be construed to relieve or lessen the responsibility of any person owning, operating or controlling any building or structure in the unincorporated area of Boulder County for any damages or injuries to persons or property caused in whole or in part by defects or other conditions which may be subject to inspection or regulation under this code. Neither Boulder County, the Boulder County Board of County Commissioners, the Boulder County Land Use Department or any division thereof, the building official, or any other employee or authorized representative of Boulder County who is charged or connected with the enforcement of this code, shall be liable in damages for any act or omission in the course or context of the discharge of duties under this code or any provisions related to it, and nothing in this code or in its administration or enforcement shall be considered in any way to be a waiver by Boulder County or any of its officials or employees of the protection to which they are entitled under the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, C.R.S. §24-10-101, et seq., as amended. Any claim or suit brought against the building official or any other employee or authorized representative of Boulder County which is alleged to have arisen out of or as a result of any act or omission in the enforcement of any provision of this code, and which occurred within the scope of employment of such official, employee or representative, shall be defended by Boulder County until final termination of such proceedings, and any judgment resulting there from shall be assumed by Boulder County.

**104.9** Approved materials and equipment. Materials, equipment and devices *approved* by the *building official* shall be constructed and installed in accordance with such approval.

**104.9.1 Used materials and equipment.** The use of used materials that meet the requirements of this code for new materials is permitted. Used equipment and devices shall not be reused unless *approved* by the *building official*.

**104.10 Modifications.** Where there are practical difficulties involved in carrying out the provisions of this code, the *building official* shall have the authority to grant modifications for individual cases, upon application of the *owner* or the owner's authorized agent, provided that the *building official* shall first find that special individual reason makes the strict letter of this code impractical, the modification is in compliance with the intent and purpose of this code and that such modification does not lessen health, *accessibility*, life and fire safety or structural requirements. The details of action granting modifications shall be recorded and entered in the files of the department of building safety.

**104.10.1 Flood hazard areas.** The *building official* shall not grant modifications to any provision required in *flood hazard areas* as established by IBC Section 1612.3 or IRC Section R322 unless a determination has been made that:

- 1. A showing of good and sufficient cause that the unique characteristics of the size, configuration or topography of the site render the elevation standards of this code inappropriate.
- **2.** A determination that failure to grant the variance would result in exceptional hardship by rendering the lot undevelopable.
- **3.** A determination that the granting of a variance will not result in increased flood heights, additional threats to public safety, extraordinary public expense, cause fraud on or victimization of the public, or conflict with existing laws or ordinances.
- 4. A determination that the variance is the minimum necessary to afford relief, considering the flood hazard.
- 5. Submission to the applicant of written notice specifying the difference between the *design flood elevation* and the elevation to which the building is to be built, stating that the cost of flood insurance will be commensurate with the increased risk resulting from the reduced floor elevation, and stating that construction below the *design flood elevation* increases risks to life and property.

See also Section 102.2.1 of this chapter.

**104.10.2 Performance code.** The provisions of the *ICC Performance Code for Buildings and Facilities* may be used by the *building official* as a guide and a tool to evaluate proposals for modifications.

104.11 Alternative materials, design and methods of construction and equipment. The provisions of this code are not intended to prevent the installation of any material or to prohibit any design or method of construction not specifically prescribed by this code, provided that any such alternative has been approved. An alternative material, design or method of construction shall be *approved* where the *building official* finds that the proposed design is satisfactory and complies with the intent of the provisions of this code, and that the material, method or work offered is, for the purpose intended, not less than the equivalent of that prescribed in this code in quality, strength, effectiveness, fire resistance, durability and safety. Where the alternative material, design or method of construction is not approved, the building official shall respond in writing, stating the reasons why the alternative was not approved.

104.11.1 Research reports. Supporting data,

where necessary to assist in the approval of materials or assemblies not specifically provided for in this code, shall consist of valid research reports from *approved* sources.

**104.11.2 Tests.** Whenever there is insufficient evidence of compliance with the provisions of this code, or evidence that a material or method does not conform to the requirements of this code, or in order to substantiate claims for alternative materials or methods, the *building official* shall have the authority to require tests as evidence of compliance to be made at no expense to the jurisdiction.

**104.11.3 Performance code.** The provisions of the ICC Performance Code for Buildings and Facilities may be used by the building official as a guide and a tool to evaluate proposals for alternative materials, design and methods of construction and equipment.

#### SECTION 105 PERMITS

**105.1 Required.** Any *owner* or owner's authorized agent who intends to construct, enlarge, alter, *repair*, move, demolish or change the occupancy of a building or structure, or to erect, install, enlarge, alter, *repair*, remove, convert or replace any electrical, gas, mechanical or plumbing system, the installation of which is regulated by this code, or to cause any such work to be performed, shall first make application to the *building official* and obtain the required *permit*.

**105.1.1 Annual permit.** Instead of an individual *permit* for each *alteration* to an already *approved* electrical, gas, mechanical or plumbing installation, the *building official* is authorized to issue an annual *permit* upon application therefor to any person, firm or corporation regularly employing one or more qualified tradepersons in the building, structure or on the premises owned or operated by the applicant for the *permit*.

**105.1.2 Annual permit records.** The person to whom an annual *permit* is issued shall keep a detailed record of *alterations* made under such annual *permit*. The *building official* shall have access to such records at all times or such records shall be filed with the *building official* as designated.

**105.2 Work exempt from permit.** Exemptions from *permit* requirements of this code shall not be deemed to grant

authorization for any work to be done in any manner in violation of the provisions of this code or any other laws or ordinances of this jurisdiction. *Permits* shall not be required for the following:

#### **Building:**

- One-story detached accessory structures used as a storage shed, playhouse for private use, greenhouse, chicken coop, agricultural loafing shed, or similar uses, provided:
  - a. the floor area of any structure does not exceed 120 square feet (11 m2), except agricultural loafing sheds, which may not exceed 200 square feet.
  - **b.** the structure height does not exceed 12 feet,
  - c. the structure does not have any utilities, and
  - **d.** the structure does not violate the conditions of any existing land use approval or conservation easement.
  - e. The number of allowed detached accessory structures which may be constructed without a building permit shall be determined by the size of the subject parcel:
    - i. One detached accessory structure may be constructed without a building permit on parcels 0.5 acres or less in size.
    - ii. Two detached accessory structures may be constructed without a building permit on parcels greater than 0.5 acre and less than ten acres.
    - iii. Three detached accessory structures may be constructed without a building permit on parcels 10 acres and larger.
- 2. Fences not over 6 feet (2134 mm) high.
- **3.** Retaining walls that are not over 4 feet (1219 mm) in height measured from the bottom of the footing to the top of the wall, unless supporting a surcharge or impounding Class I, II or IIIA liquids.
- Water tanks supported directly on grade if the capacity is not greater than 5,000 gallons (18 925 L) and the ratio of height to diameter or width is not greater than 2:1.
- Sidewalks and driveways not more than 30 inches (762 mm) above adjacent grade, and not over any basement or *story* below and are not part of an *accessible route* and not subject to a grading permit.
- **6.** Painting, papering, tiling, carpeting, cabinets, counter tops and similar finish work.
- 7. Temporary motion picture, television and theater

stage sets and scenery.

- 8. Prefabricated *swimming pools* where the pool walls are entirely above the adjacent grade and the capacity does not exceed 5,000 gallons accessory to a Group R-3 occupancy that are less than 24 inches (610 mm) deep, are not greater than 5,000 gallons (18 925 L) and are installed entirely above ground.
- **9.** Shade cloth structures constructed for nursery or agricultural purposes, not including service systems.
- **10.** Swings and other playground equipment accessory to detached one- and two-family *dwellings*.
- **11.** Window awnings in Group R-3 and U occupancies, supported by an exterior wall that which do not project more than 54 inches (1372 mm) from the *exterior wall* and do not require additional support.
- Nonfixed and movable fixtures, cases, racks, counters and partitions not over 5 feet 9 inches (1753 mm) in height.
- **13.** Antennas and/or their supporting structures other than buildings, accessory to residential use less than ten feet in height and lower than the structure height limit in the zoning district in which located, or which were constructed or erected prior to July 1, 1988.
- 14. Temporary emergency noncommercial telecommunication-sites operated by a governmental agency, or by a volunteer public safety agency officially sanctioned by a governmental agency for that purpose, for public safety communication uses, for a period not to exceed six months.
- 15. Decks not exceeding 200 square feet (18.58 m2) in area, that are not more than 30 inches (762 mm) above *grade* at any point, are not attached to a dwelling do not serve the exit door required by Section R311.4.

#### **Electrical:**

**Repairs and maintenance:** Minor repair work, including the replacement of lamps or the connection of *approved* portable electrical equipment to *approved* permanently installed receptacles.

**Radio and television transmitting stations:** The provisions of this code shall not apply to electrical equipment used for radio and television transmissions, but do apply to equipment and wiring for a power supply and the installations of towers and antennas.

Temporary testing systems: A permit shall not be

required for the installation of any temporary system required for the testing or servicing of electrical equipment or apparatus.

#### Gas:

- **1.** Portable heating appliances.
- **2.** Replacement of any minor part that does not alter approval of equipment or make such equipment unsafe.

#### Mechanical:

- 1. Portable heating appliances.
- 2. Portable ventilation appliances and equipment.
- **3.** Portable cooling units.
- **4.** Steam, hot or chilled water piping within any heating or cooling equipment regulated by this code.
- 5. Replacement of any part that does not alter approval of equipment or make such equipment unsafe.
- 6. Portable evaporative cooler.
- **7.** Self-contained refrigeration system containing 10 pounds (4.54 kg) or less of refrigerant or that are actuated by motors of 1 horsepower (746 W) or less.
- **8.** Portable-fuel-cell appliances that are not connected to a fixed piping system and are not interconnected to a power grid.

#### **Plumbing:**

- The stopping of leaks in drains, water, soil, waste or vent pipe, provided, however, that if any concealed trap, drain pipe, water, soil, waste or vent pipe becomes defective and it becomes necessary to remove and replace the same with new material, such work shall be considered as new work and a permit shall be obtained and inspection made as provided in this code.
- 2. The clearing of stoppages or the repairing of leaks in pipes, valves or fixtures and the removal and reinstallation of water closets, provided such repairs do not involve or require the replacement or rearrangement of valves, pipes or fixtures.

**105.2.1 Emergency repairs.** Where equipment replacements and repairs must be performed in an emergency situation, the *permit* application shall be submitted within the next working business day to the *building official*.

**105.2.2 Repairs.** Application or notice to the *build-ing official* is not required for ordinary *repairs* to structures, replacement of lamps or the connection

of *approved* portable electrical equipment to *approved* permanently installed receptacles. Such *repairs* shall not include the cutting away of any wall, partition or portion thereof, the removal or cutting of any structural beam or load-bearing support, or the removal or change of any required *means of egress*, or rearrangement of parts of a structure affecting the egress requirements; nor shall ordinary repairs include *addition* to, *alteration* of, replacement or relocation of any standpipe, water supply, sewer, drainage, drain leader, gas, soil, waste, vent or similar piping, electric wiring or mechanical or other work affecting public health or general safety.

**105.2.3 Public service agencies.** A *permit* shall not be required for the installation, *alteration* or repair of generation, transmission, distribution or metering or other related equipment that is under the ownership and control of public service agencies by established right.

**105.3** Application for permit. To obtain a *permit*, the applicant shall first file an application therefor in writing on a form furnished by the department of building safety for that purpose. Such application shall:

- 1. Identify and describe the work to be covered by the *permit* for which application is made.
- 2. Describe the land on which the proposed work is to be done by legal description, street address or similar description that will readily identify and definitely locate the proposed building or work.
- **3.** Indicate the use and occupancy for which the proposed work is intended.
- **4.** Be accompanied by *construction documents* and other information as required in Section 107.
- 5. State the valuation of the proposed work.
- **6.** Be signed by the applicant, or the applicant's authorized agent.
- **7.** Give such other data and information as required by the *building official*.

**105.3.1 Action on application.** The *building official* shall examine or cause to be examined applications for *permits* and amendments thereto within a reasonable time after filing. If the application or the *construction documents* do not conform to the requirements of pertinent laws, the *building official* shall reject such application in writing, stating the reasons therefor. If the *building official* is satisfied that the proposed work conforms to the requirements of this code and laws and ordinances ap-

plicable thereto, the *building official* shall issue a *permit* therefor as soon as practicable.

**105.3.2 Time limitation of application.** An application for a *permit* for any proposed work shall be deemed to have been abandoned 180 days after the date of filing, unless such application has been pursued in good faith or a *permit* has been issued; except that the *building official* is authorized to grant one or more extensions of time for additional periods not exceeding 90 days each. The extension shall be requested in writing and justifiable cause demonstrated.

**105.4 Validity of permit.** The issuance or granting of a *permit* shall not be construed to be a *permit* for, or an approval of, any violation of any of the provisions of this code or of any other ordinance of the jurisdiction. *Permits* presuming to give authority to violate or cancel the provisions of this code or other ordinances of the jurisdiction shall not be valid. The issuance of a *permit* based on *construction documents* and other data shall not prevent the *building official* from requiring the correction of errors in the *construction documents* and other data. The *building official* is authorized to prevent occupancy or use of a structure where in violation of this code or of any other ordinances of this jurisdiction.

**105.5 Expiration.** Every *permit* issued shall become invalid unless the work on the site authorized by such *permit* is commenced within 180 days after its issuance, or if the work authorized on the site by such *permit* is suspended or abandoned for a period of 180 days after the time the work is commenced. The *building official* is authorized to grant, in writing, one or more extensions of time, for periods not more than 180 days each. The extension shall be requested in writing and justifiable cause demonstrated.

**105.6 Suspension or revocation.** The *building official* is authorized to suspend or revoke a *permit* issued under the provisions of this code wherever the *permit* is issued in error or on the basis of incorrect, inaccurate or incomplete information, or in violation of any ordinance or regulation or any of the provisions of this code.

**105.7 Placement of permit.** The building *permit* or copy shall be kept on the site of the work until the completion of the project.

**105.8 Responsibility.** It shall be the duty of every person who performs work for the installation or repair of building, structure, electrical, gas, mechanical or plumbing systems, for which this code is applicable, to comply with this code. **105.9 Preliminary inspection.** Before issuing a *permit*, the

*building official* is authorized to examine or cause to be examined buildings, structures and sites for which an application has been filed.

#### SECTION 106 FLOOR AND ROOF DESIGN LOADS

**106.1 Live loads posted.** In commercial or industrial buildings, for each floor or portion thereof designed for *live loads* exceeding 50 psf (2.40 kN/m<sub>2</sub>), such design *live loads* shall be conspicuously posted by the owner or the owner's authorized agent in that part of each *story* in which they apply, using durable signs. It shall be unlawful to remove or deface such notices.

**106.2 Issuance of certificate of occupancy.** A certificate of occupancy required by Section 111 shall not be issued until the floor load signs, required by Section 106.1, have been installed.

**106.3 Restrictions on loading.** It shall be unlawful to place, or cause or permit to be placed, on any floor or roof of a building, structure or portion thereof, a load greater than is permitted by this code.

#### SECTION 107 SUBMITTAL DOCUMENTS

**107.1 General.** Submittal documents consisting of *construction documents*, statement of *special inspections*, geotechnical report and other data shall be submitted in two or more sets with each *permit* application. The *construction documents* shall be prepared by a *registered design professional* where required by the statutes of the jurisdiction in which the project is to be constructed. Where special conditions exist, the *building official* is authorized to require additional *construction documents* to be prepared by a *registered design professional*.

**Exception:** The *building official* is authorized to waive the submission of *construction documents* and other data not required to be prepared by a *registered design professional* if it is found that the nature of the work applied for is such that review of *construction documents* is not necessary to obtain compliance with this code.

**107.2** Construction documents. *Construction documents* shall be in accordance with Sections 107.2.1 through 107.2.8.

**107.2.1 Information on construction documents.** *Construction documents* shall be dimensioned and drawn upon suitable material. Electronic media

documents are permitted to be submitted where *approved* by the *building official*. *Construction documents* shall be of sufficient clarity to indicate the location, nature and extent of the work proposed and show in detail that it will conform to the provisions of this code and relevant laws, ordinances, rules and regulations, as determined by the *building official*.

#### 107.2.1.1 Manufacturer's installation

**instructions.** Manufacturer's installation instructions, as required by this code, shall be available on the job site at the time of inspection.

#### 107.2.2 Fire protection system shop drawings.

Shop drawings for the *fire protection system(s)* shall be submitted to indicate conformance to this code and the *construction documents* and shall be *approved* prior to the start of system installation. Shop drawings shall contain all information as required by the referenced installation standards in Chapter 9.

**107.2.3 Means of egress.** The *construction documents* shall show in sufficient detail the location, construction, size and character of all portions of the *means of egress* including the path of the *exit discharge* to the *public way* in compliance with the provisions of this code. In other than occupancies in Groups R-2, R-3, and I-1, the *construction documents* shall designate the number of occupants to be accommodated on every floor, and in all rooms and spaces.

**107.2.4 Exterior wall envelope.** Construction *documents* for all buildings shall describe the exterior wall envelope in sufficient detail to determine compliance with this code. The construction *documents* shall provide details of the *exterior* wall envelope as required, including flashing, intersections with dissimilar materials, corners, end details, control joints, intersections at roof, eaves or parapets, means of drainage, water-resistive membrane and details around openings. The construction documents shall include manufacturer's installation instructions that provide supporting documentation that the proposed penetration and opening details described in the construction documents maintain the weather resistance of the *exterior wall envelope*. The supporting documentation shall fully describe the *exterior wall* system that was tested, where applicable, as

well as the test procedure used.

107.2.5 Site plan. The construction documents submitted with the application for *permit* shall be accompanied by a site plan showing to scale the size and location of new construction and existing structures on the site, distances from *lot lines*. the established street grades and the proposed finished grades and, as applicable, flood hazard areas, floodways, and design flood elevations; and it shall be drawn in accordance with an accurate boundary line survey. In the case of demolition, the site plan shall show construction to be demolished and the location and size of existing structures and construction that are to remain on the site or plot. The building official is authorized to waive or modify the requirement for a site plan where the application for *permit* is for *alteration* or *repair* or where otherwise warranted

**107.2.5.1 Design flood elevations.** Where *design flood elevations* are not specified, they shall be established in accordance with county floodplain regulations. See Section 102.2.1 of this chapter.

107.2.5.2 Site Plans in Hillside Areas.

When a building site is located in a hillside area and, in the opinion of the building official, is located in an area subject to geologic hazards the building official may require that a detailed site plan be submitted as a prerequisite to the issuance of a building permit. Such site plans, when required, shall be prepared by an architect or a civil engineer and shall be based on an accurate topographic map prepared by a land surveyor. The site plans shall bear the seal and signature of the responsible architect or civil engineer and the land surveyor. The topographic map shall encompass the building site and shall be drafted at a scale no smaller than 1 inch equal to 20 feet (1:240) and at a contour interval less than or equal to two (2) feet. Such site plans, at a minimum, shall show:

 A grading plan showing existing and proposed contour lines reflecting the proposed grading as well as the locations and pertinent elevations of finished floors of all structures, basements, driveways, level areas, septic disposal fields and retaining walls.

- 2. The locations of all water wells (whether on-site or off) within 250 feet of any septic disposal field.
- **3.** All property lines within 100 feet of the building site.
- **4.** Setbacks of cut slopes, fill slopes, retaining walls, and structures from property lines.
- **5.** At least one critical cross section oriented through the structural site and drafted at equal horizontal and vertical levels.

**107.2.6 Structural information.** The *construction documents* shall provide the information specified in IBC Section 1603 or in IRC Section R301, as applicable.

**107.2.6.1 Information on braced wall design.** For buildings and structures utilizing braced wall design, and where required by the *building official*, braced wall lines shall be identified on the *construction documents*. Pertinent information including, but not limited to, bracing methods, location and length of *braced wall panels* and foundation requirements of braced wall panels at top and bottom shall be provided.

**107.2.7 Water and Sanitation Requirements.** Every building or addition thereto shall be provided with water and sanitation facilities in accordance with the provisions of this code. Water supplies and sewerage facilities shall be in conformance with regulations and requirements of the Boulder County Public Health Department, Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment and the Colorado Division of Water Resources Office or any supplier recognized thereby. When applicable, evidence of same shall be submitted to the building official prior to the issuance of the building permit.

**107.2.8 Reports.** When, in the opinion of the building official, certain geologic hazards or constraints, including but not limited to, landslides, rock falls, flash flooding, mudslides, avalanches, subsidence and/or soil creep exist or may exist with respect to a specific building proposal, a soil and/or geologic investigation may be required prior to the issuance of a building permit. Such investigation, when required, shall be documented by submittal to the building official of an acceptable written report which is signed by a soils engineer and/or an engineering geologist within his field of expertise. Said report(s) shall contain specific recommendations regarding the building location and design. The relationships of (1) site grading, structural integrity, and septic drain fields and (2) the geologic hazards or constraints shall be considered in the report(s).

**107.3 Examination of documents.** The *building official* shall examine or cause to be examined the accompanying submittal documents and shall ascertain by such examinations whether the construction indicated and described is in accordance with the requirements of this code and other pertinent laws or ordinances.

#### 107.3.1 Approval of construction documents.

When the *building official* issues a *permit*, the *construction documents* shall be *approved*, in writing or by stamp, as "Reviewed for Code Compliance." One set of *construction documents* so reviewed shall be retained by the *building official*. The other set shall be returned to the applicant, shall be kept at the site of work and shall be open to inspection by the *building official* or a duly authorized representative.

**107.3.2 Previous approvals.** This code shall not require changes in the *construction documents*, construction or designated occupancy of a structure for which a lawful *permit* has been heretofore issued or otherwise lawfully authorized, and the construction of which has been pursued in good faith within 180 days after the effective date of this code and has not been abandoned.

**107.3.3 Phased approval.** The *building official* is authorized to issue a *permit* for the construction of foundations or any other part of a building or structure before the *construction documents* for the whole building or structure have been submitted, provided that adequate information and detailed statements have been filed complying with pertinent requirements of this code. The holder of such *permit* for the foundation or other parts of a building or structure shall proceed at the holder's own risk with the building operation and without assurance that a *permit* for the entire structure will be granted.

#### 107.3.4 Design professional in responsible charge. Where it is required that documents be prepared by a *registered design professional*, the building official shall be authorized to require the owner or the owner's authorized agent to engage and designate on the building *permit* application a registered design professional who shall act as the registered design professional in responsible charge. If the circumstances require, the owner or the owner's authorized agent shall designate a substitute registered design professional in responsible charge who shall perform the duties required of the original registered design professional in responsible charge. The building official shall be notified in writing by the owner or the owner's authorized agent if the registered design professional in responsible charge is changed or is unable to continue to perform the duties. The registered design professional in responsible charge shall be responsible for reviewing and coordinating submittal documents prepared by others, including phased and deferred submittal items, for compatibility with the design of the building.

**107.3.4.1 Deferred submittals.** Deferral of any submittal items shall have the prior approval of the *building official*. The *registered design professional in responsible charge* shall list the deferred submittals on the *construction documents* for review by the *building official*.

Documents for deferred submittal items shall be submitted to the *registered design professional in responsible charge* who shall review them and forward them to the *building official* with a notation indicating that the deferred submittal documents have been reviewed and found to be in general conformance to the design of the building. The deferred submittal items shall not be installed until the deferred submittal documents have been *approved* by the *building official*.

**107.4 Amended construction documents.** Work shall be installed in accordance with the *approved construction documents*, and any changes made during construction that are not in compliance with the *approved construction documents* shall be resubmitted for approval as an amended set of *construction documents*.

**107.5 Retention of construction documents.** One set of *approved construction documents* shall be retained by the *building official* for a period of not less than 180 days from

date of completion of the permitted work, or as required by state or local laws.

#### SECTION 108 TEMPORARY STRUCTURES AND USES

**108.1 General.** The *building official* is authorized to issue a *permit* for temporary structures and temporary uses. Such *permits* shall be limited as to time of service, but shall not be permitted for more than 180 days. The *building official* is authorized to grant extensions for demonstrated cause.

**108.2 Conformance.** Temporary structures and uses shall conform to the structural strength, fire safety, means of egress, light, ventilation and sanitary requirements of this code as necessary to ensure the public health, safety and general welfare.

