





Clerk and Recorder 1750 33rd Street, Suite 200, Boulder, Colorado 80301-2546

1750 33rd Street, Suite 200, Boulder, Colorado 80301-2546 Hillary Hall, Boulder County Clerk and Recorder

GENERAL ELECTION

ELECTION DAY: TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 2008

Voting information appears on the inside back cover.

This notice includes TABOR issues only. Your sample ballot is available at www.VoteBoulder.org.
Full ballot text will be published in the Times-Call and Daily Camera on Saturday, October 18.

NOTICE OF ELECTION

TO INCREASE TAXES/TO INCREASE DEBT ON A CITIZEN PETITION AND/OR ON A REFERRED MEASURE

THIS PAMPHLET CONTAINS
SUMMARY STATEMENTS
FOR BALLOT PROPOSITIONS
AS REQUIRED BY THE
STATE OF COLORADO
CONSTITUTION,
ARTICLE X, SECTION 20.

A 'YES' vote on any ballot issue is a vote IN FAVOR OF changing current law or existing circumstances, and a 'NO' vote on any ballot issue is a vote AGAINST changing current law or existing circumstances.

ALL REGISTERED VOTERS

BOULDER COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTICE OF ELECTION

November 4, 2008

Hours of election: 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m.

Boulder County Clerk's Office Main office: 1750 33rd St. Boulder, CO 80301 303-413-7740

NOTICE OF ELECTION TO INCREASE DEBT/ ON A REFERRED MEASURE

County Issue 1A (Boulder County Clean Energy Options LID Debt and Multiple Fiscal Year Financial Obligation Authorization):

Ballot Title:

SHALL BOULDER COUNTY DEBT (FOR CLEAN EN-ERGY OPTIONS LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT) BE INCREASED BY UP TO \$40,000,000, WITH A MAXIMUM REPAYMENT COST OF UP TO \$96,800,000, WITH NO INCREASE IN ANY COUNTY TAX OR TAX RATE, FOR THE PURPOSE OF FINANCING THE COSTS OF CON-STRUCTING, ACQUIRING AND INSTALLING SOLAR AND OTHER RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS OR ENERGY-EFFICIENCY IMPROVEMENTS FOR PROP-ERTY OWNERS THAT CONSENT TO BE INCLUDED IN THE DISTRICT BY ENTERING INTO A CONTRACT OR AGREEMENT FOR INCLUSION IN THE DISTRICT. AND ANY COSTS NECESSARY OR INCIDENTAL THERETO, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION THE COST OF ES-TABLISHING RESERVES TO SECURE THE PAYMENT OF SUCH DEBT. BY THE ISSUANCE OF SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BONDS PAYABLE FROM SPECIAL AS-SESSMENTS IMPOSED AGAINST BENEFITED PROP-ERTIES FOR WHICH THE OWNERS THEREOF HAVE CONSENTED TO BE INCLUDED WITHIN THE DISTRICT BY ENTERING INTO SUCH A CONTRACT OR AGREE-MENT FOR INCLUSION. AND FROM OTHER FUNDS THAT MAY BE LAWFULLY PLEDGED TO THE PAYMENT OF SUCH BONDS. WHICH BONDS SHALL BEAR IN-TEREST AT A MAXIMUM NET EFFECTIVE INTEREST RATE NOT TO EXCEED 10%. SHALL BE SUBJECT TO REDEMPTION, WITH OR WITHOUT PREMIUM, SHALL BE ISSUED, DATED, AND SOLD AT SUCH TIME OR TIMES, AT SUCH PRICES (AT, ABOVE OR BELOW PAR) AND IN SUCH MANNER, IN ONE OR MORE SERIES, AND SHALL CONTAIN SUCH TERMS, NOT INCONSIS-TENT HEREWITH. AS THE BOARD OF COUNTY COM-MISSIONERS MAY DETERMINE; SHALL THE COUNTY BE AUTHORIZED TO ENTER INTO A MULTIPLE-FISCAL YEAR OBLIGATION TO ADVANCE AMOUNTS FOR

