







Comprehensive Creek Planning Initiative
January 12, 2015

## Watershed Recovery



Emergency Response



Immediate
Threat
Assessment and
Mitigation



Long-Term Vision

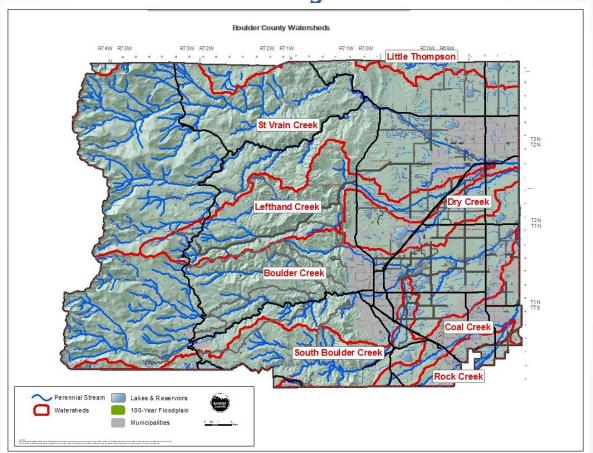
Watershed Master Plans



Future Creek Projects

Funding and Implementation

## Boulder County Watersheds



# Comprehensive Creek Planning Initiative

- Initiated to ensure county-wide view of creek recovery and restoration
- Began with community meetings to identify needs
- Moved to high-hazard debris removal and mitigation projects
- Prepared for and transitioned to watershed-level master planning process
- Master plans complete in December 2014



Watershed Master Plans

#### **Little Thompson River**



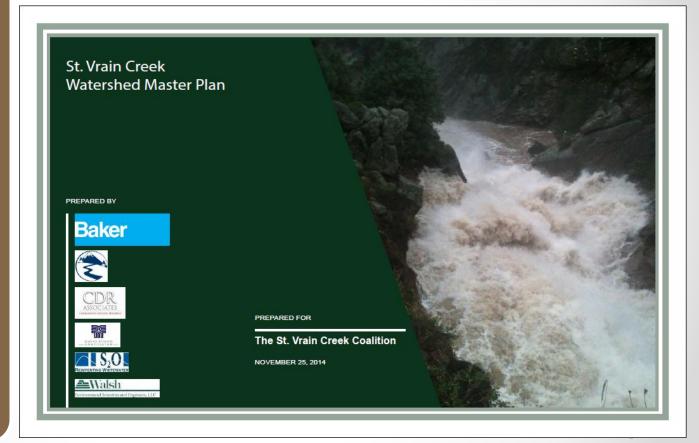






Watershed Master Plans

### St. Vrain Creek



Watershed Master Plans

### **Left Hand Creek**





Watershed Master Plans

### **Fourmile Creek**

Fourmile Creek Watershed Master Plan











COLORADO
Colorado Water
Conservation Board
Department of Natural Resources



Watershed Master Plans

### Coal Creek (Upper Reaches)



## Upper Coal Creek Watershed Restoration Master Plan

November 2014

Jefferson and Boulder Counties





8100 S Akron Street, Suite 300 Centennial, CO 80112 303-221-0802 www.iconeng.com







Watershed Master Plans

## Enabling Flood Recovery through Watershed Planning

### Partnerships

- Coalition partners
- Community members & landowners
- Stakeholder interests

#### Resources

- o County: Staffing and funding, \$300K
- State: Guidance and funding
  - CWCB Master Plan Grant, \$700K
  - CDBG-DR Planning Grant, \$80K
  - CWCB Stream Restoration Grants\*