**108.3 Temporary power.** The building official is authorized to give permission to temporarily supply and use power in part of an electric installation before such installation has been fully completed and the final certificate of completion has been issued. The part covered by the temporary certificate shall comply with the requirements specified for temporary lighting, heat or power in NFPA 70.

**108.4 Termination of approval.** The *building official* is authorized to terminate such *permit* for a temporary structure or use and to order the temporary structure or use to be discontinued.

#### SECTION 109 FEES

**109.1 Payment of fees.** A *permit* shall not be valid until the fees prescribed by law have been paid, nor shall an amendment to a *permit* be released until the additional fee, if any, has been paid.

**109.2 Schedule of permit fees.** On buildings, structures, electrical, gas, mechanical and plumbing systems or alterations requiring a permit, a fee for each permit shall be paid as required, in accordance with the schedule as established by the Boulder County Board of County Commissioners in a separate adopting resolution. For building permit, plan review, grading permit and other fees, please refer to the Boulder County Land Use Department publication, "*Boulder County Building Permit Fees.*"

**109.3 Building permit valuations.** The applicant for a *permit* shall provide an estimated *permit* value at time of application. *Permit* valuations shall include total value of work, including materials and labor, for which the *permit* is being issued, such as electrical, gas, mechanical, plumb-

ing equipment and permanent systems. If, in the opinion of the *building official*, the valuation is underestimated on the application, the *permit* shall be denied, unless the applicant can show detailed estimates to meet the approval of the *building official*. Final building *permit* valuation shall be set by the *building official*.

**109.4 Work commencing before permit issuance.** Any person who commences any work on a building, structure, electrical, gas, mechanical or plumbing system before obtaining the necessary *permits* shall be subject to a fee established by the *building official* that shall be in addition to the required *permit* fees.

**109.4.1 Investigation.** Whenever any work for which a permit is required by this code has been commenced without first obtaining said permit, a special investigation shall be made before a permit may be issued for such work.

**109.4.2 Investigation Fee.** An investigation fee in addition to the permit fee shall be collected whether or not a permit is then or subsequently issued. The investigation fee shall be equal to the amount of the permit fee required by this code. The payment of such investigation fee shall not exempt any person from compliance with all other provisions of this code nor from any penalty prescribed by law.

**109.5 Related fees.** The payment of the fee for the construction, *alteration*, removal or demolition for work done in connection to or concurrently with the work authorized by a building *permit* shall not relieve the applicant or holder of the *permit* from the payment of other fees that are prescribed by law.

**109.6 Refunds.** The building official may authorize refunding of any fee paid here under which was erroneously paid or collected. The building official may authorize refunding of not more than 80 percent of the permit fee paid when no work has been done under a permit issued in accordance with this code. The building official may authorize refunding of not more than 80 percent of the plan review fee paid when an application for a permit for which a plan review fee has been paid is withdrawn or canceled before any plan reviewing is done. The building official shall not authorize refunding of any fee paid except on written application filed by the original permittee not later than 180 days after the date of fee payment.

#### SECTION 110 INSPECTIONS

110.1 General. Construction or work for which a *permit* is

required shall be subject to inspection by the *building of-ficial* and such construction or work shall remain accessible and exposed for inspection purposes until *approved*. Approval as a result of an inspection shall not be construed to be an approval of a violation of the provisions of this code or of other ordinances of the jurisdiction. Inspections presuming to give authority to violate or cancel the provisions of this code or of other ordinances of the jurisdiction shall not be valid. It shall be the duty of the *owner* or the owner's authorized agent to cause the work to remain accessible and exposed for inspection purposes. Neither the *building official* nor the jurisdiction shall be liable for expense entailed in the removal or replacement of any material required to allow inspection.

**110.2 Preliminary inspection.** Before issuing a *permit*, the *building official* is authorized to examine or cause to be examined buildings, structures and sites for which an application has been filed.

**110.3 Required inspections.** The *building official*, upon notification, shall make the inspections set forth in Sections 110.3.1 through 110.3.10. Please refer to the Boulder County Land Use Department publication, "Required Inspections and Procedures" for specific inspection requirements.

**110.3.1 Footing and foundation inspection.** Footing and foundation inspections shall be made after excavations for footings are complete and any required reinforcing steel is in place. For concrete foundations, any required forms shall be in place prior to inspection. Materials for the foundation shall be on the job, except where concrete is ready mixed in accordance with ASTM C 94, the concrete need not be on the job.

**110.3.2 Concrete slab and under-floor inspection.** Concrete slab and under-floor inspections shall be made after in-slab or under-floor reinforcing steel and building service equipment, conduit, piping accessories and other ancillary equipment items are in place, but before any concrete is placed or floor sheathing installed, including the subfloor.

**110.3.3 Lowest floor elevation.** In *flood hazard areas*, upon placement of the lowest floor, including the *basement*, and prior to further vertical construction, the elevation certification required in Section 1612.5 shall be submitted to the *building official*.

**110.3.4 Frame inspection.** Framing inspections shall be made after the roof deck or sheathing, all framing, *fireblock-ing* 

and bracing are in place and pipes, chimneys and vents to be concealed are complete and the rough electrical, plumbing, heating wires, pipes and ducts are *approved*. **110.3.5 Lath, gypsum board and gypsum panel product inspection.** Lath, gypsum board and gypsum panel product inspections shall be made after lathing, gypsum board and gypsum panel products, interior and exterior, are in place, but before any plastering is applied or gypsum board and gypsum panel product joints and fasteners are taped and finished.

**Exception:** Gypsum board and gypsum panel products that are not part of a fire-resistance-rated assembly or a shear assembly.

**110.3.6 Fire- and smoke-resistant penetrations.** Protection of joints and penetrations in *fire-resistance-rated* assemblies, *smoke barriers* and smoke partitions shall not be concealed from view until inspected and *approved*.

**110.3.7 Energy efficiency inspections.** Inspections shall be made to determine compliance with Chapter 13 and shall include, but not be limited to, inspections for: envelope insulation R- and U-values, fenestration U-value, duct system R-value, and HVAC and water-heating equipment efficiency.

**110.3.8 Other inspections.** In addition to the inspections specified in Sections 110.3.1 through 110.3.7, the *building official* is authorized to make or require other inspections of any construction work to ascertain compliance with the provisions of this code and other laws that are enforced by the department of building safety.

**110.3.9 Special inspections.** For *special inspections*, see IBC Chapter 17.

**110.3.10 Final inspection.** The final inspection shall be made after all work required by the building *permit* is completed.

**110.3.10.1 Flood hazard documentation**. If located in a *flood hazard area*, documentation of the elevation of the lowest floor as required in IBC Section 1612.5 or IRC Section R322.1.10 shall be submitted to the *building official* prior to the final inspection. See also Section 102.2.1 of this chapter.

**110.4 Inspection agencies.** The *building official* is authorized to accept reports of *approved* inspection agencies, provided such agencies satisfy the requirements as to qualifications and reliability.

**110.5 Inspection requests.** It shall be the duty of the holder of the building *permit* or their duly authorized agent to notify the *building official* when work is ready for inspection. It shall be the duty of the *permit* holder to provide access to

and means for inspections of such work that are required by this code.

**110.6 Approval required.** Work shall not be done beyond the point indicated in each successive inspection without first obtaining the approval of the *building official*. The *building official*, upon notification, shall make the requested inspections and shall either indicate the portion of the construction that is satisfactory as completed, or notify the *permit* holder or his or her agent wherein the same fails to comply with this code. Any portions that do not comply shall be corrected and such portion shall not be covered or concealed until authorized by the *building official*.

#### SECTION 111 CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY

**111.1 Use and occupancy.** A building or structure shall not be used or occupied, and a change in the existing use or occupancy classification of a building or structure or portion thereof shall not be made, until the *building official* has issued a certificate of occupancy therefor as provided herein. Issuance of a certificate of occupancy shall not be construed as an approval of a violation of the provisions of this code or of other ordinances of the jurisdiction.

#### **Exception:**

- 1. Certificates of occupancy are not required for work exempt from permits under Section 105.2.
- 2. Certificates of Occupancy are not required for Utility and Miscellaneous Group U occupancies constructed under the *International Building Code* and additions, remodels and accessory structures subject to the *International Residential Code* in accordance with the exception to Section 101.2 of this chapter.

**111.2 Certificate issued.** After the *building official* inspects the building or structure and does not find violations of the provisions of this code or other laws that are enforced by the department of building safety, the *building official* shall issue a certificate of occupancy that contains the following:

- 1. The building *permit* number.
- **2.** The address of the structure.
- **3.** The name and address of the owner or the owner's authorized agent.
- **4.** A description of that portion of the structure for which the certificate is issued.
- **5.** A statement that the described portion of the structure has been inspected for compliance with the requirements of this code for the occupancy and

division of occupancy and the use for which the proposed occupancy is classified.

- 6. The name of the building official.
- **7.** The edition of the code under which the permit was issued.
- **8.** The use and occupancy, in accordance with the provisions of IBC Chapter 3, if applicable.
- **9.** The type of construction as defined in IBC Chapter 6, if applicable.
- **10.** The design occupant load, if applicable.
- **11.** If an automatic sprinkler system is provided, whether the sprinkler system is required.
- **12.** Any special stipulations and conditions of the building permit.

**111.3 Temporary occupancy.** The *building official* is authorized to issue a temporary certificate of occupancy before the completion of the entire work covered by the *permit*, provided that such portion or portions shall be occupied safely. The *building official* shall set a time period during which the temporary certificate of occupancy is valid.

**111.4 Revocation.** The *building official* is authorized to, in writing, suspend or revoke a certificate of occupancy or completion issued under the provisions of this code wherever the certificate is issued in error, or on the basis of incorrect information supplied, or where it is determined that the building or structure or portion thereof is in violation of any ordinance or regulation or any of the provisions of this code.

#### SECTION 112 SERVICE UTILITIES

**112.1 Connection of service utilities.** A person shall not make connections from a utility, source of energy, fuel or power to any building or system that is regulated by this code for which a *permit* is required, until released by the *building official*.

**112.2 Temporary connection.** The *building official* shall have the authority to authorize the temporary connection of the building or system to the utility, source of energy, fuel or power.

**112.3** Authority to disconnect service utilities. The *build-ing official* shall have the authority to authorize disconnection of utility service to the building, structure or system regulated by this code and the referenced codes and standards set forth in Section 101.4 in case of emergency where necessary to eliminate an immediate hazard to life or prop-

erty or where such utility connection has been made without the approval required by Section 112.1 or 112.2. The *building official* shall notify the serving utility, and wherever possible the *owner* and occupant of the building, structure or service system of the decision to disconnect prior to taking such action. If not notified prior to disconnecting, the *owner* or occupant of the building, structure or service system shall be notified in writing, as soon as practical thereafter.

#### SECTION 113 BOARD OF REVIEW

**113.1 General.** In order to hear and decide appeals of orders, decisions or determinations made by the *building of-ficial* relative to the application and interpretation of this code, there shall be and is hereby created a board of review. The board of review shall be appointed by the applicable governing authority and shall hold office at its pleasure. The board shall adopt rules of procedure for conducting its business.

**113.2 Appeals.** Appeals to the Board of Review may be taken by a person aggrieved by his inability to obtain a building permit or by an officer or department, board, or bureau of the County affected by the grant or refusal of the building permit because of non-compliance with the Boulder County Building Code. Any person, officer or department, board or bureau may appeal to the Board of Review from the decision of any enforcement of the provisions of the Building Code. Such appeals must be made within fourteen (14) days from the date of grant or refusal of the building permit or administrative decision. Such appeals shall be in writing directed to the Secretary of the Board of Review and shall state the basis for appeal.

**113.3 Interpretations, alternate materials and methods of construction and modifications.** The Board of Review, in appropriate cases and subject to appropriate principles, standards, rules, conditions, and safeguards set forth in the building code may make interpretations of the terms of the building code in harmony with their general purpose and intent. The Board of Review may also approve of alternate materials or methods of construction or modifications provided the Board finds that the alternate material or method of construction or modification found under Sections 104.10 and 104.11 of this code.

**113.4 Limitations on authority.** An application for appeal shall be based on a claim that the true intent of this code or the rules legally adopted thereunder have been incorrectly interpreted, the provisions of this code do not fully apply or an equally good or better form of construction is proposed. The board shall have no authority relative to interpretation of the administrative provisions of this code and shall not

have authority to waive requirements of this code.

**113.5 Amendments to the code.** The Board of Review is authorized to formulate suggested amendments to the Building Code for consideration of the Board of County Commissioners.

**113.6 Additional authority.** The Board of Review may adopt substantive rules and regulations based upon the provisions of the Building Code adopted by the Board of County Commissioners. In no case, however, shall these rules become effective unless the Board of Review thereon has conducted a public hearing. Notice of the hearing stating its time and place and where the text of the proposed substantive rules and regulations may be inspected shall be given in the same manner as provided in the initial adoption of the code.

**113.7 Qualifications.** The board of review shall consist of members who are qualified by experience and training to pass on matters pertaining to building construction and are not employees of the jurisdiction.

#### SECTION 114 VIOLATIONS

**114.1 Unlawful acts.** It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to erect, construct, alter, extend, *repair*, move, remove, demolish or occupy any building, structure or equipment regulated by this code, or cause same to be done, in conflict with or in violation of any of the provisions of this code.

**114.2 Notice of violation.** The *building official* is authorized to serve a notice of violation or order on the person responsible for the erection, construction, *alteration*, extension, *repair*, moving, removal, demolition or occupancy of a building or structure in violation of the provisions of this code, or in violation of a *permit* or certificate issued under the provisions of this code. Such order shall direct the discontinuance of the illegal action or condition and the abatement of the violation.

**114.3 Prosecution of violation.** If the notice of violation is not complied with promptly, the *building official* is authorized to request the legal counsel of the jurisdiction to institute the appropriate proceeding at law or in equity to restrain, correct or abate such violation, or to require the removal or termination of the unlawful occupancy of the building or structure in violation of the provisions of this code or of the order or direction made pursuant thereto.

**114.4 Violation penalties.** Any person who violates a provision of this code or fails to comply with any of the re-

quirements thereof or who erects, constructs, alters or repairs a building or structure in violation of the *approved construction documents* or directive of the *building official*, or of a *permit* or certificate issued under the provisions of this code, shall be subject to penalties as prescribed by law.

#### SECTION 115 STOP WORK ORDER

**115.1 Authority.** Where the *building official* finds any work regulated by this code being performed in a manner either contrary to the provisions of this code or dangerous or unsafe, the *building official* is authorized to issue a stop work order.

**115.2 Issuance.** The stop work order shall be in writing and shall be given to the *owner* of the property involved, the owner's authorized agent or the person performing the work. Upon issuance of a stop work order, the cited work shall immediately cease. The stop work order shall state the reason for the order and the conditions under which the cited work will be permitted to resume.

**115.3 Unlawful continuance.** Any person who shall continue any work after having been served with a stop work order, except such work as that person is directed to perform to remove a violation or unsafe condition, shall be subject to penalties as prescribed by law.

#### SECTION 116 UNSAFE STRUCTURES AND EQUIPMENT

**116.1 Conditions.** Structures or existing equipment that are or hereafter become unsafe, insanitary or deficient because of inadequate *means of egress* facilities, inadequate light and ventilation, or that constitute a fire hazard, or are otherwise dangerous to human life or the public welfare, or that involve illegal or improper occupancy or inadequate maintenance, shall be deemed an unsafe condition. Unsafe structures shall be taken down and removed or made safe, as the *building official* deems necessary and as provided for in this section. A vacant structure that is not secured against entry shall be deemed unsafe.

**116.2 Record.** The *building official* shall cause a report to be filed on an unsafe condition. The report shall state the occupancy of the structure and the nature of the unsafe condition.

**116.3** Notice. If an unsafe condition is found, the *building official* shall serve on the *owner*, agent or person in control of the structure, a written notice that describes the condition deemed unsafe and specifies the required repairs or improvements to be made to abate the unsafe condition, or

that requires the unsafe structure to be demolished within a stipulated time. Such notice shall require the person thus notified to declare immediately to the *building official* acceptance or rejection of the terms of the order.

**116.4 Method of service.** Such notice shall be deemed properly served if a copy thereof is (a) delivered to the *owner* personally; (b) sent by certified or registered mail addressed to the *owner* at the last known address with the return receipt requested; or (c) delivered in any other manner as prescribed by local law. If the certified or registered letter is returned showing that the letter was not delivered, a copy thereof shall be posted in a conspicuous place in or about the structure affected by such notice. Service of such notice in the foregoing manner upon the owner's agent or upon the person responsible for the structure shall constitute service of notice upon the *owner*.

**116.5 Restoration.** Where the structure or equipment determined to be unsafe by the *building official* is restored to a safe condition, to the extent that repairs, *alterations* or *additions* are made or a change of occupancy occurs during the restoration of the structure, such *repairs*, *alterations*, *additions* and change of occupancy shall comply with the requirements of Section 105.2.2 and the *International Existing Building Code*, as applicable.

#### SECTION 117 CONTRACTOR LICENSING

**Note:** The contractor licensing provisions of Boulder County are adopted by the Board of County Commissioners under a separate adopting resolution. Please refer to the Boulder County Land Use Department publication, "Boulder County Contractor License" for requirements and details.

## Amendments to the International Building Code ("IBC")



Modeled from the 2015 International Building Code

**2015** *International Building Code*, including specifically **Appendix Chapters C, I, J and K;** published by the International Code Council, with amendments to the following:

### IBC CHAPTER 1 SCOPE AND ADMINISTRATION

<u>Note:</u> IBC Chapter 1 is deleted in its entirety and replaced by the preceding Chapter 1, the administrative provisions of the Boulder County Building Code.

### IBC CHAPTER 2 DEFINITIONS

<u>Note:</u> The following definitions are added to those that are published in Chapter 2.

**ARCHITECT.** Architect is a person licensed under the provisions of Title 12, Article 4, CRS.

**BUILDING SITE.** Building Site is all that area or those areas encompassed by horizontal radii of 150 feet measured outwardly from exterior structural walls, water wells, of the limits of artificial grading, on-site sewage disposal systems, or slope retaining devices, except where limited by the parcel.

**CIVIL ENGINEER.** Civil Engineer is a person licensed under the provisions of Title 12, Article 25, Part I, CRS, and who is experienced and knowledgeable in the practice of civil engineering.

**CIVIL ENGINEERING.** Civil Engineering is the application of the knowledge of the forces of nature, prin-

ciples of mechanics, and the properties of materials to the evaluation, design, and construction of civil works for the beneficial uses of mankind.

**COUNTY GEOLOGIST.** County Geologist is either (1) a staff member employed by the County under the Class Title Geologist and who performs the duties assigned there under or (2) any geologist who may be retained by the County to perform the duties of said Class Title. In either case, the County Geologist shall be a professional geologist as defined in 34-1-201 CRS.

**ENGINEERING GEOLOGIST.** Engineering Geologist is a professional geologist as defined in 34-1-201 CRS, and who is experienced and knowledgeable in the practice of engineering geology.

**ENGINEERING GEOLOGY.** Engineering Geology is the application of geologic knowledge and principles in the investigation and evaluation of naturally occurring rock and soil for use in the design of civil works for the purpose of assuring that geological features and processes affecting the planning, location, design, construction, operation and maintenance of civil works are recognized and adequately interpreted.

**HILLSIDE AREA.** Hillside Area is an area which exhibits a predominant ground slope with a gradient of five (5) horizontal to one (1) vertical or steeper (20% or steeper).

**LAND SURVEYOR.** Land Surveyor is a person licensed under the provisions of Title 12, Article 25, Part 2, CRS.

**MANUFACTURED HOME.** Manufactured Home shall mean manufactured home as defined in the Boulder County Land Use Code.

**SOIL ENGINEER.** Soil Engineer is a person licensed under the provisions of Title 12, Article 25, Part 2, CRS, and who is experienced and knowledgeable in the practice of soil engineering.

**SOIL ENGINEERING.** Soil Engineering is the application of the principles of soil mechanics in the investigation, evaluation and design of civil works involving the use of earth materials and the inspection and testing of the construction thereof.

## IBC CHAPTER 7 FIRE AND SMOKE PROTECTION FEATURES

#### SECTION 723 REQUIREMENTS BASED ON LOCATION IN WILDFIRE ZONES

<u>Note:</u> Add a section to Chapter 7 to reference the wildfire zone requirements for buildings constructed under the IBC.

**723.1. General.** Unless more restrictive requirements, such as those imposed through review and approval processes required by the Boulder County Land Use Code, apply, the ignition-resistant construction and defensible space requirements of Section R327 of the amendments to the IRC shall be applicable to all new buildings, additions and repairs.

## IBC CHAPTER 15 ROOF ASSEMBLIES AND ROOF-TOP STRUCTURES

#### SECTION 1503 WEATHER PROTECTION

<u>Note:</u> Add a sentence to Section 1503.4 to note the rainfall rate.

**[P] 1503.4 Roof drainage.** Design and installation of roof drainage systems shall comply with Section 1503 of this code and Sections 1106 and 1108, as applicable, of the *International Plumbing Code*. The 100-year, 1-hour rainfall rate to be used to size roof drainage components shall be 2.4 inches per hour.

#### IBC SECTION 1505 FIRE CLASSIFICATION

#### IBC TABLE 1505.1<sup>a, b, d</sup>

#### MINIMUM ROOF COVERING CLASSIFICATION FOR TYPES OF CONSTRUCTION

Add a footnote to table heading and text:

**d.** For roof coverings in Wildfire Zones, see Sections R327.4.1 and R327.5.1 of the amendments to the IRC.

### IBC CHAPTER 16 STRUCTURAL DESIGN

#### IBC SECTION 1608 SNOW LOADS

1608.2 Ground snow loads.

<u>Note:</u> Add a sentence to the end of the paragraph, as follows:

Snow loads shall be determined by the building official utilizing the Boulder County map, "*Colorado Front Range Gust Map and Snow Load Design Data for Colorado*," as amended.

#### IBC SECTION 1609 WIND LOADS

#### 1609.3 Ultimate Design Wind Speeds.

<u>Note:</u> Delete Section 1609.3.1, Equation 16-33 and Table 1609.3.1 and replace them with the following, in accordance with the report, "Colorado Front Range Gust map – ASCE 7-10 Compatible," dated November 18, 2013 by Jon A. Peterka, as follows:

**1609.3.1** Wind speed conversion. The basic nominal design wind speed, in miles per hour (Vasd), for the determination of wind loads, shall be taken from the Boulder County map, "Colorado Front Range Gust Map and Snow Load Design Data for Colorado," as amended. When required, the nominal design wind speeds from this map shall be converted to ultimate design wind speeds, Vult, using the amended Table 1609.3.1 or the amended Equation 16-33.

#### $F_{rc} = 0.36 + 0.10 \ln(12 T)$ (amended Equation 16-33)

where:

T is the return period in years and  $F_{rc}$  is the ratio of the return period speed at T years to the return period at 50 years (note that Frc = 1.00 at T=50).

#### TABLE 1609.3.1<sup>a</sup> 3-SECOND WIND SPEEDS IN ASCE 7-10 FORMAT

2006 MAP GUST SPEED,	ASCE 7-10 3-SECOND GUST SPEEDS, V <sub>uit</sub> , IN MPH, FOR <i>T</i> , YEARS <sup>b</sup>								
MPH	700	1700	300	10	25	50	100		
90	115	120	105	75	85	90	95		
100	125	135	120	85	95	100	105		
110	140	150	130	90	100	110	120		
120	150	160	140	100	110	120	130		
130	165	175	155	110	120	130	140		
140	175	190	165	115	130	140	150		
180	225	245	210	150	165	180	190		

<sup>a</sup> From the report, "Colorado Front Range Gust Map – ASCE 7-10 Compatible," prepared by Jon A. Peterka, Cermak Peterka Petersen, Inc., November 18, 2013.

<sup>b</sup> Wind speeds are rounded to the nearest 5 mph consistent with ASCE 7-10.