PAYMENT OF A PORTION OF SUCH BONDS AND TO REIMBURSE ITSELF FOR SUCH ADVANCES BY COL-LECTING UNPAID ASSESSMENTS AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 30-20-619(2), COLORADO REVISED STAT-UTES, AS AMENDED; AND SHALL THE REVENUES FROM SUCH SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS AND ANY EARNINGS THEREON AND FROM THE INVESTMENT OF THE PROCEEDS OF SUCH BONDS CONSTITUTE A VOTER-APPROVED REVENUE CHANGE; ALL IN AC-CORDANCE WITH BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSION-ERS' RESOLUTION NO. 2008-99? Text of Ballot Issue Proposal: RESOLUTION NO. 2008-99 A RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF COUNTY COM-MISSIONERS OF BOULDER COUNTY CALLING AN ELECTION ON NOVEMBER 4, 2008, FOR THE PUR-POSE OF SUBMITTING A BALLOT ISSUE FOR CLEAN **ENERGY OPTIONS LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT:** ORDERING THAT THE BALLOT ISSUE BE VOTED COUNTY-WIDE; SETTING THE TITLE AND CONTENT OF THE BALLOT ISSUE FOR THE ELECTION; AND PROVIDING OTHER MATTERS RELATING THERETO. WHEREAS, Boulder County, Colorado (the "County") is a Colorado county duly organized and operating under the Constitution and laws of the State of Colorado (the "State"); and WHEREAS, pursuant to Part 6 of Article 20 of Title 30, Colorado Revised Statutes, as amended (the "Act"), the County is authorized to initiate a local improvement district for the purpose of encouraging, accommodating, and financing Renewable Energy Improvements and Energy Efficiency Improvements (both as defined in the Act); and WHEREAS, the County desires to encourage, accommodate and provide financing for Renewable Energy Improvements and Energy Efficiency Improvements ("RE/EEI") in the County (the "Project") and accordingly expects to initiate a local improvement district to be known as Boulder County Clean Energy Options Local Improvement District (the "District") pursuant to the Act for the purpose of accomplishing the Project, including paying all costs necessary and incidental thereto; and WHEREAS, coal and natural gas are the principal sources of generation of commercial quantities of electric energy for the power grid in the western United States, and home and business consumption accounts for 73% of the overall usage of electric energy; and WHEREAS, although new building codes can impact energy usage in new structures, there is a vast quantity of existing structures with many years of remaining life before replacement, and these structures are not very energy efficient by today's standards, nor do they have renewable energy systems installed to provide some or all of their electric energy needs; and WHEREAS, the continued increase in the costs of electric-

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ity and natural gas will have a financial impact on home and business owners, the ability to invest in energy efficiency and renewable energy will decrease this negative impact by allowing for decreasing energy use; and WHEREAS, if the United States is serious about moving away from fossil fuels in order to limit the greenhouse gas effect leading to global warming, the existing occupied building stock must be retrofitted with energy efficiency materials and modalities, and significant progress towards provision of renewable electric energy, as well as renewable energy for water and space heating, for use in these structures must take place very soon; and WHEREAS, solving this problem will require creative ways of financing that will provide incentives for property owners to seek to install RE/EEI now rather than later; and WHEREAS, existing homeowners, and to a certain extent business property owners, are highly leveraged on their properties currently. Even if there is equity available to further pledge for financing for RE/EEI, a declining-value housing market would keep property owners from taking that plunge, for fear of being unable to realize sufficient resale value for these improvements. Since the average homeowner moves every 7-9 years, and the expected life of these improvements is 20 – 25 years, and the energy savings paybacks for at least some of these improvements will take around 20 - 25 years as well, these property owners are unlikely to undertake home equity financing that extends from 20 to 30 years; and WHEREAS, Boulder County and other local governments in Colorado and elsewhere have attempted to be creative in finding ways to make incentives for financing these improvements available now, and have created legal mechanisms, via Colorado House Bill 08-1350, that allow solar, wind, and other renewable energy and energy efficiency improvements to be financed by local governments with a repayment over 20 years through special assessments collected via the property tax collection system. The responsibility for repayment remains with the property, so that the property owner does not have to worry about covering the improvements costs in the resale price they get for the property. The payment responsibility remains with the person who is getting the benefit of the annual energy costs savings; and WHEREAS, Boulder County and other local governments will be able to offer, in part, below-market-rate financing through the creation of funding via issuance of double-taxexempt bonds; and WHEREAS, the District will be formed pursuant to a separate resolution of the Board of County Commissioners of the County (the "Board") to be adopted pursuant to and in accordance with the provisions of the Act subsequent to the date of adoption of this Resolution; and WHEREAS, funding the construction and acquisition of the Project requires the issuance of special assessment