<sup>\*</sup>Funding needed for project implementation, including local match





## Partnerships





























COLORADO

Colorado Water Conservation Board

Department of Natural Resources



COLORADO

Division of Homeland Security & Emergency Management

Department of Public Safety



Maintaining Agriculture in a Growing Urban Environment









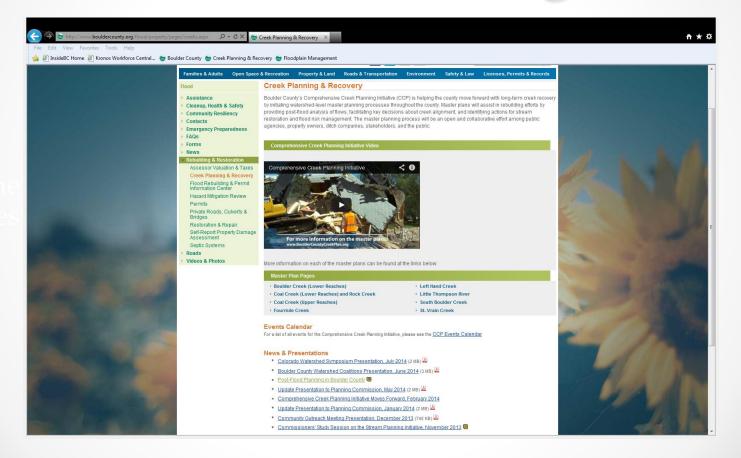




# Community Engagement

- 1 project video produced
- 15 community meetings with over 575 total participants
- 3,593 postcards sent announcing the master plan process and kick-off community meetings
- 10 presentations at meetings, conferences, and workshops
- 13 press releases sent
- 16 external emails with updates and announcements on master plans

# Information Clearinghouse





Watershed Master Plans

## Plan Outcomes

Multidisciplinary technical assessment of current watershed conditions, including:

- Ecological Assessment
- Geomorphic Assessment
- Flood Risk Assessment
- Channel Migration Zone Analysis

## Ecological Assessment

### St. Vrain Creek



Poor

#### Recommendations:

Consider opportunities for improved meanders, habitat, vegetation, etc.; need to create more complexity within the channel

No further management recommended

Excellent



## Geomorphic Assessment

### Left Hand Creek

Good



Tight bedrock pinch led to stripping of alluvium in James Canyon, ultimately destroying the roadway and the pre-flood channel.

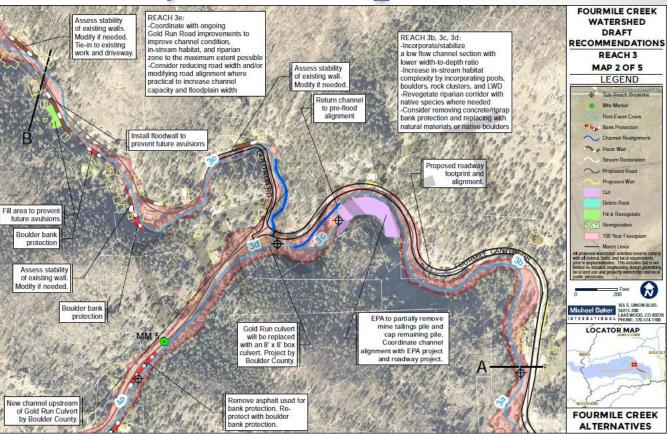
Poor

In tact section of lower Left Hand Creek (on BoCo Open Space). This reach largely in tact due to functioning, connected floodplain.



Watershed Master Plans

# Project Maps



### **Project Descriptions**

NEIGHBORHOOD: Boulder County

SHEET: 41

STATION: 1299+00 to 1333+00

RESTORATION RECOMMENDATIONS: 1308+00 to 1326+00

Aerial photos of pre-flood conditions and anecdotal information indicate this reach had a moderately dense vegetated riparian corridor, ranging from 150 feet directly along the river corridor to more than 550 feet wide in areas with expanded floodplain surfaces. The vegetation is comprised primarily of cottonwoods, some willows, and other riparian species, many of which were torn out during the flood. Flood flows caused considerable scour of the floodplain and overbank surfaces in



some areas, including significant lateral channel migration in the large bend near Sta 1325+00 and Sta 1302+00. Due to the significant scour upstream, including significant sediment and debris transported through the upstream canyon, large sediment deposits, including coarse material, also exist in this area.

The 2013 Flood caused many of the significant channel bends to erode laterally into overbank surfaces that have primarily been used as cropland. Sinuosity of the channel was also generally reduced as flood flows scoured a more direct flow path along the floodplain.