## IBC CHAPTER 18 FOUNDATIONS AND RETAINING WALLS

#### IBC SECTION 1805 DAMPPROOFING AND WATERPROOFING

**1805.5 Gutters and downspouts.** Gutters, down-spouts, and downspout extensions are required on all buildings.

#### **Exceptions:**

- 1. Post framed buildings.
- **2.** Buildings where, in the opinion of the building official, the gutters will become damaged by sliding snow.
- 3. Roofs with eaves or overhangs of six feet or greater.
- 4. Roofs that are constructed with internal roof drains.
- **5.** Buildings where an approved alternate means of drainage is designed by a soils engineer or other qualified registered design professional.

## IBC CHAPTER 30 ELEVATORS AND CONVEYING SYSTEMS

This chapter is deleted in its entirety.

Elevator and conveyance system repairs, installations, and inspections are governed by the Colorado Department Of Labor and Employment, Division of Oil and Public Safety, under the Elevator and Escalator Certification Act, Colo. Rev. Stat. § 9-5.5-101 through 9-5.5-120 (2014).

## IBC APPENDIX CHAPTER J GRADING

<u>Note:</u> Add the following exemptions and exception to Section J103.2, with the remainder of the section to remain as published:

**J103.2 Exemptions.** A grading permit shall not be required for the following:

- 1. Grading of 50 cubic yards or less.
- **2.** Grading associated with approved agricultural grading.

**Exception:** Irrigation ponds and stock ponds to be constructed at a depth of more than 24" must obtain a grading permit prior to construction.

## IBC APPENDIX CHAPTER K ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

#### SECTION K111 ELECTRICAL PROVISIONS

<u>Note:</u> Delete the published text for Section K111.4 and replace it with provisions for electric vehicle charging receptacles.

K111.4 Electric vehicle (EV) charging receptacle outlets. Level 2 (240-volt) electric vehicle (EV) charging receptacle outlets are to be installed for all new commercial, industrial or multiple-family residential buildings or additions or alterations to existing such buildings that increase the existing total floor area of the building by either fifty percent or by 5,000 square feet in accordance with Table K111.4. Charging receptacle outlets shall be installed in accordance with the requirements of Article 625 of the Electrical Code.

## TABLE K111.4 ELECTRIC VEHICLE (EV) CHARGING RECEPTACLE OUTLETS

TOTAL PARKING SPACES PROVIDED	1-19	20- 50	51- 100	101- 150	151- 200	201- 250	251- 300	301- 350	351- 400	401- 450	451- 500	501 and over
REQUIRED MINIMUM NUMBER OF EV CHARGING OUTLETS	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	2% of total

## Amendments to the International Residential Code



Modeled from the 2015 International Residential Code ("IRC")

*International Residential Code*, including specifically **Appendix Chapters E, F, H, R and S**, published by the International Code Council, with amendments to the following:

## Part 1—Administrative

## IRC CHAPTER 1 SCOPE AND ADMINISTRATION

<u>Note:</u> IRC Chapter 1 is deleted, except for Section R101. The remainder of the administrative provisions are found under the preceding Chapter of the Boulder County Building code. Section R101.1 is amended as follows:

#### SECTION R101 GENERAL

**R101.1 Title.** These provisions shall be known as the *Residential Code for One- and Two-family Dwellings* of Boulder County, and shall be cited as such and will be referred to herein as "this code."

## Part II—Definitions

## CHAPTER 2 DEFINITIONS

#### SECTION R202 DEFINITIONS

**AREA, FLOOR.** The area of the building, existing or new, under consideration including *basements* and attached garages calculated without deduction for corridors, stairways, closets, the thickness of interior walls,

columns, or other features as measured from the exterior face of the exterior walls.

**BASEMENT.** That portion of a building that is partially or completely below grade (see *story above grade plane*). An under floor space below the first *story* of the building that does not meet the definition of *story above grade plane* and has a *ceiling height* measured from the *basement* floor to the bottom of the floor joists above of 6 feet 8 inches or more.

**CRAWL SPACE.** An under floor space below the first story floor of the building that does not meet the definition of *story above grade plane*, that has a *ceiling height* measured from the crawlspace grade or floor to the bottom of the floor joists above of less than six feet 8 inches, and that does not contain interior stairs, windows, wall, and ceiling finish materials, trim or finished flooring.

# Part III—Building Planning and Construction

# IRC CHAPTER 3 BUILDING PLANNING

#### SECTION R301 DESIGN CRITERIA

<u>Note:</u> Amend Section R301.2.1 to include the **Boulder County Wind Pressure Map** and note that nominal design wind speeds from the map must be converted to ultimate design wind speeds for use in the code. The report, "**Colorado Front Range Gust Map – ASCE 7-10 Compatible**," dated November 18, 2013, by Jon A. Peterka, may be used to provide a wind speed conversion equation and table.

R301.2.1 Wind design criteria. Buildings and portions thereof shall be constructed in accordance with the wind provisions of this code using the nominal design wind speeds,  $V_{acd}$ , from the Boulder County Wind Pressure Map (titled the Wind Speed Map for the Front Range of Colorado) prepared by Jon A Peterka and dated February 28, 2006, titled "Colorado Front Range Gust Map and Snow Load Design Data for Colorado" and converting them to ultimate design wind speeds,  $V_{ut}$ . The structural provisions of this code for wind loads are not permitted where wind design is required as specified in Section R301.2.1.1. Where different construction methods and structural materials are used for various portions of a building, the applicable requirements of this section for each portion shall apply. Where not otherwise specified, the wind loads listed in Table R301.2(2) adjusted for height and exposure using Table R301.2(3) shall be used to determine design load performance requirements for wall coverings, curtain walls, roof coverings, exterior windows, skylights, garage doors and exterior doors. Asphalt shingles shall be designed for wind speeds in accordance with Section R905.2.4. A continuous load path shall be provided to transmit the applicable uplift forces in Section R802.11.1 from the roof assembly to the foundation.

<u>Note</u>: Amend Section R301.2.1.3 and Table R301.2.1.3 and add Equation 3-1 to allow for the conversion of the nominal design wind speeds on the Boulder County Wind Pressure Map to ultimate design wind speeds.

**R301.2.1.3 Wind speed conversion.** The nominal design wind speeds from the Boulder County Wind Pressure Map (titled the Wind Speed Map for the Front Range of Colorado) prepared by Jon A Peterka and dated February 28, 2006, titled "Colorado Front Range Gust Map and Snow Load Design Data for Colorado" may be converted to ultimate design wind speeds,  $V_{utr}$ , using the added Equation 3-1 and the amended Table R301.2.1.3.

 $F_{rr} = 0.36 + 0.10 \ln(12 T)$  (Equation 3-1)

where:

*T* is the return period in years and  $F_{rc}$  is the ratio of the return period speed at T years to the return period at 50 years (note that Frc = 1.00 at T=50).

#### TABLE R301.2.1.3<sup>a</sup> 3-SECOND WIND SPEEDS IN ASCE 7-10 FORMAT

2006 MAP GUST SPEED,	ASCE 7-10 3-SECOND GUST SPEEDS, V <sub>ult</sub> , IN MPH, FOR <i>T</i> , YEARS <sup>b</sup>									
MPH	700	1700	300	10	25	50	100			
90	115	120	105	75	85	90	95			
100	125	135	120	85	95	100	105			
110	140	150	130	90	100	110	120			
120	150	160	140	100	110	120	130			
130	165	175	155	110	120	130	140			
140	175	190	165	115	130	140	150			
180	225	245	210	150	165	180	190			

<sup>a</sup> From the report, "Colorado Front Range Gust Map – ASCE 7-10 Compatible," prepared by Jon A. Peterka, Cermak Peterka Petersen, Inc., November 18, 2013.

<sup>b</sup> Wind speeds are rounded to the nearest 5 mph consistent with ASCE 7-10. Linear interpolation is permitted.

<u>Note:</u> Add a sentence at the beginning of Section R 301.2.3 to cite the Boulder County Snow Load Map, with the remainder of the section to remain as published.

**R301.2.3 Snow Loads.** Ground snow loads shall be determined based on the Boulder County Snow Load Map prepared by the Structural Engineers Association of Colorado and dated October 1971, titled "Colorado Front Range Gust Map and Snow Load Design Data for Colorado, as amended." Wood-framed construction, coldformed, steel-framed construction and masonry and concrete construction, and structural insulated panel construction in regions with ground snow loads 70 pounds per square foot (3.35 kPa) or less, shall be in accordance with Chapters 5, 6 and 8. Buildings in regions with ground snow loads greater than 70 pounds per square foot (3.35 kPa) shall be designed in accordance with accepted engineering practice.

#### TABLE R301.2(1) CLIMATIC AND GEOGRAPHIC DESIGN CRITERIA

GROUND SNOW LOAD	Varies <sup>1</sup>
WIND SPEED	Varies <sup>2</sup>
TOPOGRAPHIC EFFECTS	No
SPECIAL WIND REGION	Yes
SEISMIC DESIGN CATEGORY	В
WEATHERING	Severe
FROST LINE DEPTH	30"
TERMITE	Slight to Moderate
WINTER DESIGN TEMPERATURE	1° F.
SUMMER DESIGN TEMPERATURE	91° F.
ICE BARRIER UNDERLAYMENT REQUIRED	Yes <sup>3</sup>
FLOOD HAZARDS	Yes <sup>4</sup>
AIR FREEZING INDEX	1000
ANNUAL MEAN TEMPERATURE	50° F.
<b>ANTICIPATED SNOW DEPTH:</b> <sup>5</sup>	
Plains	12 inches
Mountains	24 inches

<sup>1</sup>See Boulder County map, "Colorado Front Range Gust Map and Snow Load Design Data for Colorado," as amended.

<sup>2</sup> See Boulder County map, "Colorado Front Range Gust Map and Snow Load Design Data for Colorado," as amended.

<sup>3</sup> In situations where there is evidence of previous damage due to the effects of ice damming or where there is clearly potential for damage due to ice damming, the provisions of Sections R905.1.2 shall apply.

<sup>4</sup>Refer to Section 4-400 of the Boulder County Land Use Code, "Floodplain Overlay District," for Boulder County's floodplain regulations and official floodplain overlay district maps.

<sup>5</sup> This is used to determine the required minimum exterior mounting height for direct vents for gas-fired appliances.

Footnotes "a" through "m" remain as published.



#### IRC SECTION R303 LIGHT, VENTILATION, AND HEATING

**R303.4 Mechanical ventilation.** Where the air infiltration rate of a *dwelling unit* is 5 air changes per hour or less where tested with a blower door at a pressure of 0.2 inch w.c (50 Pa) in accordance with Section N1102.4.1.2, the *dwelling unit* shall be provided with whole-house mechanical ventilation in accordance with Section M1507.3.

**R303.8 Required heating.** When the winter design temperature in Table R301.2(1) is below  $60^{\circ}$ F ( $16^{\circ}$ C), every dwelling unit shall be provided with heating facilities capable of maintaining a minimum room temperature of  $68^{\circ}$ F ( $20^{\circ}$ C) at a point 3 feet above the floor and 2 feet from exterior walls in all habitable rooms at the design temperature. The installation of one or more portable space heaters shall not be used to achieve compliance with this Section.

**Exception:** Appliances relying on biofuels that are capable of maintaining the required temperature may be used to meet the requirements of this section. Permanently installed automatic space heating or other approved methods must be used to prevent pipes from freezing when outdoor temperatures are below freezing and the dwelling is vacant.

#### IRC SECTION R313 AUTOMATIC FIRE SPRINKLER SYSTEMS

**R313.1 Townhouse Automatic Fire Sprinkler Systems.** An automatic residential fire sprinkler system shall be installed in townhouses.

**R313.1.1 Additions to existing townhouses**. An automatic residential fire sprinkler system shall be installed throughout existing townhouses with additions when the sum of the total floor area of the addition plus the existing townhouse is increased to 4,800 sq. ft. or greater.

#### **Exceptions:**

- 1. One-time additions not exceeding 200 square feet in floor area, and
- 2. Carport additions which are exempt from the definition of "Residential Floor Area" in Section 18-189D of the Boulder County Land Use Code.

**R313.1.2 Design and installation.** Automatic residential fire sprinkler systems for townhouses shall be designed and installed in accordance with Section P2904. Systems shall be installed with a fire department connection (FDC) and other associated devices when required by the fire code official.

**R313.2 One- and two-family dwellings automatic fire systems.** An automatic residential fire sprinkler system shall be installed in one- and two-family dwellings.

**Exception:** An automatic residential fire sprinkler system shall not be required for federally-certified manufactured dwellings or Colorado Department of Local Affairs, Division of Housing, state-certified factory-built dwellings that are certified to editions of the IRC prior to the 2012 edition.

**R313.2.1 Additions to existing one- and two-family dwellings.** An automatic residential fire sprinkler system shall be installed throughout existing one- and two-family dwellings with additions when the sum of the total floor area of the addition plus the existing one- and two-family dwelling is increased to 4,800 sq. ft. or greater. The floor area of detached structures having floor areas of 120 square feet or greater that are located less than 50 feet from the dwelling shall be included in the floor area calculated for the dwelling.

#### **Exceptions:**

- 1. One-time additions not exceeding 200 square feet in floor area, and
- 2. Carport additions which are exempt from the definition of "Residential Floor Area" in Section 18-189D of the Boulder County Land Use Code.

**R313.2.2 Remodels/renovations to existing oneand two-family dwellings.** An automatic residential fire sprinkler system shall be installed throughout existing one- and two-family dwellings with a floor area of 4,800 sq. ft. or greater where renovations or remodeling work for which a building permit is required takes place in more than 50% of the area within the structure.

**R313.2.3 Design and installation.** Automatic residential fire sprinkler systems shall be designed and installed in accordance with Section P2904 or NFPA 13D. Systems shall be installed with a fire department connection (FDC) and other associated devices when required by the fire code official.

#### IRC SECTION R321 ELEVATORS AND PLATFORM LIFTS

#### Note: Add a Section R321.4, as follows:

**R321.4 Permits and inspections.** Each residential conveyance must be applied for on a separate building permit. Inspections shall be performed by an inspector who has obtained ASME QEI-1 certification. The inspection report(s) must be sent to the Building Safety & Inspection Services Division for review and approval at the completion of the work and prior to the use of the conveyance.

#### SECTION R324 SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEMS

<u>Note:</u> Amend the published roof-mounted solar PV panel spacing requirements to be modeled after the requirements adopted by the City of Boulder Fire Department in their adoption of the 2012 International Fire Code ("IFC").

**R324.7 Access and pathways.** Roof access, pathways and spacing requirements shall be provided in accordance with Sections R324.7.1 through R324.7.2.5. All access pathways required under this section shall be provided in a structurally sound location capable of supporting the live load of firefighters accessing the roof.

#### **Exceptions:**

- 1. Detached garages and accessory structures to one and two-family *dwellings* and *townhouses*, such as parking shade structures, carports, solar trellises and similar structures.
- 2. Roof access, pathways and spacing requirements need not be provided where an alternative ventilation method *approved* by the code official has been provided or where the code official has determined that vertical ventilation techniques will not be employed.

**R324.7.1 Roof access points.** Roof access points shall be located in areas that do not require the placement of ground ladders over openings such as windows or doors, and located at strong points of building construction in locations where the access point does not conflict with overhead obstructions such as tree limbs, wires or signs.

**R324.7.2 Solar photovoltaic systems.** Solar photovoltaic systems shall comply with Sections R324.7.2.1 through R324.7.2.5.

**R324.7.2.1 Size of solar photovoltaic array.** Each photovoltaic array shall be limited to 150 feet by 150 feet (45 720 by 45 720 mm). Multiple arrays shall be separated by a clear access pathway not less than 3 feet (914 mm) in width.

**R324.7.2.2 Hip roof layouts.** Panels and modules installed on *dwellings* with hip roof layouts shall be located in a manner that provides a clear access pathway not less than 3 feet (914 mm) in width from the eave to the ridge on each roof slope where panels and modules are located. The access pathway shall be located at a structurally strong location on the building capable of supporting the live load of fire fighters accessing the roof.

#### **Exceptions:**

- 1. Roofs with slopes of 2 units vertical in 12 units horizontal (16.6 percent) and less.
- 2. Roofs where each panel/module array area on the roof is 1,000 square feet (92.90 m<sup>2</sup>) or less in size, no continuous section of panels/modules is larger than 150 feet in length or width, a clear access pathway of not less than 12-inch-width is provided along each side of all horizontal ridges, and a clear access pathway of not less than 30-inch-width is provided from the eave to the ridge of one roof slope where panels/ modules are located.
- 3. Roofs where each panel/module array area on the roof is 1,000 square feet (92.90 m<sup>2</sup>) or less in size, no continuous section of panels/modules is larger than 150 feet in length or width, a clear access pathway of not less than 12-inch-width is provided along each side of all horizontal ridges, and, where panels/modules are to be placed on both sides of a hip, a clear access pathway of not less than 18-inch-width is provided along each side of such hip.
- 4. Roofs where the total combined area of solar array does not exceed 33 percent as measured in plan view of the total roof area of the structure.

**R324.7.2.3 Single ridge roofs.** Panels and modules installed on *dwellings* with a single ridge shall be located in a manner that provides two, 3-foot-wide (914 mm) access pathways from the eave to the ridge on each roof slope where panels or modules are located.

#### **Exceptions:**

- 1. Roofs with slopes of 2 units vertical in 12 units horizontal (16.6 percent) and less.
- 2. Roofs where each panel/module array area on the roof is 1,000 square feet (92.90 m<sup>2</sup>) or less in size, no continuous section of panels/modules is larger than 150 feet in length or width, and a clear access pathway of not less than 12-inch-width is provided along each side of the horizontal ridge, provided that:
  - a. The total combined area of solar array does not exceed 33 percent as measured in plan view of the total roof area of the structure; or
  - **b.** A 30-inch-wide clear access path is provided from the eave to the ridge of a roof slope where panels/modules are located.

**R324.7.2.4 Roofs with hips and valleys.** Panels and modules installed on *dwellings* with roof hips or valleys shall not be located less than 18 inches (457 mm) from a hip or valley where panels or modules are to be placed on both sides of a hip or valley. Where panels are to be located on one side only of a hip or valley that is of equal length, the 18-inch (457 mm) clearance does not apply.

#### **Exceptions:**

- 1. Roofs with slopes of 2 units vertical in 12 units horizontal (16.6 percent) and less.
- 2. Roofs where a 30-inch-wide clear access pathway is provided from the eave to the ridge as well as 12-inch-wide clear access pathways along each side of any horizontal ridge.

**R324.7.2.5 Allowance for smoke ventilation operations.** Panels and modules installed on dwellings shall not be located less than 3 feet (914 mm) below the roof ridge to allow for fire department smoke ventilation operations.

**Exception:** Where an alternative ventilation method approved by the code official has been provided or where the code official has determined that vertical ventilation techniques will not be employed, clearance from the roof ridge is not required.

<u>Note:</u> Add a Section R327 to require ignition-resistant construction and defensible space in wildfire hazard areas.

#### SECTION R327 IGNITION-RESISTANT MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION

## **R327.1** Requirements based on locations in wildfire zones.

**R327.1.1 General.** Unless other more restrictive requirements, such as those requiring an approved wildfire mitigation plan imposed through Site Plan Review or other review processes required by the Boulder County Land Use Code, apply, this section shall be applicable to all new buildings, additions and repairs, including buildings designed and constructed in accordance with the *International Building Code*.

#### **Exceptions:**

- 1. One-time additions not exceeding 200 square feet in floor area.
- 2. Construction involving only new decks or additions or repairs to existing decks need not comply with all of the defensible space requirements of Section R327.4.13, provided that defensible space is provided around the deck for Zone 1 in accordance with the defensible space standard and a weed barrier and gravel is provided on all sides of the deck in accordance with Section R327.4.13.1.

**R327.2 Wildfire Zones Defined.** For the purpose of this code, the unincorporated portion of Boulder County is divided into wildfire zones, which shall be known and designated as Wildfire Zone 1 and Wildfire Zone 2. The wildfire zones shall include such territory or portions of the unincorporated county as shown in Figure R327.2, the Wildfire Zone Map.

**R327.2.1 Buildings Located in More Than One Wildfire Zone.** A building or structure that is located partly in one wildfire zone and partly in another shall be considered to be in the wild-fire zone in which the more restrictive conditions apply.

**R327.2.2 Moved Buildings.** Any building or structure moved within or into any wildfire zone shall be made to comply with all the requirements for new buildings in that wildfire zone.

## FIGURE R327.2 WILDFIRE ZONE MAP



/whims/fire.zon.es/fire.zon.es2.mxd

**R327.3 Definitions.** The following words and terms shall, for the purpose of this Section, have the meanings shown herein.

**DEFENSIBLE SPACE.** An area either natural or manmade, where material capable of allowing a fire to spread unchecked has been treated, cleared or modified to slow the rate and intensity of an advancing wildfire and to create an area for fire suppression operations to occur.

**DEFENSIBLE SPACE STANDARD.** The Colorado State Forest Service publication, "Protecting Your Home from Wildfire: Creating Wildfire-Defensible Zones, 2012 Quick Guide" is an *approved* standard for meeting the *defensible space* requirements of Section R327.4.14 or for the creation of a *wildfire mitigation plan*, and can be found online at: <u>http://csfs.colostate.edu/csfspublications/</u> under Wildfire Mitigation & Education, Resources for Homeowners & Landowners.

**FIRE-RETARDANT-TREATED WOOD.** Wood meeting the requirements of Section R802.1.5 of the IRC or Section 2303.2 of the IBC.

**HEAVY TIMBER CONSTRUCTION (Type IV, HT).** Construction with wood framing members, columns, flooring and roof decks sized in accordance with IBC Section 602.4.

**IGNITION-RESISTANT BUILDING MATERIAL.** Ignition-resistant building materials shall comply with any one of the following:

 Extended ASTM E 84 testing. Material shall be tested on all sides with the extended ASTM E 84 (UL 723) test or ASTM E 2768, except panel products shall be permitted to test only the front and back faces. Panel products shall be tested with a ripped or cut longitudinal gap of 1/8 inch (3.2 mm). Materials that, when tested in accordance with the test procedures set forth in ASTM E 84 or UL 723 for a test period of 30 minutes, or with ASTM E 2768, comply with the following:

**1.1** Flame spread. Material shall exhibit a flame spread index not exceeding 25 and shall <u>not</u> show evidence of progressive combustion following the extended 30 minute test.

**1.2** Flame front. Material shall exhibit a flame front that does not progress more than  $10\frac{1}{2}$  feet (3200 mm) beyond the centerline of the burner at any time during the extended 30-minute test.

**1.3** Weathering. *Ignition-resistant building materials* shall maintain their performance in accordance with this Section under conditions of use. Materials shall meet the performance requirements for weathering (including exposure to temperature, moisture and ultraviolet radiation) contained in the following standards, as applicable to the materials and the conditions of use:

**1.3.1** Method A "Test Method for Accelerated Weathering of Fire-Retardant-Treated Wood for Fire Testing" in ASTM D 2898, for fire-retardant-treated wood, wood-plastic composite and plastic lumber materials.

**1.3.2** ASTM D 7032 for wood-plastic composite materials.

**1.3.3** ASTM D 6662 for plastic lumber materials.

**1.4** Identification. All materials shall bear identification showing the fire test results.

**Exception:** Materials comprised of a combustible core and a noncombustible exterior covering, comprised of either aluminum at a minimum 0.019 inch (0.48 mm) thickness or corrosion-resistant steel at a minimum .0149 inch (0.38 mm) thickness shall not be required to be tested with a ripped or cut longitudinal gap.

- **2.** Noncombustible material. Material that complies with the requirements for *noncombustible* materials in this section.
- **3.** Fire-retardant-treated wood. *Fire-retardant-treated wood* labeled for exterior use.
- 4. Fire-retardant-treated wood roof coverings. Roof assemblies containing *fire-retardant-treated wood* shingles and shakes which comply with the requirements of Section R902 of this code and classified as Class A roof assemblies as required in Section R902 of this code.
- 5. Materials currently approved by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, Office of the State Fire Marshal. Approved materials may be searched for via the following link: <u>http://osfm.</u> <u>fire.ca.gov/licensinglistings/licenselisting\_bml\_</u> <u>searchcotest.php\_</u>

Search categories include 8110-Decking Materials, 8120-Exterior Windows, 8140-Exterior Sidings and Sheathings, 8150-Exterior Doors and 8160-Under Eave. **LOG WALL CONSTRUCTION.** A type of construction in which exterior walls are constructed of solid wood members and where the smallest horizontal dimension of each solid wood member is at least 6 inches (152 mm).