bonds of the County and, pursuant to the requirements of the Act and Article X of Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, voter approval is required prior to the issuance of such special assessment bonds; and WHEREAS, the Board has therefore determined to submit a ballot issue at an election to be held on November 4. 2008, and to set the title and content of the ballot issue to be submitted at the election called by this Resolution; and WHEREAS, because the Act permits property to be included within the District subsequent to the initial formation thereof by agreement of the owner of such property to such inclusion, it will not be possible for the Board to determine the electors of the District as of the time of such election: and WHEREAS, the County desires to retain the ability to advance funds for the payment of a portion of such special assessment bonds and reimburse itself for such advances by collecting unpaid assessments as provided in the Act; WHEREAS, pursuant to the Act, any ballot issue for any special assessment bonds which are secured by such County advances must be submitted to all registered electors of the County; and WHEREAS, the County will seek to obtain municipal consent from each municipality in the County for the properties within each municipality respectively to be eligible to become a part of the district and to finance improvements to said properties through the district, and therefore the Board finds it appropriate to submit the ballot issue to all registered electors of the County; and WHEREAS, the Board has therefore determined to submit such ballot issue to all registered electors of the County; WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 1-5-203(3), Colorado Revised Statutes, as amended ("C.R.S."), no later than September 5, 2008, the order of the ballot and ballot content must be certified to the County Clerk and Recorder of the County (the "County Clerk"). NOW, THEREFORE, THE BOARD OF COUNTY COM-MISSIONERS OF BOULDER COUNTY, COLORADO HEREBY RESOLVES: 1. An election shall be held on Tuesday, November 4, 2008 (the 2008 general election) at which there shall be submitted to the registered electors of the County a ballot issue regarding the issuance of special assessment bonds (the "Ballot Issue"), which ballot issue shall be in substantially the form attached hereto as Appendix A. Appendix A is hereby incorporated into this Resolution as if set forth in full herein. Pursuant to Section 30-20-619(6), C.R.S., the Board hereby orders that all registered electors of the County shall be eligible to vote on the Ballot Issue. 2. The election shall be conducted as a coordinated election in accordance with articles 1 to 13 of title 1, C.R.S. (the "Uniform Election Code"). The costs of the election

shall be paid by the County; provided that the County may elect to reimburse itself for such cost from assessments paid by property owners in the District as a portion of the Project in accordance with the Act.

- 3. No later than September 5, 2008, the Designated Election Official shall certify the order of the ballot and ballot content to the Clerk and Recorder of the County (the "County Clerk"). The "Designated Election Official" shall be Jana Petersen, Administrative Assistant and Clerk to the Board.
- 4. For purposes of Section 1-11-203.5, C.R.S., this Resolution shall serve to set the ballot title for the ballot issue set forth herein and the ballot title for such ballot issue shall be as set forth in Appendix A hereto, and the text of the ballot issue shall be the text of this Resolution.
- 5. The order of the ballot shall be determined by the County Clerk as provided in Section 1-5-407(5), C.R.S., and the rules of the Secretary of State. In accordance therewith, if the County refers more than one ballot issue, the order of the ballot shall, in accordance therewith, be as follows: first, measures to increase taxes; second, measures to retain revenues in excess of its fiscal year spending limit; third, measures to increase debt; fourth, citizen petitions; and fifth, other referred measures. If the County refers more than one ballot issue within any such type of ballot issue, the order within such type of ballot issue shall, unless otherwise determined by the Board, be the same as the order of the ballot issues in the resolution of the Board that orders that such ballot issues be so referred (with questions set forth in separate resolutions listed in
- the order in which such resolutions were adopted).

 6. The Designated Election Official is hereby authorized and directed to proceed with any action necessary or appropriate to effectuate the provisions of this Resolution and comply with the Uniform Election Code, Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution ("TABOR") and other applicable laws; provided that all acts required or permitted by the Uniform Election Code relevant to voting by early voters' ballots, absentee ballots and emergency absentee ballots which are to be performed by the designated election official shall be performed by the County Clerk. The election shall be conducted in accordance with the Uniform Election Code, TABOR and all other applicable laws.
- 7. No later than September 23, 2008, the Designated Election Official shall submit to the County Clerk, in the form, if any, specified by the County Clerk, the notice of election required by subsection (3)(b) of TABOR.
- 8. No later than October 15, 2008, the Designated Election Official shall ensure that, in accordance with Section 1-7-908, C.R.S., the posting of financial notice required thereby is made on the County's website

 9. The Designated Election Official, the County Clerk and
- 9. The Designated Election Official, the County Clerk and other County officials and employees are hereby autho-

rized and directed to take all action necessary or appropriate to effectuate the provisions of this Resolution.