Although significant geomorphic changes have occurred in this reach as a result of the 2013 Flood, much of the current channel and floodplain is relatively stable, and expected to recover without significant restoration activities. However, there are some overbank areas that require some fill and reclamation along with some bank stabilization. Seeding or planting of the reworked channel banks would help accelerate vegetation recruitment.

The Boulder Larimer (Ish) Irrigation Ditch diversion structure has been reconstructed, and significant channel reconstruction both upstream and downstream of the diversion dam has occurred.

#### RESTORATION RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1. Stabilize right bank between Sta 1298+00 and Sta 1309+00 to protect irrigation ditch.
- 2 Stabilize left bank near Sta 1302+00.
- Create and/or refine low-flow channel near Sta 1320+00 to improve conveyance and sediment transport in this area. Effects of low-flow channel will be limited at downstream end due to Boulder Larimer (Ish) Irrigation Ditch diversion dam.
- Stabilize banks near Sta 1324+00.
- Develop low-flow channel below diversion dam and grade adjacent floodplain surface (much of this work has already occurred).

#### OPINION OF PROBABLE COST

Item Description	Unit	Unit Price	Sta 1308+00 to Sta 1326+00 Sheet 40 and 41		
			Mob/Demob	LS	\$32,400
Dewatering	LF	\$ 14	2400	\$	33,600
Create/refine Low Flow Channel	LF	\$ 27	1400	\$	37,800
Excavate, Grade Low Flow Channel (capacity)	LF	\$ 48		\$	-
Grade Control	EA	S -		\$	÷ (
Grading	AC	\$ 8,000	0	\$	-
Floodplain Stabilization	AC	\$ 8,100	2	\$	16,200
Lowering and Grading	AC	\$32,300		\$	
Point Bar Creation	LF	\$ 5	1400	\$	7,000
Bank Stabilization, Level 1	LF	\$ 110		\$	25
Bank Stabilization, Level 2	LF	\$ 75	1000	\$	75,000
Bank Stabilization, Level 3	LF	\$ 45	0	\$	-
Land Reclamation Fill	AC	\$20,200		\$	
Upper Bank Stablization, Level 1	LF	\$ 25		\$	=0
Upper Bank Stablization, Level 2	LF	\$ 15		\$	
Upper Bank Stablization, Level 3	LF	\$ 5		\$	
Seeding	AC	\$ 5,000	10	\$	50,000
Temporary irrigation and weed management	LS	\$22,800	1	\$	22,800
Site Specific	LS	\$ -		\$	-
SUBTOTAL				\$	274,800
Contingency, 15% of subtotal				\$	41,200
Permitting, 2.5% of subtotal				\$	6,900
Design, plans, specification, contract administration,	15%			\$	41,200
Supervision & Administration, 10%				\$	27,500
TOTAL				\$	392.000







## Conceptual Designs





Figure 28. Graphical example of existing crossing constructed with low-flow channel that facilitates aquatic organism passage and sediment transport.

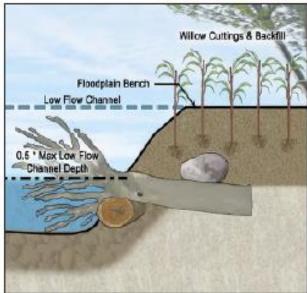


Figure 7.4 Large Woody Debris Bank Protection Detail\*





Watershed Master Plans

## Project Prioritization

#### Fourmile Creek Master Plan

#### Tier 1 - Projects reducing flood risk due to post-flood conditions

Reach 1 – Removal of Sediment aggradation from the channel near Mile Marker 1.1

Reach 1 – Fourmile Creek restoration project (CWCB Grant)

Reach 3 – Assessing the stability of existing walls and modifying if necessary

Reach 3 – Filling and revegetating avulsion areas

Reach 3 – Installing debris racks and stabilizing the banks of Ingram Gulch

Reach 4 – Removal of sediment aggradation from the channel and floodplain near Mile Markers 5.1, 5.8, and 6.3