**NONCOMBUSTIBLE.** As applied to building construction material means a material that, in the form in which it is used, is either one of the following:

- Material of which no part will ignite and burn when subjected to fire. Any material conforming to ASTM E 136 shall be considered *noncombustible* within the meaning of this Section.
- 2. Material having a structural base of *noncombustible* material as defined in Item 1 above, with a surfacing material not over 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) thick, which has a flame spread index of 50 or less. Flame spread index as used herein refers to a flame spread index obtained according to tests conducted as specified in ASTM E 84 or UL723.

"*Noncombustible*" does not apply to surface finish materials. Material required to be *noncombustible* for reduced clearances to flues, heating appliances or other sources of high temperature shall refer to material conforming to Item 1. No material shall be classified as noncombustible that is subject to increase in combustibility or flame spread index, beyond the limits herein established, through the effects of age, moisture or other atmospheric condition.

**WILDFIRE MITIGATION PLAN.** A *wildfire mitigation plan* addresses the appropriate site location for structures, construction design and the use of ignition-resistant building material, defensible space and fuel reduction around structures, driveway access for emergency vehicles and an emergency water supply for firefighting in accordance with Article 4-804(C.)(12.) of the Boulder County Land Use Code.

**WILDFIRE PARTNERS.** Wildfire Partners is a collaborative Boulder County wildfire hazard mitigation program for homeowners that helps to reduce the risk of damage to homes from wildland fire. In Wildfire Partners, homeowners take personal responsibility for preparing their home and property for wildland fire and actively participate in an on-site assessment with a wildfire mitigation specialist. When participants complete their customized wildfire mitigation plan and pass their follow up inspection, they receive a Wildfire Partners Certificate and may be eligible for financial assistance (www.wildfirepartners.org).

**R327.4 Restrictions in Wildfire Zone No. 1.** Buildings constructed in Wildfire Zone 1 shall comply with this section.

**R327.4.1 Roof covering.** Roof covering materials installed in Wildfire Zone 1 shall be listed Class A roof covering materials or be constructed as a Class A roof assembly. For roof coverings where the profile allows a space between the roof covering and roof decking, the space at the eave ends shall be fire stopped to preclude entry of flames or embers, or have one layer of 72-pound (32.4 kg) mineral-surfaced, non-perforated cap sheet complying with ASTM D 3909 installed over the combustible decking.

**R327.4.1.1 Roof valleys.** When provided, valley flashings shall be not less than 0.019 inch (No. 26 galvanized sheet gage) corrosion-resistant metal installed over a minimum 36-inch-wide underlayment consisting of one layer of 72-pound mineral-surfaced, non-perforated cap sheet complying with ASTM D 3909 running the full length of the valley.

**R327.4.2 Gutters and downspouts.** Gutters, and downspouts and gutter covering devices shall be constructed of noncombustible material. Gutters shall be provided with an approved means to prevent the accumulation of leaves, pine needles and debris in the gutter.

**Exception:** Buildings meeting one of the exceptions to Section R401.3.1 of this code may be constructed without gutters and downspouts.

**R327.4.3 Spark arrestors.** Chimneys serving fireplaces, barbecues, incinerators or decorative heating appliances in which solid or liquid fuel is used shall be protected with a spark arrester. Spark arresters shall be constructed of woven or welded wire screening of 12 USA standard gauge wire (0.1046 inch)(2.66 mm) having openings not exceeding  $\frac{1}{2}$ inch (12.7 mm). The net free area of the spark arrester shall not be less than four times the net free area of the outlet of the chimney.

**R327.4.4 Fences, retaining walls and similar appurtenances.** Fences, retaining walls or other appurtenances that connect to buildings must be constructed of *noncombustible materials* or *ignition-resistant materials* for a distance of 3 feet beyond the exterior walls.

**R327.4.5 Protection of eaves.** The leading edge of the roof at the fascia must be finished with a metal drip edge so that no wood sheathing is exposed. Eaves, fascias, and soffits, covered decks or covered porch ceilings shall be protected on the enclosed underside by one of the following materials or methods:

- 1. Noncombustible materials.
- 2. Ignition-resistant materials.
- **3.** Materials approved for a minimum of 1-hour fire-resistance-rated construction.
- 4. 2-inch-thick nominal dimension lumber.
- **5.** 1-inch-thick nominal *fire-retardant-treated wood*.
- **6.** <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-inch-thick nominal *fire retardant-treated* plywood labeled for exterior use.
- 7. Any materials permitted by this code.

#### **Exceptions:**

- 1. Vinyl or plastic soffits, fascia or *trim* are not permitted.
- 2. Rafter tails or roof beam ends may be exposed if they are *heavy timber* having minimum dimensions not less than 6 inch nominal in width and not less than 8 inches nominal in depth.

**R327.4.6 Exterior walls.** Exterior walls of buildings or structures shall be constructed with one of the following methods:

- 1. *Noncombustible materials* approved for a minimum of 1-hour fire-resistance-rated construction on the exterior side.
- 2. Approved *noncombustible materials*.
- 3. *Heavy timber* or *log wall construction*.
- **4.** *Fire-retardant-treated wood* labeled for exterior use on the exterior side.
- 5. *Ignition-resistant materials* on the exterior side.

Such material shall extend from the top of the foundation to the underside of the roof sheathing.

**Exception:** *Trim* is not required to meet the materials requirements for exterior walls.

**R327.4.7 Unenclosed under floor protection.** Buildings or structures shall have all underfloor areas enclosed to the ground with exterior walls in accordance with Section R327.4.6. For decks, see Section R327.4.8.

**Exception:** Complete enclosure may be omitted where the underside of all exposed floors and all exposed structural columns, beams, and supporting walls are protected as required for exterior 1-hour fire-resistance-rated construction or *heavy timber construction* or *fire-retardant-treated wood* labeled for exterior use.

#### R327.4.8 Decks, appendages, and projections.

Decks and other unenclosed accessory structures attached to buildings shall be constructed of the following materials:

> **R327.4.8.1 Deck surface:** *Non-combustible* material, approved wood thermoplastic composite lumber with an ASTM E84 flamespread index no greater than 200, *ignitionresistant building materials* or any *approved* Class A roof assembly.

**R327.4.8.2 Deck framing:** Deck framing shall be constructed of one of the following:

- 1. 1-hour fire resistance-rated construction
- 2. *Heavy timber* construction.
- 3. Approved *noncombustible materials*.
- **4.** *Fire-retardant-treated wood* labeled for exterior use.
- 5. Ignition-resistant building materials.
- 6. Wood with a minimum nominal thickness of at least 2 inches for joists and 4 inches for beams and columns or posts.

**R327.4.9 Exterior windows and glazing.** Exterior windows, window walls, glazed doors, windows within exterior doors, and skylights shall be tempered glass, multi-layered glazing, glass block, or have a fire protection rating of not less than 20 minutes. Unless they are part of a fire-rated assembly, window frames and sashes may be of any material permitted by this code.

**Exception:** Windows with unreinforced vinyl frames or sashes are not permitted.

**R327.4.10 Exterior doors.** Exterior doors and garage doors shall be approved noncombustible construction, metal clad, solid core wood not less than 1 3/4 inches in thickness, or have a fire protection

rating of not less than 20 minutes. Windows within doors and glazed doors shall be in accordance with Section R325.6.6.

Exception: Vehicle access doors.

**R327.4.11 Vents.** Attic ventilation openings, foundation or under-floor vents, or other ventilation openings in vertical exterior walls and vents through roofs shall not exceed 144 square inches each. Such vents shall be covered with noncombustible corrosion-resistant mesh with openings not to exceed 1/8 inches or shall be designed and *approved* to prevent flame or ember penetration into the structure. Gable end and dormer vents shall be located at least 15 feet from property lines and shall be designed and *approved* to prevent flame or ember penetration into the structure. Underfloor ventilation openings shall be located as close to grade as practical.

**R327.4.12 Detached accessory structures.** Detached accessory structures shall have exterior walls constructed in accordance with Section R327.4.6.

**R327.4.12.1 Underfloor areas.** Where the detached structure is located and constructed so that the structure or any portion thereof projects over a descending slope surface greater than 10 percent, the area below the structure shall have all underfloor areas enclosed to within 6 inches of the ground with exterior wall construction in accordance with Section R327.4.6 or underfloor protection in accordance with Section R327.4.7.

**Exception:** The enclosure shall not be required where the underside of all exposed floors and all exposed structural columns, beams, and supporting walls are protected as required for exterior 1-hour fire-resistance-rated construction or *heavy timber construction* or *fire-retardant-treated wood* on the exterior side. The *fire-retardant-treated wood* shall be labeled for exterior use.

**R327.4.13 Defensible space.** Individual buildings or structures on a property must be provided with a fuel modification zone in accordance with the *defensible space standard*. When additions requiring a permit occur, both existing and new structures must be provided with *defensible space* in accordance with this section. The fuel modification zone must be main-

tained at all times.

#### **Exceptions:**

- 1. The implementation and completion of an *approved wildfire mitigation plan* prior to final inspection approval for the project.
- 2. Participation in the *Wildfire Partners* program and the issuance of a *Wildfire Partners* certificate prior to final inspection approval for the project.

#### R327.4.13.1 Weed barrier and gravel or crushed

**rock.** A weed barrier and gravel or crushed rock not less than <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-inch in diameter applied at least 2 inches thick must be installed beneath decks, unenclosed floors, and around the perimeter of the building to extend at least 3 feet beyond the exterior walls and at least 2 feet beyond the driplines of decks, bay windows and other eaves and overhangs.

**Exception:** Noncombustible surfaces, such as poured concrete or asphalt, or other *approved noncombustible* materials, such as a weed barrier and brick, concrete or stone pavers, may be used to satisfy this requirement.

#### R327.5 Restrictions in Wildfire Zone 2.

**R327.5.1 Roof covering.** Roofs shall have a roof covering or assembly that complies with a Class B rating or better when tested in accordance with ASTM E 108 or UL 790 or an *approved noncombustible roof* covering.
#### SECTION R328 SOLAR PRE-WIRE OPTION

**R328.1 Solar pre-wire option.** In accordance with Section 1, Article 37.7 of title 38 of the Colorado Revised Statutes, every new single-family detached residence shall include one of the following:

- 1. A residential photovoltaic solar generation system or a residential solar thermal system, or both, or
- 2. Upgrades of wiring or plumbing, or both, installed by the builder to accommodate the future installation of a residential photovoltaic solar generation system or a residential solar thermal system, or both, or
- **3.** A metallic chase or conduit, or both, constructed to allow ease of future installation of the necessary wiring or plumbing for a residential photovoltaic solar generation system or a residential solar thermal system, or both.

#### IRC SECTION R329 ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING PRE-WIRE OPTION

**R329.1 Electric vehicle charging pre-wire option.** In addition to the one 125-volt receptacle outlet required for each car space by NEC Section 210.52(G)(1.), every new garage or carport that is accessory to a one- or two-family dwelling or townhouse shall include at least one of the following, installed in accordance with the requirements of Article 625 of the Electrical Code:

- **1.** A Level 2 (240-volt) electric vehicle charging receptacle outlet, or
- 2. Upgraded wiring to accommodate the future installation of a Level 2 (240-volt) electric vehicle charging receptacle outlet, or
- **3.** Electrical conduit to allow ease of future installation of a Level 2 (240-volt) electric vehicle charging receptacle outlet.

# IRC CHAPTER 4 FOUNDATIONS SECTION R401

**GENERAL** 

# R401.3 Drainage.

#### R401.3.1 Gutters and downspouts. Gutters,

downspouts, and downspout extensions are required on all buildings.

#### **Exceptions:**

- 1. Post framed buildings.
- 2. Buildings where, in the opinion of the building official, the gutters will become damaged by sliding snow.
- **3.** Roofs with eaves or overhangs of six feet or greater.
- 4. Roofs that are constructed with internal roof drains
- **5.** Buildings where an approved alternate means of drainage is designed by a soils engineer or other qualified registered design professional.

# IRC CHAPTER 8 ROOF-CEILING CONSTRUCTION

#### SECTION R806 ROOF VENTILATION

**R806.1 Roof ventilation.** See the provisions of Section R327.4.12 for attic ventilation in Wildfire Zone 1.

# IRC CHAPTER 9 ROOF ASSEMBLIES

#### SECTION R902 ROOF COVERING MATERIALS

Add a sentence to Section R902.1, as follows:

**R902.1 Roof covering materials.** See Section R327.4.1 for roof covering materials requirements in Wildfire Zone 1 and Section R327.5.1 for roof covering materials requirements in Wildfire Zone 2.

#### SECTION R903 ROOF DRAINAGE

**R903.4.1.1 Sizing of roof drains, scuppers, and downspouts.** The rainfall amount to be used to size roof drainage components shall be 2.4 inches per hour.

# Part IV—Energy Conservation

# IRC CHAPTER 11 ENERGY EFFICIENCY

<u>Note:</u> IRC Chapter 11 is amended in its entirety to contain the requirements of the Boulder County BuildSmart program for residential energy efficiency and sustainability. Amended as such, the provisions are not interchangeable with the residential energy [RE] provisions of the International Energy Conservation Code.

#### SECTION N1101 GENERAL

**N1101.1 Scope.** This chapter regulates the energy efficiency for the design and construction of buildings regulated by this code.

**Exception:** Federally-certified manufactured dwellings and state-certified factory-built dwellings.

N1101.2 Intent. This chapter shall regulate the design and construction of buildings for the effective use and conservation of energy over the useful life of each building. This chapter is intended to provide flexibility to permit the use of innovative approaches and techniques to achieve this objective. This chapter is not intended to abridge safety, health or environmental requirements contained in other applicable codes or ordinances. This chapter implements the provisions of the "Boulder County BuildSmart" program. BuildSmart serves the County's stated goals of promoting and encouraging high performing, sustainable residential development and redevelopment in the unincorporated areas of Boulder County by: promoting development that will create energy efficient structures that reduce both the production of greenhouse gases from residential buildings and the amount of material sent to landfills; conserving water and other natural resources in the homebuilding process; and insuring proper indoor air quality. BuildSmart also furthers the goals and measures outlined in the Colorado Climate Action Plan and the county's Sustainable Energy Plan. The production and efficient use of energy will continue to play a central role in the future of Colorado and the nation as a whole. The development, production, and efficient use of renewable energy will advance the security, economic well-being, and public and environmental health of Colorado, as well as contributing to the energy independence of our nation. The 2015 revision to BuildSmart continues to include both performance and a prescriptive options for compliance, providing additional flexibility in selection of the most cost-effective design for each project.

**N1101.3 Compliance materials.** The *building official* shall be permitted to approve specific computer software, work-sheets, compliance manuals and other similar materials that meet the intent of this code.

**N1101.4 Above code programs.** The *building official* or other authority having jurisdiction shall be permitted to deem a national, state or local energy-efficiency program to exceed the energy efficiency required by this code. Buildings *approved* in writing by such an energy-efficiency program shall be considered in compliance with this code. The requirements identified as "mandatory" in this chapter, as applicable, shall be met.

**N1101.5 Information on construction documents.** Construction documents shall be drawn to scale upon suitable material. Electronic media documents are permitted to be submitted when *approved* by the *building official*. Construction documents shall be of sufficient clarity to indicate the location, nature and extent of the work proposed, and show in sufficient detail pertinent data and features of the building, systems and equipment as herein governed. Details shall include, but are not limited to, as applicable:

- 1. Insulation materials and their *R*-values.
- 2. Fenestration *U*-factors and SHGCs.
- **3.** Area-weighted *U*-factor and SHGC calculations.
- 4. Mechanical system design criteria
- **5.** Mechanical and service water heating system and equipment types, sizes and efficiencies.
- 6. Equipment and system controls.
- 7. Duct sealing, duct and pipe insulation and location.
- 8. Air sealing details.
- 9. Area of Floor to area of Glass Ratio

**N1101.5.1 Thermal envelope depiction.** The building's thermal envelope shall be represented on the construction drawings.

**N1101.6 Defined terms.** The following words and terms shall, for the purposes of this chapter, have the meanings shown herein.

**ABOVE-GRADE WALL.** A wall more than 50 percent above grade and enclosing *conditioned space*. This includes between-floor spandrels, peripheral edges of floors, roof and basement knee walls, dormer walls, gable end walls, walls enclosing a mansard roof and skylight shafts.

**ACCESSIBLE.** Admitting close approach as a result of not being guarded by locked doors, elevation or other effective means (see "Readily *accessible*").

**ADDITION.** An extension or increase in the *conditioned space* floor area or height of a building or structure.

**AIR BARRIER.** Material(s) assembled and joined together to provide a barrier to air leakage through the building envelope. An air barrier may be a single material or a combination of materials.

**ALTERATION.** Any construction, retrofit or renovation to an existing structure other than repair or addition that requires a permit. Also, a change in a building, electrical, gas, mechanical or plumbing system that involves an extension, addition or change to the arrangement, type or purpose of the original installation that requires a permit.

**AUTOMATIC.** Self-acting, operating by its own mechanism when actuated by some impersonal influence, as, for example, a change in current strength, pressure, temperature or mechanical configuration (see "Manual").

**BASEMENT WALL.** A wall 50 percent or more below grade and enclosing *conditioned space*.

**BUILDING.** Any structure used or intended for supporting or sheltering any use or occupancy, including any mechanical systems, service water heating systems and electric power and lighting systems located on the building site and supporting the building.

**BUILDING SITE.** A contiguous area of land that is under the ownership or control of one entity.

**BUILDING THERMAL ENVELOPE.** The basement walls, exterior walls, floor, roof and any other building elements that enclose *conditioned space* or provide a boundary between *conditioned space* and exempt or unconditioned space.

**C-FACTOR (THERMAL CONDUCTANCE).** The coefficient of heat transmission (surface to surface) through a building component or assembly, equal to the time rate of heat flow per unit area and the unit temperature difference between the warm side and cold side surfaces (Btu/h  $\cdot$  ft<sup>2</sup>.

 $^{\circ}F)$  [W/(m<sub>2</sub> ·K)].

**CIRCULATING HOT WATER SYSTEM.** A specifically designed water distribution system where one or more pumps are operated in the service hot water piping to circulate heated water from the water-heating equipment to fixtures and back to the water-heating equipment.

**CLIMATE ZONE.** A geographical region based on climatic criteria as specified in this code.

**CONDITIONED FLOOR AREA.** The horizontal projection of the floors associated with the *conditioned space*. For the purposes of this chapter, the *conditioned floor area* shall be measured as the floor area within the inside face of the interior *air barrier*.

**CONDITIONED SPACE.** An area, room or space that is enclosed within the building thermal envelope and that is directly heated or cooled or indirectly heated or cooled. Spaces are indirectly heated or cooled where they communicate through openings with conditioned spaces, where they are separated from conditioned spaces by uninsulated walls, floors or ceilings, or where they contain uninsulated ducts, piping or other sources of heating or cooling.

**CONTINUOUS AIR BARRIER.** A combination of materials and assemblies that restrict or prevent the passage of air through the building thermal envelope.

**CONTINUOUS INSULATION (ci).** Insulating material that is continuous across all structural members without thermal bridges other than fasteners and service openings. It is installed on the interior or exterior, or is integral to any opaque surface, of the building envelope.

**CRAWL SPACE WALL.** The opaque portion of a wall that encloses a crawl space and is partially or totally below grade.

**CURTAIN WALL.** Fenestration products used to create an external nonload-bearing wall that is designed to separate the exterior and interior environments.

**DECONSTRUCTION.** The dismantling of an existing building or portion thereof without the use of heavy machinery or the destruction of the materials. Deconstruction includes the salvage of materials from the existing structure for recycling, resale, or reuse as an alternative to sending them to a landfill. There are two types of deconstruction, structural and non-structural deconstruction.

**DECONSTRUCTION, NON-STRUCTURAL.** Non-Structural deconstruction (also referred to as soft-stripping) is the removal and reclaiming of the reusable non-structural components such as appliances, cabinets, doors, windows, flooring, fixtures, and finish materials.

**DECONSTRUCTION, STRUCTURAL.** Structural deconstruction is the removal and reclaiming of the reusable structural components of a building, such as walls, floors, and roofs.

**DECONSTRUCTION PROFESSIONAL.** A professional engaged in the deconstruction field.

**DEMOLITION.** The tearing down of an existing structure and the disposal of its components or materials without the implementation of deconstruction techniques.

**DEMAND RECIRCULATION WATER SYSTEM.** A water distribution system where pump(s) prime the service hot water piping with heated water upon demand for hot water.

**DUCT.** A tube or conduit utilized for conveying air. The air passages of self-contained systems are not to be construed as air ducts.

**DUCT SYSTEM.** A continuous passageway for the transmission of air that, in addition to ducts, includes duct fittings, dampers, plenums, fans and accessory air-handling equipment and appliances.

**ENERGY ANALYSIS.** A method for estimating the annual energy use of the *proposed design* and *standard reference design* based on estimates of energy use.

**ENERGY COST.** The total estimated annual cost for purchased energy for the building functions regulated by this code, including applicable demand charges.

**ENERGY SIMULATION TOOL.** An *approved* software program or calculation-based methodology that projects the annual energy use of a building.

**ENERGYSMART,** A Boulder County service that partners with local municipalities, non-profits, and utilities to assist county residents and businesses with improving a wide variety of sustainability related aspects of their living and work places, with particular emphasis on its energy usage. This program is principally funded by Boulder County with additional contributions from the City of Boulder, and is designed to stimulate local economic growth, increase energy efficiency and renewable energy investment in Boulder County, and reduce the climate affected impacts of the human environment (www.energysmartyes.com).

**ENERGYSMART ASSESSMENT,** An assessment analyzing your home's energy related attributes, provides the foundation for making cost-effective home improvements that will result in lower energy costs, increased occupant comfort, and a safer and healthier living environment (www. energysmartyes.com).

**ENERGYSMART ADVISING.** A one-on-one, personalized free service that is available to all EnergySmart participating homes and businesses. The Energy Advisor can help answer questions, aid in the prioritization of projects, connect customers with qualified contractors, find and apply for incentives and low-cost financing, and make upgrade process as smooth and hassle free as possible (www.energysmartyes.com).

**ENERGY STAR (for homes),** A national program from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that certifies new homes for features related to energy efficiency, durability, and indoor air quality (www.energystar.gov).

**ERI REFERENCE DESIGN.** A version of the rated design that meets the minimum requirements of the 2006 *International Energy Conservation Code*.

**EXTERIOR WALL.** Walls including both above-grade walls and basement walls.

**FENESTRATION.** Products classified as either *vertical fenestration* or *skylights*.

**FENESTRATION PRODUCT, SITE-BUILT.** A fenestration designed to be made up of field-glazed or field-assembled units using specific factory cut or otherwise factoryformed framing and glazing units. Examples of site-built fenestration include storefront systems, curtain walls, and atrium roof systems.

**FENESTRATION, VERTICAL.** Windows (fixed or moveable), opaque doors, glazed doors, glazed block and combination opaque/glazed doors composed of glass or other transparent or translucent glazing materials and installed

at a slope of a least 60 degrees (1.05 rad) from horizontal.

**HEATED SLAB.** Slab-on-grade construction in which the heating elements, hydronic tubing, or hot air distribution system is in contact with, or placed within or under, the slab.

**HIGH-EFFICACY LAMPS.** Compact fluorescent lamps, T-8 or smaller diameter linear fluorescent lamps, or lamps with a minimum efficacy of:

- 1. 60 lumens per watt for lamps over 40 watts;
- **2.** 50 lumens per watt for lamps over 15 watts to 40 watts; and
- **3.** 40 lumens per watt for lamps 15 watts or less.

**HISTORIC BUILDING.** Buildings that are listed in or eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places, or designated as historic under an appropriate state or local law.

**INFILTRATION.** The uncontrolled inward air leakage into a building caused by the pressure effects of wind or the effect of differences in the indoor and outdoor air density or both.

**INSULATED SIDING.** A type of continuous insulation with manufacturer-installed insulating material as an integral part of the cladding product having a minimum R-value of R-2 and is installed in a manner that places the insulation in direct contact with the surface that it is intended to insulate without gaps or voids.