10. All actions not inconsistent with the provisions of this Resolution heretofore taken by the members of the Board and the officers and employees of the County and directed toward holding the election for the purposes stated herein

11. All prior acts, orders or resolutions, or parts thereof, by the County in conflict with this Resolution are hereby repealed, except that this repealer shall not be construed to revive any act, order or resolution, or part thereof, heretofore repealed.

are hereby ratified, approved and confirmed.

12. If any section, paragraph, clause or provision of this Resolution shall be adjudged to be invalid or unenforceable, the invalidity or unenforceability of such section, paragraph, clause or provision shall not affect any of the remaining sections, paragraphs, clauses or provisions of this Resolution, it being the intention that the various parts hereof are severable.

This Resolution shall take effect immediately upon its passage. This Resolution has been adopted this 6th day of August, 2008.

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF BOULDER COUNTY, COLORADO

The estimated total of Boulder County fiscal year spending for the current year and actual total for each of the past four years and the overall percentage and dollar change for the period are as follows:

FISCAL YEAR

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YEAR		SPENDING
2008		\$228,356,525*
2007		\$216,297,358*
2006		\$205,141,036*
2005		\$184,874,487*
2004		\$171,569,894*

Total Percentage Change from 2004 to 2008: 33%* Total Dollar Change from 2004 to 2008: \$56,786,631* *Figures for 2004 through 2008 include actual and estimated revenues from a 0.25% county?wide open space sales and use tax, from a 0.10% county?wide open space sales and use tax, from a 0.10% county transportation projects sales and use tax, and from grants, intergovernmental revenues, interest, fines and other exempted revenues, which voters authorized in 1993, 1994, 1997, 1998, 2000, and 2001, to be exempt from the County's general fiscal year spending limit. The figure for 2004 includes a 0.05% fire training centers sales and use tax, exempted from the County's general fiscal year spending limit by voters in 2001. The figures from 2004 onwards include an ad valorem property tax mill levy increase authorized and exempted by voters in 2002. The actual and estimated revenues

for 2004 through 2008 include estimated revenues from a 0.05% county-wide sales and use tax approved by voters in 2003 for non-profit human services, which is also exempt from the County's general fiscal year spending limit. The actual and estimated revenues for 2005 through 2008 also include revenues from a 0.05% county-wide sales and use tax approved in 2003 for offender management capital construction and equipment, programs for alternatives to jail incarceration, and construction and equipping of a new addiction recovery center, which is also exempt from the County's general fiscal year spending limit; and a 0.10% county-wide sales and use tax approved by voters in 2004 for the acquisition and maintenance of open space, which is also exempt from the County's general fiscal year spending limit. All estimates for 2008 are based on the TABOR definition of fiscal year spending and limited revenues, although the County's fiscal year spending, revenue, and property tax revenue limits have been exempted from the TABOR limits by action of the voters in 2005.

Proposed Clean Energy Options Local Improvement District Revenue Bond Issue:

Maximum principal amount: \$40,000,000. Estimated maximum annual repayment cost: \$4,988,500. Maximum total repayment cost: \$96,800,000.

Total of Current Revenue Bond Issues**

Total current principal amount: \$221,385,000 Total maximum annual repayment cost: \$23,156,593 Total remaining repayment cost: \$321,096,938 **As of November 4, 2008.

Statement submitted in favor of County Issue 1A:

The Clean Energy Options Local Improvement District will offer Boulder County residents and businesses a new way to finance energy improvements, including renewable energy systems (such as solar) and energy efficiency upgrades. Simply put, residents and businesses will be able to borrow money through the County and pay it back, over time, through a special assessment on property tax bills. Residents and businesses who do not wish to participate in the program will not pay any additional taxes or fees; they will not be impacted financially in any way. Whether property owners are interested in saving money, reducing their contribution to climate change, reducing our dependence on fossil fuels, or increasing our energy independence, the Local Improvement District removes many of the financial hurdles that prevent them from achieving those goals. First, there would be little upfront cost to the property owner. Second, the upfront capital costs would be repaid through a voluntary special assessment on the property, thereby avoiding any direct impact on the property owner's personal credit. Third, the well-secured loans will provide competitive to below market rates. Fourth, the obligation to pay the special assessment transfers with the property. Therefore, if the property is sold prior to the end of the 20-year repayment period, the new owner takes over repayment as part of the property tax bill or other arrangements may be made by the seller and buyer. The Clean Energy Options Local Improvement District offers Boulder County property owners the opportunity to save energy and money while reducing their impact on the environment. The Local Improvement District will carry out the County's mission of helping property owners make principled investments in the long-term health of the local, state, and national economy and the environment, at the global and community level. Those who choose to pay for solar, other renewable energy systems, or energy efficiency upgrades through this program will pay only for the cost of their project, interest, and a small administrative fee, if necessary.