Reach 4 – Removing a debris jam in a high avulsion risk area near Mile Marker 7.7

#### Tier 2 - Projects that improve stream stability and promote ecological recovery

All Reaches – Low flow channel restoration

All Reaches – Increasing in-stream habitat

All Reaches – Revegetation

Reaches 1, 3, and 4 – Bank Protection

Reach 3 – Relocating Fourmile Creek in the vicinity of Salina Junction

Reach 4 – Removing a temporary berm near Mile Marker 7.2 and bank protection

#### Tier 3 - Projects that affect areas with low risk to infrastructure

Reach 2 – Filling the pre-flood channel to reduce avulsion risk



Watershed Master Plans

## Cost Estimates

Top priority projects

St. Vrain\$68 million\*

Left Hand
 \$20 million\*\*

o Fourmile \$2.6 million\*

 Floodplain management recommendations and cost estimates

Studies and remapping \$1.6 million

\*Cost estimates for all Tier 1 projects with unmet needs

\*\*Cost estimates for all of the top 5 projects with unmet needs



Watershed Master Plans

# Plan Adoption

### Feedback on Plans

Planning Commission

POSAC

Adoption

BOCC

January 21

January 22

early February



### Plan Use

- Conceptual
  - Framework and guidance for recovery actions
  - Informed by scientific data
  - Next steps of further planning, design
- Funding tool
- Communication and organizing tool



### **Project Implementation**

- Projects could be completed by:
  - Individual property owners
  - Groups of neighbors
  - Watershed Coalitions
  - Government agencies
  - Non-governmental agencies
  - Cooperative efforts
- Private property owners will need to participate/give approval for any projects on their property



### **Project Implementation**

- County Land Use review and permitting
  - County encourages projects that align with master plan recommendations for stream alignment and channel configuration
  - Floodplain development permit still necessary to assess impacts of project in regulated floodplain
  - Cooperative efforts could streamline permitting processes by developing "one project" involving multiple properties



### **Post-Master Plan Coalitions**

#### St. Vrain

 Continuing discussions about mission and governance structure of post-master plan Coalition

#### **Left Hand**

- Left Hand Watershed Oversight Group (LWOG) to serve as watershed coalition
- LWOG Board expanding representation

#### **Fourmile**

 Fire District pursuing proposal to house and develop coalition



### Project Funding: CDBG-DR Round 2

### Two Programs for Creek Recovery (DOLA/CWCB)

- Watershed Resiliency
- Planning Resiliency

#### January

Planning program: Projects (up to 30% design)

Planning program: Staff

Watershed program: Watershed Coordinators

#### March

Watershed program: Small scale or pilot projects

#### November

Watershed program: Large projects



### Project Funding: CDBG-DR Round 2

- County Applications- January
  - o Floodplain program staff
  - Floodplain studies and map updates
  - Creek recovery staff
  - Project design, to prepare for November applications
    - South St. Vrain Creek (Hall Meadows)
    - St. Vrain breaches 1 and 2
    - St. Vrain breaches 5-9
    - Left Hand Creek and Fourmile Creek stream restoration (roadway design integration)
- Applications coordinated through city-towncounty Collaborative
- Coalition participation to seek support for applications
- No County application for Watershed Coordinators



# Project Funding: Other Potential Sources

- CDBG-DR Round 3
- HUD Resiliency competition
- Waterway/infrastructure coordinationresiliency funds
- NRCS Emergency Watershed Protection Program
- EPA, Trout Unlimited, and other grant opportunities to be identified



## Next Steps: Creek Recovery and Restoration Program Activities (Winter-Spring)

- Complete county adoption of master plans
- Continue participation in Coalitions
- Complete January and March CDBG-DR Round 2 funding applications
- Initiate project designs (30%) by department staff, when funding secured
  - o Parks & Open Space
  - Transportation
- Pursue additional funding for project implementation
  - o Projects considered on a case-by-case basis
  - o Dependent on resource availability
- Complete CWCB Watershed Planning grant activities
  - Lower Boulder Creek Master Plan (UDFCD)
- Continue communication and outreach activities

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