**INSULATING SHEATHING.** An insulating board with a core material having a minimum *R*-value of R-2.

**LEED.** Leadership in Energy & Environmental Design is a green building certification program that encourages green building strategies and practices. To receive LEED certification, building projects satisfy prerequisites and earn points to achieve different levels of certification. LEED is a program of the US Green Building Council (USGBC) (http://www.usgbc.org/leed).

**LIVING BUILDING CHALLENGE.** A green building certification program administered by the International Living Future Institute. To be certified under this program, projects must meet a series of ambitious performance requirements (http://living-future.org).

**LOW-VOLTAGE LIGHTING.** Lighting equipment powered through a transformer such as a cable conductor, a rail conductor and track lighting. **MANUAL.** Capable of being operated by personal intervention (see "Automatic").

**PASSIVE HOUSE.** The term Passive House (Passivhaus in German) refers to a rigorous standard for energy efficiency in buildings. It results in buildings that require little energy for space heating or cooling. The certification program is administered by PHIUS, which is a 501(c)3 organization that provides research, technical standards, training, certification and design tools (www.phius.org)

**PROPOSED DESIGN.** A description of the proposed building used to estimate annual energy use for determining compliance based on total building performance.

**RATED DESIGN.** A description of the proposed *building* used to determine the energy rating index.

**READILY ACCESSIBLE.** Capable of being reached quickly for operation, renewal or inspection without requiring those to whom ready access is requisite to climb over or remove obstacles or to resort to portable ladders or access equipment (see "*Accessible*").

**RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS.** Any renewable energy systems which meet the intent of the required on-site renewable energy offset required by other sections of this code, including solar thermal systems, solar photovoltaic electric systems, geothermal heating systems, wood- and pellet-burning stoves, boilers, or furnaces; small scale wind generation systems, and other similar systems.

**REPAIR.** The reconstruction or renewal of any part of an existing building for the purpose of its maintenance or to correct damage. For definitions applicable in Chapter 11, see Section N1101.9.

**REROOFING.** The process of recovering or replacing an existing *roof covering*. See "Roof recover" and "Roof replacement."

**RESIDENTIAL BUILDING.** For this chapter, includes detached one- and two-family dwellings and multiple single-family dwellings (townhouses) as well as Group R-2, R-3 and R-4 buildings three stories or less in height above grade plane.

**ROOF RECOVER.** The process of installing an additional *roof covering* over a prepared existing *roof covering* without removing the existing *roof covering*.

**ROOF REPAIR.** Reconstruction or renewal of any part of an existing roof for the purposes of its maintenance.

**ROOF REPLACEMENT.** The process of removing the existing *roof covering*, repairing any damaged substrate and installing a new *roof covering*.

*R***-VALUE (THERMAL RESISTANCE).** The inverse of the time rate of heat flow through a body from one of its bounding surfaces to the other surface for a unit temperature difference between the two surfaces, under steady state conditions, per unit area  $(h \cdot ft_2 \cdot °F/Btu)$  [ $(m_2 \cdot K)/W$ ].

**SERVICE WATER HEATING.** Supply of hot water for purposes other than comfort heating.

**SKYLIGHT.** Glass or other transparent or translucent glazing material installed at a slope of less than 60 degrees (1.05 rad) from horizontal. Glazing material in skylights, including unit skylights, solariums, sunrooms, roofs and sloped walls is included in this definition.

**SOLAR HEAT GAIN COEFFICIENT (SHGC).** The ratio of the solar heat gain entering the space through the fenestration assembly to the incident solar radiation. Solar heat gain includes directly transmitted solar heat and absorbed solar radiation that is then reradiated, conducted or convected into the space.

**STANDARD REFERENCE DESIGN.** A version of the *proposed design* that meets the minimum requirements of this code and is used to determine the maximum annual energy use requirement for compliance based on total building performance.

**SUNROOM.** A one-story structure attached to a dwelling with a glazing area in excess of 40 percent of the gross area of the structure's exterior walls and roof.

**THERMAL ISOLATION.** Physical and space conditioning separation from *conditioned space(s)*. The *conditioned space(s)* shall be controlled as separate zones for heating and cooling or conditioned by separate equipment.

**THERMOSTAT.** An automatic control device used to maintain temperature at a fixed or adjustable set point.

*U*-FACTOR (THERMAL TRANSMITTANCE). The coefficient of heat transmission (air to air) through a building component or assembly, equal to the time rate of heat flow per unit area and unit temperature difference between the warm side and cold side air films (Btu/h  $\cdot$  ft2  $\cdot$  °F) [W/(m2  $\cdot$  K)].

**VENTILATION AIR.** That portion of supply air that comes from outside (outdoors) plus any recirculated air that has been treated to maintain the desired quality of air within a designated space.

**VISIBLE TRANSMITTANCE [VT].** The ratio of visible light entering the space through the fenestration product assembly to the incident visible light, Visible Transmittance, includes the effects of glazing material and frame and is expressed as a number between 0 and 1.

WHOLE HOUSE MECHANICAL VENTILATION SYSTEM. An exhaust system, supply system, or combination thereof that is designed to mechanically exchange indoor air with outdoor air when operating continuously or through a programmed intermittent schedule to satisfy the whole house ventilation rates.

**ZERO ENERGY READY HOMES (ZERH).** This national certification program from the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) was previously known as the "Challenge Home" program. This program incorporates the basics of the Energy Star for Homes program, and adds additional requirements for water conservation, indoor air quality, and energy efficiency (http://energy.gov/eere/buildings/zero-energy-ready-home).

**ZONE.** A space or group of spaces within a building with heating or cooling requirements that are sufficiently similar so that desired conditions can be maintained throughout using a single controlling device.

**N1101.7 Climate zones.** All of unincorporated Boulder County shall be considered Climate Zone 5. For buildings located on sites that are above 5500 feet in elevation, alternate, more specific weather data may be accepted.

Tables N1101.7 (R301.1), "CLIMATE ZONES, MOIS-TURE REGIMES AND WARM-HUMID DESIGNA-TIONS BY STATE, COUNTY AND TERRITORY," and N1101.7.2, "INTERNATIONAL CLIMATE ZONE DEFI-NITIONS," are deleted. Sections N1101.7.1, "Warm humid counties," and Section N1101.7.2, "International climate zones," are also deleted.



FIGURE N1101.7 CLIMATE ZONES

N1101.8 (R301.4) Tropical climate zone. This section is deleted.

**N1101.9 Interior design conditions.** The interior design temperatures used for heating and cooling load calculations shall be a maximum of  $72^{\circ}F$  ( $22^{\circ}C$ ) for heating and minimum of  $75^{\circ}F$  ( $24^{\circ}C$ ) for cooling.

**N1101.10 Identification.** Materials, systems and equipment shall be identified in a manner that will allow a determination of compliance with the applicable provisions of this code.

N1101.10.1 Building thermal envelope insulation.

An *R*-value identification mark shall be applied by the manufacturer to each piece of building thermal envelope insulation 12 inches (305 mm) or greater in width. Alternately, the insulation installers shall provide a certification listing the type, manufacturer and *R*-value of insulation installed in each element of the *building thermal envelope*. For blown or sprayed insulation (fiberglass and cellulose), the initial installed thickness, settled thickness, settled *R*-value, installed density, coverage area and number of bags installed shall be *listed* on the certification. For insulated siding, the *R*-value shall be labeled on the product's package and shall be *listed* on the certification. The insulation installer shall sign, date and post the certification in a conspicuous location on the job site.

**N1101.10.1.1 Blown or sprayed roof/ceiling insulation.** The thickness of blown-in or sprayed roof/ceiling insulation (fiberglass or cellulose) shall be written in inches (mm) on markers that are installed at least one for every 300 square feet (28 m<sub>2</sub>) throughout the attic space. The markers shall be affixed to the trusses or joists and marked with the minimum initial installed thickness with numbers not less than 1 inch (25 mm) in height. Each marker shall face the attic access opening. Spray polyurethane foam thickness and installed *R*-value shall be *listed* on certification provided by the insulation installer.

#### N1101.10.2 Insulation mark installation.

Insulating materials shall be installed such that the manufacturer's *R*-value mark is readily observable upon inspection.

**N1101.10.3 Fenestration product rating.** *U*-factors of fenestration products (windows, doors and skylights) shall be determined in accordance with NFRC 100.

# **Exception:** Where required, garage door *U*-factors shall be determined in accordance with either NFRC 100 or ANSI/DASMA 105.

U-factors shall be determined by an accredited, independent laboratory, and labeled and certified by the manufacturer. Products lacking such a labeled U-factor shall be assigned a default U-factor from Table N1101.10.3(1) or N1101.10.3(2). The solar heat gain coefficient (SHGC) and visible transmittance (VT) of glazed fenestration products (windows, glazed doors and skylights) shall be determined in accordance with NFRC 200 by an accredited, independent laboratory, and labeled and certified by the manufacturer. Products lacking such a labeled SHGC or VT shall be assigned a default SHGC or VT from Table N1101.10.3(3).

TABLE N1101.10.3(1)DEFAULT GLAZED FENESTRATION U-FACTORS

	SINGLE	DOUBLE	SKYLIGHT			
FRAMETIFE	PANE	PANE	Single	Double		
Metal	1.20	0.80	2.00	1.30		
Metal with Thermal Break	1.10	0.65	1.90	1.10		
Nonmetal or Metal Clad	0.95	0.55	1.75	1.05		
Glazed Block	0.60					

#### TABLE N1101.10.3(2) DEFAULT DOOR U-FACTORS

DOOR TYPE	U-FACTOR
Uninsulated Metal	1.20
Insulated Metal	0.60
Wood	0.50
Insulated, nonmetal edge, max 45% glazing, any glazing double pane	0.35

#### TABLE N1101.10.3(3) DEFAULT GLAZED FENESTRATION SHGC AND VT

	SINGLE GLAZED		DOUBLE	GLAZED		
	Clear	Tinted	Clear Tinted		BLOCK	
SHGC	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	
VT	0.6	0.3	0.6	0.3	0.6	

**N1101.10.4 Insulation product rating.** The thermal resistance (*R*-value) of insulation shall be determined in accordance with the U.S. Federal Trade Commission *R*-value rule (CFR Title 16, Part 460) in units of  $h \times ft2 \times {}^{\circ}F/Btu$  at a mean temperature of 75°F (24°C).

**N1101.10.4.1 Insulated siding.** The thermal resistance (*R*-value) of insulated siding shall be determined in accordance with ASTM C 1363.

Installation for testing shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions.

**N1101.11 Installation.** All materials, systems and equipment shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and this code.

**N1101.11.1 Protection of exposed foundation insulation.** Insulation applied to the exterior of basement walls, crawlspace walls and the perimeter of slab-on-grade floors shall have a rigid, opaque and weather-resistant protective covering to prevent the degradation of the insulation's thermal performance. The protective covering shall cover the exposed exterior insulation and extend not less than 6 inches (153 mm) below grade.

**N1101.12 Maintenance information.** Maintenance instructions shall be furnished for equipment and systems that require preventive maintenance. Required regular maintenance actions shall be clearly stated and incorporated on a readily accessible label. The label shall include the title or publication number for the operation and maintenance manual for that particular model and type of product.

**N1101.13 Compliance.** Projects shall comply with one of the following:

- 1. N1101.13.1 New Dwellings. New dwellings shall comply with the requirements of Figure N1101.13.1, "Options for New Dwellings".
- 2. N1101.13.2 Additions. Additions shall comply with the requirements of Figure N1101.13.2, "Options for Additions."
- 3. N1101.13.3 Alterations, Remodels, and Repairs. Alterations, Remodels, and Repairs shall comply with the requirements of Figure N1101.13.3 "Options for Alterations, Remodels, and Repairs."

N1101.13.1 Tropical zone. This section is deleted.

**N1101.14 Certificate (Mandatory).** A permanent certificate shall be completed by the builder or registered design professional and posted on a wall in the space where the furnace is located, a utility room or an approved location inside the building. Where located on an electrical panel, the certificate shall not cover or obstruct the visibility of the circuit directory label, service disconnect label or other required labels. The certificate shall list the predominant *R*-values of insulation installed in or on ceiling/roof, walls, foundation (slab, *basement wall*, crawl space wall and/or floor) and ducts outside conditioned spaces; *U*-factors for fenestration and the solar heat gain coefficient (SHGC) of fenestration, and the results from any required duct system

and building envelope air leakage testing done on the building. Where there is more than one value for each component, the certificate shall list the value covering the largest area. The certificate shall list the types and efficiencies of heating, cooling and service water heating equipment. Where a gas-fired unvented room heater, electric furnace, or baseboard electric heater is installed in the residence, the certificate shall list "gas-fired unvented room heater," "electric furnace" or "baseboard electric heater," as appropriate. An efficiency shall not be *listed* for gas-fired unvented room heaters, electric furnaces or electric baseboard heaters. Where photovoltaic systems are present, the certificate shall indicate the number of panels, the nameplate rating of the system (kW), and the anticipated average annual output (kWh) of the system.

#### N1101.15 Deconstruction (Mandatory)

**N1101.15.1 Deconstruction.** All existing buildings and portions thereof requiring removal of building materials must be deconstructed as defined in this chapter. Demolition is not permitted.

**N1101.15.2 Penalty.** Buildings that are demolished or partially demolished rather than deconstructed will, at the discretion of the Building Official, be issued a stop work notice for a period not exceeding 30 days.

**1101.15.3 Documentation of Intent to Deconstruct.** Documentation of intent to deconstruct consisting of a deconstruction plan, a written description of deconstruction work, or the County Deconstruction Checklist must be provided at building permit application. The documentation of intent to deconstruct must include: the name of the Deconstruction Contractor, a list of the materials to be recovered, donated, or reused, and the destination of the materials. The documentation must include both Nonstructural Deconstruction and Structural Deconstruction. Items which must be donated, sold, or re-used include: cabinets, dimensional lumber, flooring, and solid core doors.

**N1101.15.4 Verification of deconstruction of a structure.** The completion of deconstruction as approved on the deconstruction plan must be verified by the Building Division. The owner or deconstruction contractor shall provide written verification of deconstruction by means of receipts or a written log, maintained by the homeowner or general contractor, which includes the volume or weight of materials and the destination where they were transported to the Building Division office. Verification must be received prior to scheduling the rough inspections. **N1101.16 Construction jobsite waste reduction and recycling (Mandatory).** All construction jobsite waste must be recycled including wood, scrap metal, cardboard, and concrete. Labeled containers must be provided at the construction-site for use in capturing recyclable material. A mixed load container may be used if that container is being sent to a waste/recycling center that will verify the weight of recycled material recovered from that mixed load.

#### N1101.16.1 Documentation of intent to recycle.

Documentation of intent to recycle which consists of a recycling plan, a written description of recycling activity, or the submittal of the County Recycling Checklist must be provided at building permit application. The documentation must clearly show how the requirements of Section 1101.15 will be met and must specify the locations of recycling containers and the destination where material will be recycled.

**N1101.16.2 Verification.** Field inspection will be made by the Boulder County Building Division during the construction process to assure that

recycling containers have been placed on-site. Prior to the final inspection, documentation must be provided to the Building Division office by the owner or waste/recycling contractor indicating the weight or volume of materials diverted from the waste stream. Materials that must be recycled include: appliances, concrete, metals, cardboard, and wood (except pressure treated or painted wood), and thermostats and other devices containing mercury. Other materials which are accepted by the waste/recycling contractor must also be recycled.

**N1101.17 Indoor water conservation (Mandatory).** New and replacement bathroom sink faucets, shower heads, toilets, and urinals must be labeled as meeting EPA Water Sense (www.epa.gov/WaterSense/) criteria.

#### **Exceptions:**

- 1. Showerheads with a maximum flow of 2.0 gallons per minute (gpm).
- **2.** Urinals with a maximum flush rate of 0.5 gallons per flush (gpf).



### FIGURE N1101.13.1 OPTIONS FOR NEW DWELLINGS<sup>a,b,c,d</sup>

- a. Buildings with glazing to floor area ratios that exceed 18% may not use the prescriptive path. **Exception:** Passive solar designs in which 50% or more of the total glazing faces south.
- **b.** The energy efficiency requirements of BuildSmart are deemed to be met by buildings with an annual space conditioning requirement of less than 5kBtu/sqft/year.
- c. When unconditioned floor area is being converted to *conditioned floor area* (except for basement finishes), the project is to meet the requirements for an addition.
- d. All "sqft" numbers refer to conditioned floor area ("CFA") in square feet as defined in Section N1101.6.



- All new building components must meet the requirements of Section N1102.
   Exception: Homes using the ERI (HERS) pathway.
- **b.** For additions greater than 200 square feet of floor area resulting in dwellings with greater than 3,500 square feet of *conditioned floor area*, existing plus proposed, Figures N1101.13.2(2) and N1101.13.2(3) must be used.
- c. "Retrofit Measures" are listed in Table N1101.13.3(2).
- d. All "sqft" numbers refer to conditioned floor area ("CFA") in square feet as defined in Section N1101.6.



# FIGURE N1101.13.2(2) OPTIONS FOR ADDITIONS---continued

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# FIGURE N1101.13.2(3) OPTIONS FOR ADDITIONS---continued: ERI (HERS) REQUIREMENTS FOR ADDITIONS

CFA, SQ FT*	MAXIMUM ERI	CFA, SQ FT*	MAXIMUM ERI
0	76	3500	66
1500	76	3600	66
1600	76	3700	65
1700	75	3800	65
1800	75	3900	64
1900	74	4000	63
2000	74	4100	62
2100	73	4200	61
2200	73	4300	60
2300	72	4400	59
2400	72	4500	58
2500	71	4600	57
2600	71	4700	56
2700	70	4800	55
2800	70	4900	54
2900	69	5000	53
3000	69	5100	51
3100	68	5200	49
3200	68	5300	47
3300	67	5400	45
3400	67	5500	43

CFA, SQ FT*	MAXIMUM ERI			
5600	41			
5700	39			
5800	37			
5900	35			
6000	33			
6100	31			
6200	29			
6300	27			
6400	25			
6500	23 21 19			
6600				
6700				
6800	17			
6900	15			
7000	13			
7100	11			
7200	9			
7300	7			
7400	5			
7500	3			
7600	1			
7700 or greater	0			

\*Conditioned floor area ("CFA") is to be rounded to the nearest 100 square feet.

## FIGURE N1101.13.3(1) OPTIONS FOR ALTERATIONS, REMODELS, AND REPAIRS



<sup>a</sup> "Retrofit measures" are listed in Figure N1101.13.3(2).

## FIGURE N1101.13.3(2) OPTIONS FOR ADDITIONS, ALTERATIONS, REMODELS, AND REPAIRS RETROFIT MEASURES



#### SECTION N1102 BUILDING THERMAL ENVELOPE

**N1102.1 General (Prescriptive).** The *building thermal envelope* shall meet the requirements of Sections N1102.1.1 through N1102.1.4.

**Exception:** The following low energy buildings, or portions thereof, separated from the remainder of the building by *building thermal envelope* assemblies complying with this section shall be exempt from the *building thermal envelope* provisions of Section N1102.

1. Those with a peak design rate of energy usage

less than 3.4 Btu/h  $\cdot$  ft2 (10.7 W/m2) or 1.0 watt/ft2 of floor area for space conditioning purposes.

2. Those that do not contain *conditioned space*.

**N1102.1.1 Vapor retarder.** Wall assemblies in the *building thermal envelope* shall comply with the vapor retarder requirements of Section R702.7.

**N1102.1.2 Insulation and fenestration criteria.** The *building thermal envelope* shall meet the requirements of Table N1102.1.2 based on the climate zone specified in Section N1101.7.

TABLE N1102.1.2
INSULATION AND FENESTRATION REQUIREMENTS BY COMPONENTA,I

CLIMATE ZONE	FENESTRATION <i>U-</i> FACTOR <sup>b</sup>	SKYLIGHT <sup>ь</sup> <i>U</i> -FACTOR	GLAZED FENESTRATION SHGC <sup>b</sup> ,-*	CEILING <i>R</i> -VALUE	WOOD FRAME WALL <i>R</i> -VALUE	MASS WALL <i>R</i> -VALUE <sup>I,J</sup>	FLOOR <i>R</i> -VALUE	BASEMENT <sup>©</sup> WALL <i>R</i> -VALUE	SLAB <sup>d</sup> <i>R</i> -VALUE & DEPTH	CRAWL SPACE <sup>©</sup> WALL <i>R</i> -VALUE
Boulder County (modified 5 & Marine 4)	0.30	0.43	NR	54	19 + 5 <sup>h,k</sup>	18/24	42 <sup>g</sup>	15/20	15, 3 ft	15/20

For SI: 1 foot = 304.8 mm.

a. *R*-values are minimums. *U*-factors and SHGC are maximums. When insulation is installed in a cavity which is less than the label or design thickness of the insulation, the installed *R*-value of the insulation shall not be less than the *R*-value specified in the table.

**Exception:** An *R*-19 batt installed in a 2 X 6 stud cavity shall be deemed to meet the requirements of this code.

b. The fenestration U-factor column excludes skylights. The SHGC column applies to all glazed fenestration.

**Exception:** Skylights may be excluded from glazed fenestration SHGC requirements in Climate Zones 1 through 3 where the SHGC for such skylights does not exceed 0.30.

c. "15/20" means R-15 continuous insulation on the interior or exterior of the home or R-20 cavity insulation at the interior of the basement wall. "15/20" shall be permitted to be met with R-13 cavity insulation on the interior of the basement wall plus R-5 continuous insulation on the interior or exterior of the home.

d. R-10 shall be added to the required slab edge *R*-values for heated slabs.

e. Not Used.

f. Not Used.

g. Floors over conditioned space are exempt from this requirement.

h. The first value is cavity insulation, the second value is continuous insulation, so "19+5" means *R*-19 cavity insulation plus *R*-5 continuous insulation.

i. The second *R*-value applies when more than half the insulation is on the interior of the mass wall.

j. For strawbale construction, see Section AS108.

k. To reduce the potential for condensation within the wall assembly, it is recommended that exterior continuous insulation be a minimum of *R*-7.5. See also Table R702.7.1.

1. Overhead doors for garages and shops that contain conditioned floor area must have fully weather stripped overhead doors with a minimum R-value of 13. Such doors must be weather stripped at the top, sides and bottom and between the panels.

**N1102.1.3** *R*-value computation. Insulation material used in layers, such as framing cavity insulation, or continuous insulation shall be summed to compute the corresponding component *R*-value. The manufacturer's settled *R*-value shall be used for blown insulation. Computed *R*-values shall not include an *R*-value for other building materials or air films. Where insulated siding is used for the purpose of complying with the continuous insulation requirements of Table N1102.1.2, the manufacturer's labeled *R*-value for insulated siding shall be re-

duced by R-0.6 unless typical installation includes air gaps between siding and substrate. If such gaps exist, R-value shall be reduced by 60% or R-0.6 (whichever is greater).

**N1102.1.4** *U*-factor alternative. An assembly with a *U*-factor equal to or less than that specified in Table N1102.1.4 shall be permitted as an alternative to the *R*-value in Table N1102.1.2.

#### TABLE N1102.1.4 EQUIVALENT U-FACTORS<sup>a</sup>

CLIMATE ZONE	FENESTRATION U-FACTOR	SKYLIGHT <i>U-</i> FACTOR	CEILING <i>U</i> -FACTOR	FRAME WALL <i>U</i> -FACTOR	MASS WALL <i>U</i> -FACTOR⁵	FLOOR <i>U-</i> FACTOR	BASEMENT WALL <i>U</i> -FACTOR	CRAWL SPACE WALL <i>U</i> -FACTOR
Boulder County (modified 5 & Marine 4)	0.30	0.43	0.020	0.045	0.056	0.026	0.067/0.05	0.05

a. Nonfenestration U-factors shall be obtained from measurement, calculation or an approved source.

b. When more than half the insulation is on the interior, the mass wall U-factors shall be a maximum of 0.065.

**N1102.1.5 Total UA alternative.** If the total *building thermal envelope* UA (sum of *U*-factor times assembly area) is less than or equal to the total UA resulting from using the *U*-factors in Table N1102.1.4 (multiplied by the same assembly area as in the proposed building), the building shall be considered in compliance with Table N1102.1.2. The UA calculation shall be done using a method consistent with the ASHRAE *Handbook of Fundamentals* and shall include the thermal bridging effects of framing materials.