Boulder County, the city of Boulder, Jamestown, Lafayette, Longmont, Louisville, Lyons, Nederland, and Superior seek to provide multiple benefits through the Clean Energy Options Local Improvement District. The program will offer property owners a no-money-down means of financing energy improvements that doesn't require a property appraisal. It provides a stream-lined loan process, a fixed rate loan, and decreased utility bills. At the same time it shores up the local economy and makes it possible for Boulder County to fulfill energy conservation and climate-protection commitments.

The intent of the Clean Energy Options Local Improvement District is to provide a "turnkey" service for Boulder County property owners who would otherwise be unable to finance energy efficiency measures and renewable energy options, including solar. This program is critical to achieving our community's sustainability goals, including reducing our impact on climate change. Vote yes on 1A.

Summary of statements submitted in opposition to County Issue 1A:

This is another example of Boulder County's excessive obsession with green initiatives regardless of the negative financial impacts. The county is already over \$200 million in debt for open space purchases. We don't need another \$40 million debt with repayment costs of up to \$96.8 million to perpetuate environmental hysteria. One of the problems with the current financial meltdown

on Wall Street is predatory lending, lending by mortgage companies to people who could not possibly afford the loans. Yet this is exactly what 1A does. Read the following text from the 1A: "WHERERAS, existing homeowners, and to a certain extent business property owners, are highly leveraged on their properties currently . . ."

The commissioners want to lend money to people that the

market has determined cannot repay additional loans, and saddle the poor homeowner with even more easy debt using the good credit of the citizens of Boulder County. The Commissioners say, "Boulder County and other local governments in Colorado and elsewhere have attempted to be creative in finding ways to make incentives for financing these improvements available now." This is similar to mortgage companies who attempted to be so creative in creating debt instruments that we had a housing market collapse.

The loan is tied to the property somewhat like a mortgage, disguised as a tax bill and, for most homeowners; the additional cost will show up on your "mortgage payment." You'll need to put a lot more into your tax escrow account to pay off the mortgage and this new loan. The County is acting like a crackdealer for people hooked on money. Further, imagine that you are a mortgage lender considering lending in Boulder County. The lender is now faced with the possibility that the homeowner will take out one of these loans and further reduce the ability of the lender to get his money back if the home forecloses. This program increases the likelihood that the property will be foreclosed upon because the struggling homeowner is taking on more

Who will determine if this loan is a sound one environmentally? Does it make sense to heavily insulate a roof if the walls are uninsulated and the windows are single pane? Thus, this program could do more harm than good to the environment. Will this be part of the undefined and unknown administrative costs?

The County's website says: "There will be some administrative costs to the program; the exact amount and how much will be repaid via the special assessments has yet to be determined." Here are the politics and administration issues. Consider what RTD has recently done in terms of Ecopasses. Because of the administrative expenses involved, RTD is much more willing to "give" Ecopasses to large companies than small ones.

Similarly, once this measure is approved, will the administrators give large loans to large (politically powerful!) corporations at YOUR expense and at the expense of small businesses? Do you really want to subsidize large corporations?

Vote NO on this insane proposal by the County Commissioners.