**N1102.2 Specific insulation requirements (Prescriptive).** In addition to the requirements of Section N1102.1, insulation shall meet the specific requirements of Sections N1102.2.1 through N1102.2.13.

N1102.2.1 Ceilings with attic spaces. This section is deleted.

N1102.2.2 Ceilings without attic spaces. This section is deleted.

**N1102.2.3 Eave baffle.** For air-permeable insulations in vented attics, a baffle shall be installed adjacent to soffit and eave vents. Baffles shall maintain an opening equal or greater than the size of the vent. The baffle shall extend over the top of the attic

insulation. The baffle shall be permitted to be any solid material.

**N1102.2.4 Access hatches and doors.** Access doors from conditioned spaces to unconditioned spaces such as attics and crawl spaces shall be weather-stripped and insulated to a level equivalent to the insulation on the surrounding surfaces. Access shall be provided to all equipment that prevents damaging or compressing the insulation. A wood-framed or equivalent baffle or retainer is required to be provided when loose-fill insulation is installed, the purpose of which is to prevent the loose-fill insulation from spilling into the living space when the attic access is opened, and to provide a permanent means of maintaining the installed *R*-value of the loose-fill insulation.

**Exception:** Vertical doors that provide access from conditioned to unconditioned spaces shall be permitted to meet the fenestration requirements of Table R1102.1.2 based on the applicable climate zone specified in Chapter 3.

**N1102.2.5 Mass walls.** Mass walls for the purposes of this chapter shall be considered above-grade walls of concrete block, concrete, insulated concrete form (ICF), masonry cavity, brick (other than brick veneer), earth (adobe, compressed earth block, rammed earth) and solid timber/logs, or any other walls having a heat capacity greater than or equal to 6  $Btu/ft_2 \times {}^{\circ}F$  (123 kJ/m<sub>2</sub> × K).

**N1102.2.6 Steel-frame ceilings, walls, and floors.** Steel-frame ceilings, walls, and floors shall meet the insulation requirements of Table N1102.2.6 or shall meet the *U*-factor requirements of Table N1102.1.4. The calculation of the *U*-factor for a steel-frame envelope assembly shall use a series-parallel path calculation method.

#### TABLE N1102.2.6 STEEL-FRAME CEILING, WALL AND FLOOR INSULATION (*R*-VALUE)

Note: Table N1102.2.6 is deleted.

N1102.2.7 Walls with partial structural sheathing. This section has been deleted.

**N1102.2.8 Floors.** Floor framing-cavity insulation shall be installed to maintain permanent contact with the underside of the subfloor decking.

**Exception:** The floor framing-cavity insulation shall be permitted to be in contact with the topside of sheathing or continuous insulation installed on the bottom side of floor framing where combined with insulation that meets or exceeds the minimum wood frame wall *R*-value in Table 1102.1.2 and that extends from the bottom to the top of all perimeter floor framing members.

**N1102.2.9 Basement walls.** Walls associated with conditioned basements shall be insulated from the top of the *basement wall* down to 10 feet (3048 mm) below grade or to the basement floor, whichever is less. Walls associated with unconditioned basements shall meet this requirement unless the floor overhead is insulated in accordance with Sections N1102.1.2 and N1102.2.8.

N1102.2.10 Slab-on-grade floors. Slab-on-grade floors with a floor surface less than 12 inches (305 mm) below grade shall be insulated in accordance with Table N1102.1.2. The insulation shall extend downward from the top of the slab on the outside or inside of the foundation wall. Insulation located below grade shall be extended the distance provided in Table N1102.1.2 by any combination of vertical insulation, insulation extending under the slab or insulation extending out from the building. Insulation extending away from the building shall be protected by pavement or by not less than 10 inches (254 mm) of soil. The top edge of the insulation installed between the exterior wall and the edge of the interior slab shall be permitted to be cut at a 45-degree (0.79 rad) angle away from the *exterior wall*. Slab-edge insulation is not required in jurisdictions designated by the building official as having a very heavy termite infestation.

**N1102.2.11 Crawl space walls.** As an alternative to insulating floors over crawl spaces, crawl space walls shall be permitted to be insulated when the crawl space is not vented to the outside. Crawl space wall insulation shall be permanently fastened to the wall and extend downward from the floor to the finished grade level and then vertically and/or horizontally for at least an additional 24 inches (610 mm). Exposed earth in unvented crawl space foundations shall be covered with a continuous Class I vapor retarder in accordance with this code. All joints of the vapor retarder shall overlap by 6 inches (153 mm) and be sealed or taped. The edges of the vapor retarder shall extend not less than 6 inches (153 mm) up the stem wall and shall be attached to the stem wall.

**N1102.2.12 Masonry veneer.** Insulation shall not be required on the horizontal portion of the foundation that supports a masonry veneer.

**N1102.2.13 Sunroom insulation.** Sunrooms enclosing conditioned spaces shall meet the insulation requirements of this code.

**N1102.3 Fenestration (Prescriptive).** In addition to the requirements of Section N1102, fenestration shall comply with Sections N1102.3.1 and N1102.3.5.

**N1102.3.1** *U*-factor. An area-weighted average of fenestration products shall be permitted to satisfy the *U*-factor requirements.

**N1102.3.2 Glazed fenestration SHGC.** An areaweighted average of fenestration products more than 50-percent glazed shall be permitted to satisfy the SHGC requirements.

*Dynamic glazing* shall be permitted to satisfy the SHGC requirements of Table R1102.1.2 provided the ratio of the higher to lower labeled SHGC is greater than or equal to 2.4, and the *dynamic glazing* is automatically controlled to modulate the amount of solar gain into the space in multiple steps. *Dynamic glazing* shall be considered separately from other fenestration, and area-weighted averaging with other fenestration that is not dynamic glazing shall not be permitted.

**Exception:** *Dynamic glazing* is not required to comply with this section when both the lower and higher labeled SHGC already comply with the requirements of Table N1102.1.2.

**N1102.3.3 Glazed fenestration exemption.** Up to 15 square feet (1.4 m<sub>2</sub>) of glazed fenestration per dwelling unit shall be permitted to be exempt from *U*-factor and SHGC requirements in Section N1102.1.2. This exemption shall not apply to the *U*-factor alternative approach in Section N1102.1.4 and the total UA alternative in Section N1102.1.5.

**N1102.3.4 Opaque door exemption.** One sidehinged opaque door assembly up to 24 square feet (2.22 m<sub>2</sub>) in area is exempted from the *U*-factor requirement in Section N1102.1.2. This exemption shall not apply to the *U*-factor alternative approach in Section N1102.1.4 and the total UA alternative in Section N1102.1.5.

**N1102.3.5 Sunroom fenestration.** Sunrooms enclosing *conditioned space* shall meet the fenestration requirements of this code.

**N1102.4 Air leakage (Mandatory).** The *building thermal envelope* shall be constructed to limit air leakage in accordance with the requirements of Sections N1102.4.1 through N1102.4.5.

**N1102.4.1 Building thermal envelope.** The *building thermal envelope* shall comply with Sections N1102.4.1.1 and N1102.4.1.2. The sealing methods between dissimilar materials shall allow for differential expansion and contraction.

**N1102.4.1.1 Installation.** The components of the *building thermal envelope* as listed in Table N1102.4.1.1 shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and the criteria listed in Table N1102.4.1.1, as

applicable to the method of construction. Where required by the *building official*, an *approved* third party shall inspect all components and verify compliance.

# (See TABLE N1102.4.1.1 AIR BARRIER AND INSULATION INSTALLATION on next page)

#### TABLE N1102.4.1.1 AIR BARRIER AND INSULATION INSTALLATION

COMPONENT	AIR BARRIER CRITERIA	INSULATION INSTALLATION CRITERIA
General requirements	A continuous air barrier shall be installed in the build- ing envelope. The exterior thermal envelope contains a continuous air barrier. Breaks or joints in the air barrier shall be sealed.	Air-permeable insulation shall not be used as a sealing material.
Ceiling/attic	The air barrier in any dropped ceiling/soffit shall be aligned with the insulation and any gaps in the air barrier sealed. Access openings, drop down stairs or knee wall doors to unconditioned attic spaces shall be sealed.	The insulation in any dropped ceiling/soffit shall be aligned with the air barrier.
Walls	The junction of the foundation and sill plate shall be sealed. The junction of the top plate and the top of exterior walls shall be sealed. Knee walls shall be sealed.	Cavities within corners and headers of frame walls shall be insulated by completely filling the cavity with a material having a thermal resistance of R-3 per inch minimum. Exterior thermal envelope insulation for framed walls shall be installed in substantial contact and continuous alignment with the air barrier.
Windows, skylights and doors	The space between window/door jambs and framing, and skylights and framing shall be sealed.	
Rim joists	Rim joists shall include the air barrier.	Rim joists shall be insulated.
Floors (including above ga- rage and cantilevered floors)	The air barrier shall be installed at any exposed edge of insulation.	Floor framing cavity insulation shall be installed to maintain permanent contact with the underside of subfloor decking, or floor framing cavity insulation shall be permitted to be in contact with the top side of sheathing, or continuous insulation installed on the underside of floor framing; and extends from the bottom to the top of all perimeter floor framing members.
Crawl space walls	Exposed earth in unvented crawl spaces shall be covered with a Class I vapor retarder with overlap- ping joints taped.	Where provided instead of floor insulation, insulation shall be permanently attached to the crawl space walls.
Shafts, penetrations	Duct shafts, utility penetrations, and flue shafts open- ing to exterior or unconditioned space shall be sealed.	
Narrow cavities		Batts in narrow cavities shall be cut to fit, or narrow cavities shall be filled by insulation that on installation readily conforms to the available cavity space.
Garage separation	Air sealing shall be provided between the garage and conditioned spaces.	
Recessed lighting	Recessed light fixtures installed in the building ther- mal envelope shall be sealed to the drywall.	Recessed light fixtures installed in the building thermal envelope shall be air tight and IC rated.
Plumbing and wiring		Batt insulation shall be cut neatly to fit around wiring and plumb- ing in exterior walls, or insulation that on installation readily conforms to available space shall extend behind piping and wiring.
Shower/tub on exterior wall	The air barrier installed at exterior walls adjacent to showers and tubs shall separate them from the show- ers and tubs.	Exterior walls adjacent to showers and tubs shall be insulated.
Electrical/phone box on exterior walls	The air barrier shall be installed behind electrical or communication boxes or air-sealed boxes shall be installed.	
HVAC register boots	HVAC register boots that penetrate building thermal envelope shall be sealed to the subfloor or drywall.	
Concealed sprinklers	When required to be sealed, concealed fire sprinklers shall only be sealed in a manner that is recommended by the manufacturer. Caulking or other adhesive sealants shall not be used to fill voids between fire sprinkler cover plates and walls or ceilings.	

a. In addition, inspection of log walls shall be in accordance with the provisions of ICC 400.

**N1102.4.1.2 Testing.** The building or dwelling unit shall be tested and verified as having an air leakage rate of not exceeding five air changes per hour in Climate Zones 1 and 2, and three air changes per hour in Climate Zones 3 through 8. Testing shall be conducted in accordance with ASTM E 779 or ASTM E 1827 and reported at a pressure of 0.2 inches w.g. (50 Pascals). Where required by the *code official*, testing shall be conducted by an *approved* third party. A written report of the results of the test shall be signed by the *party* conducting the test and provided to the *code official*. Testing shall be performed at any time after creation of all penetrations of the *building thermal envelope*.

#### During testing:

- 1. Exterior windows and doors, fireplace and stove doors shall be closed, but not sealed, beyond the intended weather-stripping or other infiltration control measures.
- 2. Dampers including exhaust, intake, makeup air, backdraft and flue dampers shall be closed, but not sealed beyond intended infiltration control measures.
- **3.** Interior doors, if installed at the time of the test, shall be open.
- **4.** Exterior doors for continuous ventilation systems and heat recovery ventilators shall be closed and sealed.
- 5. Heating and cooling systems, if installed at the time of the test, shall be turned off.
- **6.** Supply and return registers, if installed at the time of the test, shall be fully open.

**N1102.4.2 Fireplaces.** Open hearth fireplaces shall not be permitted indoors. New wood-burning fireplaces shall have tight-fitting flue dampers or doors, and outdoor combustion air. Where using tight-fitting doors on factory-built fireplaces listed and labeled in accordance with UL 127, the doors shall be tested and listed for the fireplace. Where using tight-fitting doors on masonry fireplaces, the doors shall be listed and labeled in accordance with UL 907.

**N1102.4.3 Fenestration air leakage.** Windows, skylights and sliding glass doors shall have an air infiltration rate of no more than 0.3 cfm per square foot (1.5 L/s/m<sub>2</sub>), and swinging doors no more than 0.5 cfm per square foot (2.6 L/s/m<sub>2</sub>), when tested according to NFRC 400 or AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440 by an accredited,

independent laboratory and *listed* and *labeled* by the manufacturer.

**Exception:** Site-built windows, skylights and doors.

N1102.4.4 Rooms containing fuel-burning appliances. Where open combustion air ducts provide combustion air to open combustion fuelburning appliances, the appliances and combustion air opening shall be located outside the building thermal envelope or enclosed in a room, isolated from inside the thermal envelope. Such rooms shall be sealed and insulated in accordance with the envelope requirements of Table N1102.1.2, where the walls, floors and ceilings shall meet a minimum of the basement wall R-value requirement. The door into the room shall be fully gasketed and any water lines and ducts in the room insulated in accordance with Section N1103. The combustion air duct shall be insulated where it passes through conditioned space to a minimum of R-8.

#### **Exceptions:**

- 1. Direct vent appliances with both intake and exhaust pipes installed continuous to the outside.
- 2. Fireplaces and stoves complying with Sections N1102.4.2 and R1006.

**N1102.4.5 Recessed lighting.** Recessed luminaires installed in the *building thermal envelope* shall be sealed to limit air leakage between conditioned and unconditioned spaces. All recessed luminaires shall be IC-rated and *labeled* as having an air leakage rate not more than 2.0 cfm (0.944 L/s) when tested in accordance with ASTM E 283 at a 1.57 psf (75 Pa) pressure differential. All recessed luminaires shall be sealed with a gasket or caulk between the housing and the interior wall or ceiling covering.

**N1102.5 Maximum fenestration** *U*-factor and SHGC (Mandatory). The area-weighted average maximum fenestration *U*-factor permitted using tradeoffs from Section N1102.1.5 or N1105 shall be 0.48 in Climate zones 4 and 5 and 0.40 in Climate Zones 6 through 8 for vertical fenestration, and 0.75 in Climate Zones 4 through 8 for skylights. The area-weighted average maximum fenestration SHGC permitted using tradeoffs from Section N1105 in Climate Zones 1 through 3 shall be 0.50.

#### SECTION N1103 SYSTEMS

**N1103.1 Controls (Mandatory).** At least one thermostat shall be provided for each separate heating and cooling system.

**N1103.1.1 Programmable thermostat.** The thermostat controlling the primary heating or cooling system of the dwelling unit shall be capable of controlling the heating and cooling system on a daily schedule to maintain different temperature set points at different times of the day. This thermostat shall include the capability to set back or temporarily operate the system to maintain *zone* temperatures down to  $55^{\circ}F(13^{\circ}C)$  or up to  $85^{\circ}F(29^{\circ}C)$ . The thermostat shall initially be programmed by the manufacturer with a heating temperature set point no higher than  $70^{\circ}F(21^{\circ}C)$  and a cooling temperature set point no lower than  $78^{\circ}F(26^{\circ}C)$ .

**N1103.1.2 Heat pump supplementary heat** (Mandatory). Heat pumps having supplementary electric-resistance heat shall have controls that, except during defrost, prevent supplemental heat operation when the heat pump compressor can meet the heating load.

**N1103.2 Hot water boiler outdoor temperature setback.** Hot water boilers that supply heat to the building through one- or two-pipe heating systems shall have an outdoor setback control that lowers the boiler water temperature based on the outdoor temperature.

**N1103.3 Ducts.** Ducts and air handlers shall be in accordance with Sections N1103.3.1 through N1103.3.5.

**N1103.3.1 Insulation (Prescriptive).** Supply and return ducts in attics shall be insulated to a minimum of R-8 where 3 inches (76.2 mm) in diameter and greater and R-6 where less than 3 inches (76.2 mm) in diameter. Supply and return ducts in other portions of the building shall be insulated to a minimum of R-6 where 3 inches (76.2 mm) in diameter or greater and R-4.2 where less than 3 inches (76.2 mm) in diameter.

**Exception:** Ducts or portions thereof located completely inside the *building thermal envelope*.

**N1103.3.2 Sealing (Mandatory).** Ducts, air handlers and filter boxes shall be sealed. Joints and seams shall comply with either the *International Mechanical Code* or Section M1601.4.1 of this code, as applicable.

#### **Exceptions:**

- 1. Air-impermeable spray foam products shall be permitted to be applied without additional joint seals.
- 2. For ducts having a static pressure classification of less than 2 inches of water column (500 Pa), additional closure systems shall not be required for continuously welded joints and seams, and locking-type joints and seams of other than the snap-lock and button-lock types.

**N1103.3.2.1 Sealed air handler.** Air handlers shall have a manufacturer's designation for an air leakage of no more than 2 percent of the design air flow rate when tested in accordance with ASHRAE 193.

**N1103.3.3 Duct testing (Mandatory).** Ducts shall be pressure tested to determine air leakage by one of the following methods:

- Rough-in test: Total leakage shall be measured with a pressure differential of 0.1 inch w.g. (25 Pa) across the system, including the manufacturer's air handler enclosure if installed at the time of the test. All registers shall be taped or otherwise sealed during the test.
- Post-construction test: Total leakage shall be measured with a pressure differential of 0.1 inch w.g. (25 Pa) across the entire system, including the manufacturer's air handler enclosure. Registers shall be taped or otherwise sealed during the test.

**Exception:** A duct air leakage test shall not be required where the ducts and air handlers are located entirely within the building thermal envelope.

A written report of the results of the test shall be signed by the party conducting the test and provided to the *code official*.

**N1103.3.4 Duct leakage (Prescriptive).** The total leakage of the ducts, where measured in accordance with Section R403.3.3, shall be as follows:

 Rough-in test: The total leakage shall be less than or equal to 4 cubic feet per minute (113.3 L/min) per 100 square feet (9.29 m2) of conditioned floor area where the air handler is installed at the time of the test. Where the air handler is not installed at the time of the test, the total leakage shall be less than or equal to 3 cubic feet per minute (85 L/min) per 100 square feet (9.29 m2) of conditioned floor area.

2. Post-construction test: Total leakage shall be less than or equal to 4 cubic feet per minute (113.3 L/min) per 100 square feet (9.29 m<sub>2</sub>) of conditioned floor area.

**N1103.3.5 Building cavities (Mandatory).** Building framing cavities shall not be used as ducts or plenums.

**N1103.4 Mechanical system piping insulation (Mandatory).** Mechanical system piping capable of carrying fluids above 105°F (41°C) or below 55°F (13°C) shall be insulated to a minimum of R-3.

**N1103.4.1 Protection of piping insulation.** Piping insulation exposed to weather shall be protected from damage, including that caused by sunlight, moisture, equipment maintenance and wind, and shall provide shielding from solar radiation that can cause degradation of the material. Adhesive tape shall not be permitted.

**N1103.5 Service hot water systems.** Energy conservation measures for service hot water systems shall be in accordance with Sections N1103.5.1 and N1103.5.4.

N1103.5.1 Heated water circulation and

**temperature maintenance systems (Mandatory).** Heated water circulation systems shall be in accordance with Section R1103.5.1.1. Heat trace temperature maintenance systems shall be in accordance with Section R1103.5.1.2. Automatic controls, temperature sensors and pumps shall be accessible. Manual controls shall be readily *accessible*.

**N1103.5.1.1 Circulation systems.** Heated water circulation systems shall be provided with a circulation pump. The system return pipe shall be a dedicated return pipe or a cold water supply pipe. Gravity and thermo-syphon circulation systems shall be prohibited. Controls for circulating hot water system pumps shall start the pump based on the identification of a demand for hot water within the occupancy. The controls shall automatically turn off the pump when the water in the circulation loop is at the desired temperature and when there is no demand for hot water.

**N1103.5.1.2 Heat trace systems.** Electric heat trace systems shall comply with IEEE 515.1 or UL 515. Controls for such systems shall automatically adjust the energy input to the heat tracing to maintain the desired water temperature in the piping in accordance with

the times when heated water is used in the occupancy.

**N1103.5.2 Demand recirculation systems.** A water distribution system having one or more recirculation pumps that pump water from a heated water supply pipe back to the heated water source through a cold water supply pipe shall be a *demand recirculation water system*. Pumps shall have controls that comply with both of the following:

- The control shall start the pump upon receiving a signal from the action of a user of a fixture or appliance sensing the presence of a user of a fixture or sensing the flow of hot or tempered water to a fixture fitting or appliance.
- 2. The control shall limit the temperature of the water entering the cold water piping to  $104^{\circ}$ F ( $40^{\circ}$ C).

**N1103.5.3 Hot water pipe insulation (Prescriptive).** Insulation for hot water pipe with a minimum thermal resistance (*R*-value) of R-3 shall be applied to the following:

- 1. Piping <sub>3/4</sub> inch (19 mm) and larger in nominal diameter.
- 2. Piping serving more than one dwelling unit.
- 3. Piping located outside the conditioned space.
- **4.** Piping from the water heater to a distribution manifold.
- 5. Piping located under a floor slab.
- 6. Buried piping.
- **7.** Supply and return piping in recirculation systems other than demand recirculation systems.

**N1103.5.4 Drain water heat recovery units.** Drain water heat recovery units shall comply with CSA 55.2. Drain water heat recovery units shall be tested in accordance with CSA 55.1. Potable water-side pressure loss of drain water heat recovery units shall be less than 3 psi (20.7 kPa) for individual units connected to one or two showers. Potable water-side pressure loss of drain water heat recovery units shall be less than 2 psi (13.8 kPa) for individual units connected to three or more showers.

**N1103.6 Mechanical ventilation (Mandatory).** The building shall be provided with ventilation that meets the requirements of Section M1507 of this code or the *International Mechanical Code*, as applicable, or with other approved means of ventilation. Outdoor air intakes and exhausts shall have automatic or gravity dampers that close when the ventilation system is not operating. The ventilation system must be a balanced system that provides both outside air intake and stale air exhaust. The construction documents must include a description or drawings of the fresh air distribution strategy.

**N1103.6.1 Whole-house mechanical ventilation system fan efficacy.** Mechanical ventilation system fans shall meet the efficacy requirements of Table N1103.6.1.

**Exception:** Where mechanical ventilation fans are integral to tested and listed HVAC equipment, they shall be powered by an electronically commutated motor.

# TABLE N1103.6.1 (R403.6.1)MECHANICAL VENTILATION SYSTEM FAN EFFICACY

FAN LOCATION	AIR FLOW RATE MINIMUM (CFM)	MINIMUM EFFICACY (CFM/WATT)	AIR FLOW RATE MAXIMUM (CFM)
Range hoods	Any	2.8 cfm/watt	Any
In-line fan	Any	2.8 cfm/watt	Any
Bathroom, utility room	10	1.4 cfm/watt	< 90
Bathroom, utility room	90	2.8 cfm/watt	Any

For SI: 1 cubic foot per minute = 28.3 L/min.

**N1103.7 Equipment sizing and efficiency rating (Mandatory).** Heating and cooling equipment shall be sized in accordance with ACCA Manual S based on building loads calculated in accordance with ACCA Manual J or other *approved* heating and cooling calculation methodologies. New or replacement heating and cooling equipment shall have an efficiency rating equal to or greater than the minimum required by federal law for the geographic location where the equipment is installed.

**N1103.8 Systems serving multiple dwelling units (Mandatory).** Systems serving multiple dwelling units shall comply with Sections C403 and C404 of the IECC—Commercial Provisions in lieu of Section N1103.

**N1103.9 Snow melt system controls (Mandatory).** Snowand ice-melting systems, supplied through energy service to the building, shall include automatic controls capable of shutting off the system when the pavement temperature is above 50°F (10°C), and no precipitation is falling and an automatic or manual control that will allow shutoff when the outdoor temperature is above 40°F (4.8°C).

**N1103.9.1 Design (Mandatory).** Energy use by snow and ice melt systems must be offset by on-site renewable energy

generation equivalent to the energy used by the snow and ice melting equipment. Plans must be submitted that detail the type, size and location of the on-site renewable energy generation equipment. Note: A separate building permit is required for on-site renewable energy generation equipment.

**N1103.9.2 Design criteria for supporting on-site renewable energy equipment (Mandatory).** On-site renewable energy generation equipment installed to offset the energy used by snow and ice melt systems must be designed to provide 34,425 BTUs per square foot per year.

**N1103.10 Pools energy consumption (Mandatory).** Swimming pools must be provided with energy conservation measures in accordance with Section N1103.10.1 through N1103.10.6, or be unheated. Heated pools must be heated by solar thermal or other equipment that does not rely directly or indirectly on the burning of fossil fuels or they must have their energy use offset by on-site renewable energy generation equipment equivalent to the energy use by the swimming pool.

**Exception:** Swimming pools having less than 200 sq. ft. of water surface area are exempt from the requirements to provide renewable energy.

**N1103.10. 1 Heaters.** The electric power to heaters shall be controlled by a readily *accessible* on-off switch that is an integral part of the heater mounted on the exterior of the heater, or external to and within 3 feet (914mm) of the heater. Operation of such switch shall not change the setting of the heater thermostat. Such switches shall be in addition to a circuit breaker for the power to the heater. Gas-fired heaters shall not be equipped with continuously burning ignition pilots.

**N1103.10.2 Time switches.** Time switches or other control methods that can automatically turn off and on according to a preset schedule shall be installed for heaters and pump motors. Heaters and pump motors that have built-in time switches shall be in compliance with this section.

#### **Exceptions:**

- **1.** Where public health standards require 24-hour pump operation.
- 2. Pumps that operate solar- and waste-heat-recovery pool heating systems.

**N1103.10. 3 Covers.** Outdoor heated pools and outdoor permanent spas shall be provided with a vapor retardant cover or other *approved* vapor-retardant means. Pools heated to more than 90°F (32°C) shall have a pool cover with a minimum

insulation value of *R*-12.

**N1103.10.4 (R403.10.4) Filters.** Swimming pool filters must be cartridge-type filters.

N1103.10.5 (R403.10.4) Pumps. Swimming pool pumps must be multi-speed pumps.

**N1103.10.6 Energy conservation design standards for swimming pools.** For the purpose of calculating the energy use of swimming pools, the following are assumed:

Swimming Pool Season:

Outdoor Pools: 3 months

Indoor Pools: 12 months

Pool Heating Temperature: 82°F (28°C) or less

On-Site Renewable Energy Requirements: 29,000 BTUs per square foot of pool surface area per year.

Note: This Section is not intended to limit the season or temperature of swimming pools.

**N1103.11 Portable spas (Mandatory).** The energy consumption of electric-powered portable spas shall be controlled by the requirements of APSP-15.

**N1103.12 Residential pools and permanent residential spas.** Residential swimming pools and permanent residential spas that are accessory to detached one- and two-family dwellings and townhouses 3 stories or less in height above grade plane and that are available only to the household and its guests shall be in accordance with APSP-15.

**N1103.13 Spas (Mandatory)**. Any energy use by indoor or outdoor spas must be offset by on-site renewable energy generation equivalent to the energy use by the spa. Plans must show the annual energy use of the spa, the calculation method used to determine the expected energy use, and the on-site renewable energy system(s) which will be used to offset the energy used by the spa. All spas must be equipped with an insulated cover that is listed to provide a minimum R-value of at least 12.

**Exception:** Spas and hot tubs which have been tested and listed for compliance with the requirements of the California Energy Commission (CEC) Title 20 (Standby power for portable electric spas shall not be greater than 5[V2/3] watts where V=the total volume of the spa in gallons), and are less than 64 square feet in surface area shall be exempted from the requirement to offset their energy usage by on-site renewable energy generation. Spas larger than 64 sq. ft. in surface area that are certified to meet the requirements of the CEC shall offset their requirements at the rate of 140,000 BTUs per square foot per year.

**N1103.13.1 Design criteria for spas**. The requirements of this Section apply to spas that do not meet the exception in Section N1103.13.

Spa Season: 12 months

On-Site Renewable Energy Requirements: 430,000 BTUs per square foot per year.

**N1103.14 Other exterior energy uses**. Exterior energy uses, with the exception of cooking appliances, must be offset with on-site renewable energy production. For purposes of calculating renewable energy offset requirements, the minimum usage of exterior, fossil-fuel-consuming, fireplaces and firepits shall be considered to be 50 hours per year, and exterior space heating devices shall be assumed to operate a minimum of 150 hours per year.

#### N1103.15 Minimum Equipment Efficiency.

Dwellings or accessory buildings with conditioned space using the prescriptive path must comply with the minimum equipment efficiency values of Table N1103.15.1.

#### **Exceptions:**

- 1. Permits for the replacement of existing equipment where a venting upgrade is not readily achievable.
- 2. Additions and remodels where existing systems are not being modified or replaced.

# ITEMREQUIREMENTAppliances<br/>(new or replaced)Energy Star CertifiedFurnaces, Boilers92% AFUE with ECM<br/>Blower MotorsWater Heaters0.82 Energy FactorHeat PumpsEnergy Star CertifiedUnit Heaters92% Thermal Efficiency

#### TABLE N1103.15.1 MINIMUM EQUIPMENT EFFICIENCY VALUES

#### SECTION N1104 ELECTRICAL POWER AND LIGHTING SYSTEMS (MANDATORY)

**N1104.1 Lighting equipment (Mandatory).** Not less than 75 percent of the lamps in permanently installed lighting fixtures shall be high-efficacy lamps or not less than 75 percent of the permanently installed lighting fixtures shall contain only high-efficacy lamps.

Exception: Low-voltage lighting.

**N1104.1.1 Lighting equipment (Mandatory).** Fuel gas lighting systems shall not have continuously burning pilot lights.

#### SECTION N1105 SIMULATED PERFORMANCE ALTERNATIVE (PERFORMANCE)

Note: Section N1105 is deleted.

#### SECTION N1106 ENERGY RATING INDEX COMPLIANCE ALTERNATIVE

**N1106.1 Scope.** This section establishes criteria for compliance using an Energy Rating Index (ERI) analysis.

**N1106.2 Mandatory requirements.** Compliance with this section requires that the mandatory provisions identified in Sections N11011.13 through N1104 identified as "mandatory" and Section N1103.5.3 be met. The building thermal envelope shall be greater than or equal to levels of efficiency and Solar Heat Gain Coefficient in Table 402.1.1 or 402.1.4.3 of the 2009 *International Energy Conservation Code*.

**Exception:** Supply and return ducts not completely inside the building thermal envelope shall be insulated to a minimum of R-6.

**N1106.3 Energy rating index.** The Energy Rating Index (ERI) shall be a numerical integer value that is based on a linear scale constructed such that the *ERI reference design* has an Index value of 100 and a *residential building* that uses no net purchased energy has an Index value of 0. Each integer value on the scale shall represent a 1 percent change in the total energy use of the rated design relative to the total energy use of the *ERI reference design*. The ERI shall consider all energy used in the *residential building*.

**N1106.3.1 ERI reference design.** The *ERI reference design* shall be configured such that it meets the minimum requirements of the 2006 *International Energy Conservation Code* prescriptive requirements. The proposed *residential building* shall be shown to have an annual total normalized modified load less than or equal to the annual total loads of the *ERI* 

#### reference design.

**N1106.4 ERI-based compliance.** Compliance based on an ERI analysis requires that the *rated design* be shown to have an ERI less than or equal to the appropriate value shown graphically in Figure N1106.4 or listed numerically in Table N1106.4 when compared to the *ERI reference design*.

**N1106.5 Verification by approved agency.** Verification of compliance with Section N1106 shall be completed by an *approved* third party.

**N1106.6 Documentation.** Documentation of the software used to determine the ERI and the parameters for the residential building shall be in accordance with Sections N1106.6.1 through N1106.6.3.

#### N1106.6.1 Compliance software tools.

Documentation verifying that the methods and accuracy of the compliance software tools conform to the provisions of this section shall be provided to the *code official*.

**N1106.6.2 Compliance report.** Compliance software tools shall generate a report that documents that the ERI of the *rated design* complies with Sections N1106.3 and N1106.4. The compliance documentation shall include the following information:

- **1.** Address or other identification of the residential building.
- 2. An inspection checklist documenting the building component characteristics of the *rated design*. The inspection checklist shall show results for both the *ERI reference design* and the *rated design*, and shall document all inputs entered by the user necessary to reproduce the results.
- **3.** Name of individual completing the compliance report.
- **4.** Name and version of the compliance software tool.

**Exception:** Multiple orientations. Where an otherwise identical building model is offered in multiple orientations, compliance for any orientation shall be permitted by documenting that the building meets the performance requirements in each of the four (north, east, south and west) cardinal orientations.

**N1106.6.3 Additional documentation.** The *code official* shall be permitted to require the following documents:

- 1. Documentation of the building component characteristics of the *ERI reference design*.
- 2. A certification signed by the builder providing the building component characteristics of the *rated design*.
- **3.** Documentation of the actual values used in the software calculations for the *rated design*.
- **4.** A digital copy of the energy model file (for example, if using RemRate to create a HERS score, the .blg file).

**N1106.7 Calculation software tools.** Calculation software, where used, shall be in accordance with Sections N1106.7.1 through N1106.7.3.



#### FIGURE N1106.4 MAXIMUM ENERGY RATING INDEX (HERS INDEX), GRAPHICAL

#### TABLE N1106.4 MAXIMUM ENERGY RATING INDEX, TABULAR

CFA, SQ FTª	MAXIMUM ERI	CFA, SQ FTª	MAXIMUM ERI	CFA, SQ FTª	MAXIMUM ERI
1500 or					
below	60	2700	48	3900	32
1600	59	2800	47	4000	30
1700	58	2900	46	4100	28
1800	57	3000	45	4200	26
1900	56	3100	44	4300	24
2000	55	3200	43	4400	22
2100	54	3300	42	4500	20
2200	53	3400	41	4600	16
2300	52	3500	40	4700	12
2400	51	3600	38	4800	8
2500	50	3700	36	4900	4
				5000 and	
2600	49	3800	34	above	0

<sup>a</sup> Conditioned Floor Area ("CFA") is to be rounded to the nearest 100 square feet.

**N1106.7.1 Minimum capabilities.** Calculation procedures used to comply with this section shall be software tools capable of calculating the ERI as described in Section N1106.3, and shall include the following capabilities:

- Computer generation of the *ERI reference* design using only the input for the rated design. The calculation procedure shall not allow the user to directly modify the building component characteristics of the *ERI reference design*.
- 2. Calculation of whole-building, as a single *zone*, sizing for the heating and cooling equipment in the *ERI reference design* residence in accordance with Section N1103.7.
- **3.** Calculations that account for the effects of indoor and outdoor temperatures and part-load ratios on the performance of heating, ventilating and air-conditioning equipment based on climate and equipment sizing.
- 4. Printed *code official* inspection checklist listing each of the *rated design* component characteristics determined by the analysis to provide compliance, along with their respective performance ratings.

**N1106.7.2 Specific approval.** Performance analysis tools meeting the applicable sections of Section N1106 shall be *approved*. Tools are permitted to be *approved* based on meeting a specified threshold for a jurisdiction. The *code official* shall approve tools for a specified application or limited scope.

**N1106.7.3 Input values.** When calculations require input values not specified by Sections N1102, N1103, N1104 and N1105, those input values shall be taken from an approved source.

#### SECTION N1107 EXISTING BUILDINGS—GENERAL

**N1107.1 Scope.** The provisions of Sections N1107 through N1111 shall control the *alteration*, repair, addition and change of occupancy of existing buildings and structures.

N1107.1.1 Additions, alterations, or repairs: General. Additions, alterations, or repairs to an existing building, building system or portion thereof shall comply with Section N1108, N1109 or N1110. Unaltered portions of the existing building or building supply system shall not be required to comply with this chapter, except as required by Figures N1101.13.2(1), "Options for Additions" or Figure N1101.13.3(1) "Options for Alterations, Remodels, and Repairs." **N1107.2 Existing buildings.** Except as specified in this chapter, this code shall not be used to require the removal, *alteration* or abandonment of, nor prevent the continued use and maintenance of, an existing building or building system lawfully in existence at the time of adoption of this code.

**N1107.3 Maintenance.** Buildings and structures, and parts thereof, shall be maintained in a safe and sanitary condition. Devices and systems that are required by this code shall be maintained in conformance with the code edition under which installed. The owner or the owner's authorized agent shall be responsible for the maintenance of buildings and structures. The requirements of this chapter shall not provide the basis for removal or abrogation of energy conservation, fire protection and safety systems and devices in existing structures.

**N1107.4 Compliance.** Alterations, repairs, additions and changes of occupancy to, or relocation of, existing buildings and structures shall comply with the provisions for alterations, repairs, additions and changes of occupancy or relocation, respectively, in this code and the International Building Code, International Fire Code, International Fuel Gas Code, International Mechanical Code, International Plumbing Code, International Property Maintenance Code, International Private Sewage Disposal Code and NFPA 70.

**N1107.5** New and replacement materials. Except as otherwise required or permitted by this code, materials permitted by the applicable code for new construction shall be used. Like materials shall be permitted for repairs, provided no hazard to life, health or property is created. Hazardous materials shall not be used where the code for new construction would not permit their use in buildings of similar occupancy, purpose and location.

**N1107.6 Historic buildings.** No provision of this chapter relating to the construction, *repair, alteration,* restoration and movement of structures, and *change of occupancy* shall be mandatory for *historic buildings* provided a report has been submitted to the code official and signed by the owner, a registered *design professional,* or a representative of the State Historic Preservation Office or the historic preservation authority having jurisdiction, demonstrating that compliance with that provision would threaten, degrade or destroy the historic form, fabric or function of the *building.* 

#### SECTION N1108 ADDITIONS

**N1108.1 General.** Additions to an existing building, building system or portion thereof shall conform to the provisions of this chapter as they relate to new construction without requiring the unaltered portion of the existing building or building system to comply with this chapter, except as

specified by Figure N1101.13.2(1) "Options for Additions" or Figure N1101.13.3(1) "Options for Alterations, Remodels, and Repairs." Additions shall not create an unsafe or hazardous condition or overload existing building systems. Additions shall be in accordance with Section N1108.1.1 or N1108.1.2.

**N1108.1.1 (R502.1.1) Prescriptive compliance.** Additions shall comply with Sections N1108.1.1.1 through N1108.1.1.4.

**N1108.1.1.1 Building envelope.** New building envelope assemblies that are part of the addition shall comply with Sections N1102.1, N1102.2, N1102.3.1 through N1102.3.5, and N1102.4.

**N1108.1.1.2 Heating and cooling systems.** New heating, cooling and duct systems that are part of the addition shall comply with Sections N1103.1, N1103.2, N1103.3, N1103.5 and N1103.6.

**Exception:** Where ducts from an existing heating and cooling system are extended to an addition, duct systems with less than 40 linear feet (12.19 m) in unconditioned spaces shall not be required to be tested in accordance with Section N1103.3.3.

**N1108.1.1.3 Service hot water systems.** New service hot water systems that are part of the addition shall comply with Section N1103.4.

**N1108.1.1.4 Lighting.** New lighting systems that are part of the addition shall comply with Section N1104.1.

#### SECTION N1109 ALTERATIONS

**N1109.1 General.** *Alterations* to any building or structure shall comply with the requirements of the code for new construction. *Alterations* shall be such that the existing building or structure is no less conforming with the provisions of this chapter than the existing building or structure was prior to the *alteration*.

Alterations to an existing building, building system or portion thereof shall conform to the provisions of this chapter as they relate to new construction without requiring the unaltered portions of the existing building or building system to comply with this chapter. Alterations shall not create an unsafe or hazardous condition or overload existing building systems. *Alterations* shall be such that the existing building or structure uses no more energy than the existing building or structure prior to the *alteration*. Alterations to existing buildings shall comply with Sections N1109.1.1 through N1109.2. **N1109.1.1 Building envelope.** Building envelope assemblies that are part of the alteration shall comply with Section N1102.1.2 or N1102.1.4, Sections N1102.2.1 through N1102.2.13, N1102.3.1, N1102.3.2, N1102.4.3 and N1102.4.5.

**Exception:** The following alterations need not comply with the requirements for new construction provided the energy use of the building is not increased:

- **1.** Storm windows installed over existing fenestration.
- **2.** Existing ceiling, wall or floor cavities exposed during construction provided that these cavities are filled with insulation.
- **3.** Construction where the existing roof, wall or floor cavity is not exposed.
- 4. Roof recover.
- 5. Roofs without insulation in the cavity and where the sheathing or insulation is exposed during reroofing shall be insulated either above or below the sheathing.
- 6. Surface applied window film installed on existing single pane fenestration assemblies to reduce solar heat gain provided the code does not require the glazing or fenestration assembly to be replaced.

**N1109.1.1.1 Replacement fenestration.** Where some or all of an existing fenestration unit is replaced with a new fenestration product, including sash and glazing, the replacement fenestration unit shall meet the applicable requirements for *U*-factor and SHGC as provided in Table N1102.1.4.

**N1109.1.2 Heating and cooling systems.** New heating, cooling and duct systems that are part of the alteration shall comply with Sections N1103.1, N1103.2, N1103.3 and N1103.6.

**Exception:** Where ducts from an existing heating and cooling system are extended, duct systems with less than 40 linear feet (12.19 m) in unconditioned spaces shall not be required to be tested in accordance with Section N1103.3.3.

**N1109.1.3 Service hot water systems.** New service hot water systems that are part of the alteration shall comply with Section N1103.5.

**N1109.1.4 Lighting.** New lighting systems that are part of the alteration shall comply with Section N1104.1.

**Exception:** Alterations that replace less than 50 percent of the luminaires in a space, provided that such alterations do not increase the installed interior lighting power.

**N1109.2 Change in space conditioning.** Any non-conditioned or low energy space that is altered to become *conditioned space* shall be required to be brought into full compliance with this chapter.

#### SECTION N1110 REPAIRS

**N1110.1 General.** Buildings, structures and parts thereof shall be repaired in compliance with Section N1107.3 and this section. Work on non-damaged components necessary for the required *repair* of damaged components shall be considered part of the *repair* and shall not be subject to the requirements for *alterations* in this chapter. Routine maintenance required by Section N1107.3, ordinary repairs exempt from *permit*, and abatement of wear due to normal service conditions shall not be subject to the requirements for *repairs* in this section.

**N1110.2 Application.** For the purposes of this code, the following shall be considered repairs:

- **1.** Glass-only replacements in an existing sash and frame.
- 2. Roof repairs.
- **3.** Repairs where only the bulb and/or ballast within the existing luminaires in a space are replaced provided that the replacement does not increase the installed interior lighting power.

#### SECTION N1111 CHANGE OF OCCUPANCY OR USE

**N1111.1 General.** Spaces undergoing a change in occupancy that would result in an increase in demand for either fossil fuel or electrical energy shall comply with this code.

**N1111.2 General.** Any space that is converted to a dwelling unit or portion thereof from another use or occupancy shall comply with this code.

#### SECTION N1112 MODIFICATIONS

**N1112.1 Modifications.** The *building official* may make modifications to the requirements of this Chapter as allowed in Section 104.10 of the Boulder County Building Code if it is determined that strict application of the

requirements of this Chapter:

- 1. Creates practical difficulties or excessive expense in the upgrade of an existing residential structure.
- 2. Requires alteration to either a structure greater than 50 years in age or any structure in a historic district or site which would materially alter the historic integrity of that structure or adversely affect the historic integrity of the district or site.
- **3.** Creates practical difficulties in meeting on-site renewable energy requirements due to topographic constraints associated with the lot or location of the structure.

In assessing whether a request for a modification should be granted, the *building official* shall, in consultation with the staff and/or a qualified professional retained by the *building official* at the applicant's expense, determine whether the strict application of this chapter creates a situation described in items 1 through 3 listed above. If it is determined that the request warrants a modification on this basis, the *building official* shall determine what appropriate mitigation measures shall be required to ensure that the structure meets the intent and spirit of this chapter. Appropriate mitigation measures may include requiring additional energysaving or resource-efficient construction methods or materials, sustainable framing techniques, use of environmentally friendly materials, adoption of water-saving landscaping and irrigation, or similar conservation measures.

# CHAPTER 13 GENERAL MECHANICAL SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

#### SECTION M1302 APPROVAL

<u>Note:</u> Add a section to refer to state and federal lists of approved wood-burning appliances.

**M1302.2 Solid Fuel Burning Equipment.** No permit shall be issued for the installation of a solid-fuel-burning fireplace stove, fireplace insert or wood stove appliance unless the appliance fully conforms with the requirements for emissions testing, certification and labeling found under Title 30, Article 28, Sections 402-405 of the Colorado Revised Statutes. All such appliances to be installed must be certified by the Air Pollution Control Division of the Colorado Department of Health to meet the emissions standards set forth in Section IV of Regulation No. 4 of Volume I of the Colorado Air Quality Control Commission as EPA Phase II or Colorado Phase III solid-fuel-burning devices.

Please refer to the list of Colorado-certified residential burning devices, including a link to EPA-approved woodburning appliances, at: https://www.colorado.gov/pacific/ cdphe/approved-indoor-burning-devices

# IRC CHAPTER 26 PLUMBING

#### SECTION P2601 GENERAL

Note: Add a subsection to read as follows:

**P2601.4 Sanitation Facilities for Workers.** Toilet facilities shall be provided for construction workers and such facilities shall be maintained in a sanitary condition. Construction workers toilet facilities of the non-sewer type shall conform to ANSI Z4.3-2005.

## IRC CHAPTER 28 WATER HEATERS SECTION P2801 GENERAL

Note: Add a section to read as follows:

**P2801.3.1 Heat Traps.** Water heating equipment not supplied with integral heat traps that serve noncirculation systems shall be provided with heat traps on the supply and discharge piping consisting of an arrangement of piping and fittings that prevents thermo-siphoning of hot water during standby periods.

# IRC CHAPTER 29 WATER SUPPLY AND DISTRIBUTION

#### SECTION P2911 GRAY WATER: ON-SITE NONPOTABLE WATER REUSE SYSTEMS

<u>Note:</u> Add a sentence to Section P2911.1 to reference the requirements for compliance with Colorado statutes and regulations.

**P2911.1 General.** The provisions of this section shall govern the construction, installation, alteration and repair of on-site nonpotable water reuse systems for the collection, storage, treatment and distribution of on-site sources of nonpotable water as permitted by the jurisdiction. Any use of *gray water* shall be in strict compliance with applicable Colorado statutes and all applicable regulations of the Colorado Department of Natural Resources, Division of Water Resources and the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, Water Quality Control Commission, including "Regulation #86," 5 CCR 1002-86.

#### SECTION P2912 RAINWATER: NONPOTABLE RAINWATER COLLECTION AND DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS

<u>Note:</u> Add a sentence to Section P2912.1 to reference the requirements for compliance with Colorado statutes and regulations.

**P2912.1 General.** The provisions of this section shall govern the construction, installation, alteration, and repair of rainwater collection and conveyance systems for the collection, storage, treatment and distribution of rainwater for nonpotable applications, as permitted by the jurisdiction. Any use of rainwater shall be in strict compliance with applicable Colorado statutes and all applicable regulations of the Colorado Department of Natural Resources, Division of Water Resources and the Colorado Department of Health and Environment, Water Quality Control Commission.

# IRC CHAPTER 30 SANITARY DRAINAGE

#### SECTION P3009 SUBSURFACE LANDSCAPE IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

<u>Note:</u> Add a sentence to Section P3009.1 to reference the requirements for compliance with Colorado statutes and regulations.

**P3009.1 Scope.** The provisions of this section shall govern the materials, design, construction and installation of subsurface landscape irrigation systems connected to nonpotable water from on-site water reuse systems. Any use of *gray water* or rainwater shall be in strict compliance with applicable Colorado statutes and all applicable regulations of the Colorado Department of Natural Resources, Division of Water Resources and the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, Water Quality Control Commission.

# IRC APPENDIX E MANUFACTURED HOUSING USED AS DWELLINGS

<u>Note:</u> Adopttion of Appendix E, Manufactured Housing Used as Dwellings, with amendments to correlate with the requirements of the Colorado Department of Local Affairs, Division of Housing.

#### SECTION AE101 SCOPE

<u>Note:</u> Amend Section AE101.1 to include manufactured housing on rental lots.

**AE101.1 General.** These provisions shall be applicable only to a *manufactured home* used as a single *dwelling unit* and shall apply to the following: *(remainder of section to remain as published)* 

<u>Note:</u> Add a Section AE101.2 to require that all installations meet the requirements of the Colorado Department of Local Affairs, Division of Housing.

**AE101.2 Colorado installation requirements.** All *manu-factured home* installations are to be in accordance with the requirements of the Colorado Department of Local Affairs, Division of Housing, including the most current edition of the "Manufactured Homes and Factory Built Housing Installation Handbook," which is available at the following link: https://www.colorado.gov/pacific/dola/manufactured-housing-installation-program

# IRC APPENDIX F PASSIVE RADON GAS CONTROLS

Note: Adoption of Appendix F as published.

# APPENDIX R LIGHT STRAW-CLAY CONSTRUCTION

<u>Note:</u> Adoption of Appendix R for light straw-clay construction.

# APPENDIX S STRAWBALE CONSTRUCTION

<u>Note:</u> Adoption of and amendments to Appendix S for strawbale construction.

#### SECTION AS108 THERMAL INSULATION

<u>Note:</u> Add a Section AS108.2 to specify a strawbale wall assembly that is deemed to meet the prescriptive requirements of BuildSmart Table N1102.1.2.

**AS108.2 Prescriptive Assembly.** Wall assemblies that conform to the requirements of this section shall be deemed to meet the building thermal envelope requirements of Section N1102.1.2 (R402.1.2).

AS108.2.1 Wall assembly. The strawbale wall assembly shall consist of stacked straw bales rendered on the interior and exterior sides with plaster. The bales shall be 2-string wheat, rye, barley, oat, or rice straw having thicknesses of 14" +/- 1" parallel to the strings, and 18" +/- 1" perpendicular to the strings. Bales shall have a minimum dry density of 6.5 pounds per cubic foot. Bales may be stacked in either thickness orientation (referred to as "on-edge" or "laid flat"). Cavities created by structural and/or non-structural framing members located within the strawbale wall thickness shall be filled with straw flakes, light straw-clay, or other equivalent, approved, vapor-open insulation materials.

**AS108.2.2 Plaster.** The plaster shall be a clay, lime, or approved lime-cement material with a thickness as specified in this chapter on both the interior and exterior. Interior and exterior plaster must be continuous over the entire strawbale wall surface.

#### **Exceptions:**

- **1.** Utility penetrations.
- 2. Truth windows.
- 3. Interior wall intersections.

AS 108.2.3 Interior plaster. Interior plaster on exterior strawbale walls is to have a vapor permeability equivalent to that of a Class III vapor retarder, as required in Chapter 11 of the IRC for Climate Zone 5. Class II and Class I vapor retarders are not to be included in exterior strawbale wall assemblies.

**Exception:** Enclosure of a shower or steam room adjacent to an exterior strawbale wall.

# Amendments to the International Existing Building Code



# Modeled from the 2015 International Existing Building Code ("IEBC")

**2015** *International Existing Building Code*, *published by the International Code Council (ICC), with amendments to the following:* 

# Part 1—Scope and Application

## IEBC CHAPTER 1 SCOPE AND ADMINISTRATION

<u>Note:</u> IEBC Chapter 1 is deleted, except for Sections 101.1, 101.2 and 101.3. The remainder of the administrative provisions are found under the preceding Chapter 1 of the Boulder County Building Code. Section 101.1 is amended as follows:

#### SECTION R101 GENERAL

**101.1 Title.** These regulations shall be known as the *Existing Building Code* of Boulder County, hereinafter referred to as "this code."
# Amendments to the International Mechanical Code



Modeled from the 2015 International Mechanical Code ("IMC")

**2015 International Mechanical Code**, published by the International Code Council (ICC), with amendments to the following:

## IMC CHAPTER 1 ADMINISTRATION

<u>Note:</u> This chapter is deleted in its entirety and replaced by Chapter 1, the administrative provisions of the Boulder County Building Code.

IMC CHAPTER 9 SPECIFIC APPLIANCES, FIRE-PLACES, AND SOLID FUEL-BURNING EQUIPMENT

> SECTION 901 GENERAL

<u>Note:</u> Add a Section 901.4 to comply with Colorado statutes and provide a link to state and federal lists of approved wood-burning appliances.

**901.4 Solid Fuel Burning Equipment.** No permit shall be issued for the installation of a solid-fuel-burning fireplace stove, fireplace insert or wood stove appliance unless the appliance fully conforms with the requirements for emissions testing, certification and labeling found under Title 30, Article 28, Sections 402-405 of the Colorado Revised Statutes. All such appliances to be installed must be certified by the Air Pollution Control Division of the Colorado Department of Public Health to meet the emissions standards set forth in Section IV of Regulation No. 4 of Volume I of the Colorado Air Quality Control Commission as EPA Phase II or Colorado Phase III solid-fuel-burning devices.

Please refer to the list of Colorado-certified residential burning devices, including a link to EPA-approved woodburning appliances, at: <u>https://www.colorado.gov/pacific/</u> <u>cdphe/approved-indoor-burning-devices</u>

# Amendments to the International Plumbing Code



Modeled from the 2015 International Plumbing Code ("IPC")

**2015** *International Plumbing Code, including specifically Appendix E, published by the International Code Council (ICC).* 

## IPC CHAPTER 1 ADMINISTRATION

<u>Note:</u> This chapter is deleted in its entirety and replaced by Chapter 1, the administrative provisions of the Boulder County Building Code.

## IPC CHAPTER 5 WATER HEATERS

#### SECTION 502 INSTALLATION Note: Add a subsection regarding heat traps.

**502.1.2 Heat Traps.** Water heating equipment not supplied with integral heat traps that serve noncirculation systems shall be provided with heat traps on the supply and discharge piping consisting of an arrangement of piping and fittings that prevents thermo-siphoning of hot water during standby periods.

# IPC CHAPTER 11 STORM DRAINAGE

#### SECTION 1106 SIZE OF CONDUCTORS, LEADERS, AND STORM DRAINS

<u>Note:</u> Add language to provide a rainfall rate for the design of building storm drains.

**1106.1 General.** The size of the vertical conductors and leaders, building storm drains, building storm sewers, and any horizontal branches of such drains or sewers shall be

based on the 100-year hourly rainfall rate of 2.4 inches per hour.

# IPC CHAPTER 13 NONPOTABLE WATER SYSTEMS

#### SECTION 1301 GENERAL

<u>Note:</u> Add a sentence to Section 1301.1 to reference the requirements for compliance with Colorado statutes and regulations.

**1301.1 Scope.** The provisions of Chapter 13 shall govern the materials, design, construction and installation of systems for the collection, storage, treatment and distribution of nonpotable water. The use and application of nonpotable water shall comply with laws, rules and ordinances applicable in the jurisdiction. Any use of *nonpotable water* shall be in strict compliance with applicable Colorado statutes and all applicable regulations of the Colorado Department of Natural Resources, Division of Water Resources and the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, Water Quality Control Commission, including "Regulation #86," 5 CCR 1002-86.

#### SECTION 1302 ON-SITE NONPOTABLE WATER REUSE SYSTEMS

<u>Note:</u> Add a sentence to Section 1302.1 to reference the requirements for compliance with Colorado statutes and regulations.

**1302.1 General.** The provisions of Section 1302 shall govern the construction, installation, alteration and repair of on-site nonpotable water reuse systems for the collection, storage, treatment and distribution of on-site sources

of nonpotable water as permitted by the jurisdiction. Any use of *gray water* or *nonpotable water* shall be in strict compliance with applicable Colorado statutes and all applicable regulations of the Colorado Department of Natural Resources, Division of Water Resources and the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, Water Quality Control Commission, including "Regulation #86," 5 CCR 1002-86.

#### SECTION 1303 NONPOTABLE RAINWATER COLLECTION AND DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS

<u>Note:</u> Add a sentence to Section 1303.1 to reference the requirements for compliance with Colorado statutes and regulations.

**1303.1 General.** The provisions of Section 1303 shall govern the construction, installation, alteration and repair of rainwater collection and conveyance systems for the collection, storage, treatment and distribution of rainwater for nonpotable applications, as permitted by the jurisdiction. Any use of *rainwater* shall be in strict compliance with applicable Colorado statutes and all applicable regulations of the Colorado Department of Natural Resources, Division of Water Resources and the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, Water Quality Control Commission, including "Regulation #86," 5 CCR 1002-86.

#### SECTION 1304 RECLAIMED WATER SYSTEMS

<u>Note:</u> Add a sentence to Section 1304.1 to reference the requirements for compliance with Colorado statutes and regulations.

**1304.1 General.** The provisions of this section shall govern the construction, installation, alteration and repair of systems supplying *nonpotable reclaimed water*. Any use of *nonpotable reclaimed water* shall be in strict compliance with applicable Colorado statutes and all applicable regulations of the Colorado Department of Natural Resources, Division of Water Resources and the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, Water Quality Control Commission, including "Regulation #86," 5 CCR 1002-86.

# CHAPTER 14 SUBSURFACE LANDSCAPE IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

#### SECTION 1401 GENERAL

<u>Note:</u> Add a sentence to Section 1401.1 to reference the requirements for compliance with Colorado statutes and regulations.

**1401.1 Scope.** The provisions of Chapter 14 shall govern the materials, design, construction and installation of subsurface landscape irrigation systems connected to *nonpotable water* from on-site water reuse systems. Any use of *nonpotable water* for subsurface landscape irrigation shall be in strict compliance with applicable Colorado statutes and all applicable regulations of the Colorado Department of Natural Resources, Division of Water Resources and the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, Water Quality Control Commission, including "Regulation #86," 5 CCR 1002-86.

# Amendments to the International Fuel Gas Code



Modeled from the 2015 International Fuel Gas Code ("IFGC")

**2015** *International Fuel Gas Code*, published by the International Code Council.

## IFGC CHAPTER 1 ADMINISTRATION

<u>Note:</u> This chapter is deleted in its entirety and replaced by the preceding Chapter 1, the administrative provisions of the Boulder County Building Code.

# The National Electrical Code ("NEC")



State Adoption of the National Electrical Code (NFPA 70)

**2014** *National Electrical Code* (NFPA 70), as adopted by the Colorado State Electrical Board, published by the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA).

<u>Note:</u> Boulder County has adopted Appendix K of the International Building Code, which contains additional administrative provisions for the National Electrical Code and an amended Section K111.4 with electric vehicle (EV) charging receptacle outlet requirements.

# Amendments to the International Energy Conservation Code ("IECC")



## Modeled from the 2015 International Energy Conservation Code

2015 *International Energy Conservation Code*, published by The International Code Council (ICC), with amendments to the following:

## CHAPTER 1 [CE] AND CHAPTER 1 [RE] SCOPE AND ADMINISTRATION

<u>Note:</u> These chapters are deleted in their entirety and replaced by Chapter 1, the administrative provisions of the Boulder County Building Code, except for Sections C101.3, C101.4, C101.5, R101.3, R101.4 and R101.5. Sections C101.5 and R101.5 are amended to read as follows:

**101.5 Compliance.** Residential buildings shall meet the provisions of IECC [RE] residential provisions, except that one- and two-family dwellings and townhouses and their accessory buildings shall meet the Boulder County BuildSmart requirements of the amended Chapter 11 of the *International Residential Code*. Commercial buildings shall meet the provisions of IECC [CE] commercial provisions. New commercial buildings or complexes of buildings located on the same parcel with over 25,000 square feet in total building floor area and additions and alterations to existing buildings that were constructed under the *International Green Construction Code* shall meet the amended provisions of the *International Green Construction Code* as adopted by Boulder County.

<u>Note:</u> Sections C101.5.1 and R101.5.1 remain as published.

#### CHAPTER 2 [CE] AND CHAPTER 2 [CR] DEFINITIONS SECTIONS C202 AND R202 GENERAL DEFINITIONS

<u>Note:</u> Add the following definitions to Sections C202 and R202:

**DECONSTRUCTION.** The dismantling of an existing building or portion thereof without the use of heavy machinery or the destruction of the materials. Deconstruction includes the salvage of materials from the existing structure for recycling, resale, or reuse as an alternative to sending them to a landfill. There are two types of deconstruction, structural and non-structural deconstruction.

**DECONSTRUCTION, NON-STRUCTURAL.** Non-Structural deconstruction (also referred to as soft-stripping) is the removal and reclaiming of the reusable non-structural components such as appliances, cabinets, doors, windows, flooring, fixtures, and finish materials.

**DECONSTRUCTION, STRUCTURAL.** Structural deconstruction is the removal and reclaiming of the reusable structural components of a building, such as walls, floors, and roofs.

**DECONSTRUCTION PROFESSIONAL.** A professional engaged in the deconstruction field.

**DEMOLITION.** The tearing down of an existing structure and the disposal of its components or materials without the implementation of deconstruction techniques.

# IECC CHAPTERS 6 [CE] AND 6 [RE]

<u>Note:</u> Add Chapters 6[CE] and 6[RE], "Deconstruction."

#### SECTIONS C601 AND R601 DECONSTRUCTION

**601.1 General.** All existing buildings and portions thereof requiring removal of building materials must be deconstructed as defined in Sections C202 and R202. *Demolition* is not permitted.

**601.2 Penalty.** Buildings demolished or partially demolished rather than deconstructed will, at the discretion of the building official, be issued a stop work notice for a period not exceeding 30 days.

**601.2 Documentation of intent to deconstruct.** Documentation of intent to deconstruct, consisting of a *deconstruction* plan, a written description of *deconstruction* work, or the County *Deconstruction* Checklist must be provided at building permit application. The documentation of intent to deconstruct must include: the name of the *deconstruction* contractor, a list of the materials to be recovered, donated, or reused, and the destination of the materials. The documentation must include both *nonstructural deconstruction* and *structural deconstruction*. Items which must be donated, sold, or re-used include: cabinets, dimensional lumber, flooring, and solid core doors.

**601.3 Verification of** *deconstruction* **of a structure.** The completion of *deconstruction* as approved on the *deconstruction* plan must be verified by the Building Division. The owner or *deconstruction professional* shall provide written verification of deconstruction by means of receipts or a written log, maintained by the homeowner or general contractor, which includes the volume or weight of materials and the destination where they were transported to the Building Safety & Inspection Services Division. Verification must be received prior to scheduling the rough inspections.

<u>Note:</u> Add Chapters 7[CE] and 7[RE], "Construction Jobsite Waste Reduction and Recycling."

#### IECC CHAPTERS 7 [CE] AND 7 [CR] CONSTRUCTION JOBSITE WASTE REDUCTION AND RECYCLING

**701.1 Construction jobsite waste reduction and recycling.** All construction jobsite waste must be recycled, including wood, scrap metal, cardboard, and concrete. Labeled containers must be provided at the construction-site for use in capturing recyclable material. A mixed load container may be used if that container is being sent to a waste/ recycling center that will verify the weight of recycled material recovered from that mixed load.

**701.2 Documentation of intent to recycle.** Documentation of intent to recycle which consists of a recycling plan, a written description of recycling activity, or the submittal of the County Recycling Checklist must be provided at building permit application. The documentation must specify the locations of recycling containers and the destination where material will be recycled.

**701.3. Verification.** Field inspection will be made by the Boulder County Building Division during the construction process to assure that recycling containers have been placed on-site. Prior to the final inspection, documentation must be provided to the Building Division office by the owner or waste/recycling contractor indicating the weight or volume of materials diverted from the waste stream. Materials that must be recycled include: appliances, concrete, metals, cardboard, and wood (except pressure treated or painted wood), and thermostats and other devices containing mercury. Other materials which are accepted by the waste/recycling contractor must also be recycled.

<u>Note:</u> Add Chapters 8[CE] and 8[RE], "Trash Storage and Recycling Areas."

#### IECC CHAPTERS 8 [CE] AND 8 [RE] TRASH STORAGE AND RECYCLING AREAS

Section 801.1 On-site recycling. The following requirements shall apply to the construction of trash storage and recycling areas for attached dwellings and all business and industrial buildings or uses:

**801.1.1 Covered area.** Trash storage and recycling area shall be accommodated within the structure, or adequate common area shall be included on-site and indicated on a site plan.

**801.1.2 Hard surface required, screening and landscaping.** All outdoor trash recycling storage and containers shall be placed on a hard surface, including, without limitation, concrete, and shall be screened.

**801.1.3 Maintenance and service.** Trash storage and recycling area shall include adequate space for the maintenance and servicing of containers for recyclable materials that are provided by local disposal and recycling companies.

#### 801.1.4 Adequate space for trash and recyclables.

The amount of space provided for the collection and storage of recyclable materials shall be at least as large as the amount of space provided for the collection and storage of trash materials.

**801.1.5 Convenience and accessibility.** The recycling area shall be must be at least as accessible and convenient for tenants and collection vehicles as the trash collection and storage area.

**801.1.6 Minimum clearance.** A minimum height clearance of eight feet shall be required if the space is provided in a covered enclosure.

### IECC CHAPTERS 9 [CE] AND 9 [RE] REFERENCED STANDARDS

<u>Note:</u> Renumber the published Chapter 6 as Chapter 9 and modify the remaining section numbers accordingly.

# Amendments to the International Green Construction Code ("IgCC")



# Modeled from the 2015 International Green Construction Code ("IgCC")

**2015** *International Green Construction Code*, published by the International Code Council (ICC).

<u>Note:</u> Amend Sections 101.1 and 101.3 to read as follows:

## IGCC CHAPTER 1 SCOPE AND ADMINISTRATION

#### IGCC SECTION 101 GENERAL

**101.1 Title.** These regulations shall be known as the Green Construction Code of Boulder County, hereinafter referred to as "this code."

**101.3 Scope.** The provisions of this code shall apply to the design, construction, addition, alteration, change of occupancy, relocation, replacement, repair, equipment, building site, maintenance, removal and demolition of every building or structure or any appurtenances connected or attached to such buildings or structures and to the site on which the

building is located for new buildings or complexes of buildings on the same property 25,000 square feet in total building floor area or greater and additions and alterations to existing buildings that were constructed under the *International Green Construction Code*. Occupancy classifications shall be determined in accordance with the *International Building Code*® (IBC®).

<u>Note:</u> The remainder of Section 101 is adopted as published.

# IGCC CHAPTER 3 JURISDICTIONAL REQUIRE-MENTS

#### SECTION 302 JURISDICTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

<u>Note:</u> Amend the published Table 302.1 to add the jurisdictional requirements as directed in Sections 301.2 and 302.1.

#### TABLE 302.1 REQUIREMENTS DETERMINED BY THE JURISDICTION

Section	Section Title or Description and Directives	Jurisdictional Requirements
CHAPTER 1. SCOPE AND ADMINISTRATION		
101.3 Exception 1.1	Detached one- and two-family dwellings and multiple single-family dwellings (townhouses) not more than three stories in height above grade plane with a separate means of egress, their accessory structures, and the site or lot upon which these buildings are located, shall comply with ICC 700.	No
101.3 Exception 1.2	Group R-3 residential buildings, their accessory structures, and the site or lot upon which these buildings are located, shall comply with ICC 700.	No
101.3 Exception 1.3	Group R-2 and R-4 residential buildings four stories or less in height above grade plane, their accessory structures, and the site or lot upon which these buildings are located, shall comply with ICC 700.	No
CHAPTER 4. SITE DEVELOPMENT AND LAND USE		
402.2.1	Flood hazard area preservation, general	Yes
402.2.2	Flood hazard area preservation, specific	Yes
402.3	Surface water protection	Yes
402.5	Conservation area	Yes
402.7	Agricultural land	Yes
402.8	Greenfield sites	Yes
407.4.1	High-occupancy vehicle parking	Yes
407.4.2	Low-emission, hybrid and electric vehicle parking	Yes
409.1	Light pollution control	Yes
CHAPTER 5. MATERIAL RESOURCE CONSERVATION AND EFFICIENCY		
503.1	Minimum percentage of waste material diverted from landfills	65%
CHAPTER 6. ENERGY CONSERVATION, EFFICIENCY AND CO EMISSIONS REPORTING		
302.1, 302.1.1, 602.1	zEPI of Jurisdictional Choice – The jurisdiction shall indicate a zEPI of 46 or less in each occupancy for which it intends to require enhanced energy performance.	Occupancy: All zEPI: 46
604.1	Automated demand response infrastructure	Yes
CHAPTER 7. WATER RESOURCE CONSERVATION, QUALITY AND EFFICIENCY		
702.7	Municipal reclaimed water	No
CHAPTER 8. INDOOR ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY AND COMFORT		
804.2	Post-Construction Pre-Occupancy Baseline IAQ Testing	No
807.1	Sound transmission and sound levels	No
CHAPTER 10. EXISTING BUILDINGS		
1007.2	Evaluation and certification of existing buildings and building sites	No
1007.3	Post-certificate of occupancy annual net energy use, energy demand and $CO^2e$ emissions reportingemissions reporting	No

# Amendments to the 2015 International Performance Code for Buildings and Facilities



Modeled from the 2015 International Code Council Performance Code

**2015** *International Code Council Performance Code for Buildings and Facilities*, published by the International Code Council (ICC).

Part I—Administrative

CHAPTER 1 GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE PRO-VISIONS SECTION 101 INTENT AND PURPOSE

<u>Note:</u> Add a sentence to Section 101.1 to state that the adoption is for limited use.

**101.1 Purpose.** To provide appropriate health, safety, welfare, and social and economic value, while promoting innovative, flexible and responsive solutions that optimize the expenditure and consumption of resources. This code is adopted only for use as a guide and a tool to evaluate proposals for modifications and for alternate materials, design and methods of construction and equipment in accordance with Sections 104.10 and 104.11, respectively, of the Boulder County Building Code.

# Amendments to the 2015 International Swimming Pool and Spa Code ("ISPSC")



# Modeled from the 2015 International Swimming Pool and Spa Code

**2015** *International Swimming Pool and Spa Code*, published by the International Code Council (ICC).

## CHAPTER 1 SCOPE AND ADMINISTRATION

#### PART 1—SCOPE AND APPLICATION

<u>Note:</u> This chapter is deleted, except for Sections 101.1, 101.2 and 101.3. Section 101.1 is amended to read as follows:

#### SECTION 101 GENERAL

**101.1 Title.** These regulations shall be known as the Swimming Pool and Spa Code of Boulder County, hereinafter referred to as "this code."

# Validity, Repeals, and Effective Date

- Validity: If any section, subsection, sentence, clause or phrase of this resolution is, for any reason, held to be unconstitutional, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this resolution. The Board of County Commissioners hereby declares that it would have passed this resolution, and each section, subsection, clause, or phrase thereof, irrespective of the fact that any one or more sections, subsections, sentences, clauses and phrases be declared unconstitutional.
- 2. **Repeals:** The following codes or regulations shall be repealed at the effective date of adoption of this resolution:
  - □ International Building Code, 2012 Edition
  - □ International Residential Code 2012 Edition
  - □ International Mechanical Code 2012 Edition
  - □ International Plumbing Code, 2012 Edition
  - □ International Fuel Gas Code 2012 Edition
  - □ National Electrical Code 2011 Edition
  - □ International Energy Conservation Code 2012 Edition
  - □ International Green Construction Code, 2012 Edition
  - □ ICC Performance Code, 2012 Edition
- **3. Date Effective:** This Resolution shall be, and is hereby declared to be in full force and effect for all applications for building permits filed on or after January 1, 2016.



#### Land Use Department:

Courthouse Annex Building • 2045 13th Street • PO Box 471 • Boulder, CO 80302

#### **Building Safety & Inspection Services:**

Phone: 303-441-3925 • Fax: 303-441-4856 • Email: building\_official@bouldercounty.org • www.bouldercounty.org/lu

Office Hours: Monday – Monday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. | Tuesday 10 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

Building Permits can be applied for and issued until 4 p.m. Plan review services by the Building Safety and Inspection Services Team are unavailable on Tuesdays. Building permits that require a plan review and counter questions will not be accepted on Tuesdays. Over the counter EZBP building permits are available on Tuesdays from 10 a.m.-4:30 p.m.

> 2015 Boulder County Building Code Amendments – Effective January 1, 2016 - December 31, 2016 Printed March 8, 2016