NOTICE OF ELECTION ON A REFERRED MEASURE County Issue 1B (Worthy Cause 0.05% County-wide Sales and Use Tax Extension Issue): Ballot Title:

WITH NO INCREASE IN ANY COUNTY TAX, SHALL THE COUNTY'S EXISTING 0.05% SALES AND USE TAX FOR HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES BE EXTENDED TO AND INCLUDING DECEMBER 31, 2018 FOR THE PUR-

POSES OF FUNDING CAPITAL FACILITIES AND EQUIP-MENT FOR NON-PROFIT HUMAN SERVICES AGEN-CIES AND HOUSING AUTHORITIES WITHIN BOULDER COUNTY PROVIDING HEALTH, TRANSITIONAL AND AFFORDABLE RENTAL HOUSING, AND OTHER HU-MAN SERVICES. INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO CHILDCARE AND EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION, BASIC NEEDS SUCH AS FOOD AND CLOTHING. AND SERVICES FOR THE ELDERLY AND PEOPLE WITH DISABILITIES; AND SHALL THE EARNINGS ON THE INVESTMENT OF THE PROCEEDS OF SUCH TAX CON-STITUTE A VOTER-APPROVED REVENUE CHANGE: ALL IN ACCORDANCE WITH BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS' RESOLUTION NO. 2008-88? **Text of Ballot Issue Proposal:** RESOLUTION NO. 2008-88

A RESOLUTION DESCRIBING A PROPOSAL FOR THE EXTENSION OF THE EXISTING "WORTHY CAUSE" 0.05% COUNTY-WIDE SALES AND USE TAX; PROVIDING FOR THE USE OF PROCEEDS OF SUCH TAX FOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FOR HUMAN SERVICES AND HUMAN SERVICE AGENCIES; AND A VOTER-APPROVED REVENUE CHANGE.

WHEREAS, Article 2, Title 29, Colorado Revised Statutes, (hereinafter the "Article") as amended, provides for the imposition of a county-wide sales and use tax upon approval of a majority of the registered electors of the County voting on such question; and

WHEREAS, on August 8, 2000, the Board of County Commissioners adopted Resolution No. 2000-108, proposing and placing on the 2000 general election ballot the approval of the initial "Worthy Cause" 0.05% county-wide sales and use tax; and

WHEREAS, the voters of the County of Boulder approved the "Worthy Cause" sales and use tax proposal described in said Resolution No. 2000-108, and the revenues from said "Worthy Cause" sales and use tax have been collected and expended in accordance with the terms of said Resolution; and

WHEREAS, on August 5, 2003, the Board of County Commissioners adopted Resolution No. 2003-92, proposing and placing on the November 2003 election ballot the approval of an extension of the then-existing "Worthy Cause" 0.05% countywide sales and use tax for an additional five-year period, expiring on December 31, 2008; and WHEREAS, there continues to be a critical need for capital facilities and equipment for non-profit human services agencies and housing authorities with which Boulder County contracts for the provision of low-cost health, transitional and affordable rental housing, and other human services, including but not limited to childcare and early childhood education, basic needs such as food and clothing, and services for the elderly and people with disabilities, particularly in light of the funding cutbacks for such

services and programs at the state and federal levels; and WHEREAS, after numerous public meetings, the Board has crafted a proposed plan for future funding of various non-profit agencies' capital needs, as set forth in Exhibit A attached to this Resolution; however, nothing contained herein shall be construed as creating a claim by any named group for receipt of such funds, and the list of grant amounts, grant years, and recipients is merely indicative of current intent and the general intention to distribute, pursuant to services contracts, such funds to well-established non-profit groups and housing authorities currently serving numerous geographic areas of the County in the health, transitional and affordable rental housing, and other human services fields; and

WHEREAS, due to the revenue limitations contained in Colo. Const., Art. X, Section 20, even where the voters of the County have approved such a sales tax and use tax, the uneven flow of revenues of such taxes and the earnings from such tax revenues from year to year, could cause significant problems in the funding and provision of County programs and services in any future year; therefore, it is necessary to obtain a voter-approved revenue change; and

WHEREAS, this Board finds that the extension of the existing "Worthy Cause" county-wide sales and use tax in the existing amount of 0.05% for an additional period of ten years from the current expiration date of December 31, 2008, to be effective to and including December 31, 2018, and the exemption of such tax revenues and the interest earned thereon from the fiscal year spending limitations of article X, section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, would permit these additional revenues to be utilized to further meet the human services needs of the residents of Boulder County; and

WHEREAS, said Article provides for the submission of such a sales and use tax proposal to the registered electors of the County at the next general election scheduled within 120 days after adoption of such resolution; and WHEREAS, the Board of County Commissioners of the County of Boulder, State of Colorado, desires to refer to the registered electors of the County of Boulder, State of Colorado at the general election to be held November 4, 2008, to be determined by a majority voting thereon, the question of whether such taxes and voter-approved revenue change shall be approved or disapproved; and WHEREAS, the said Article provides that the County Clerk and Recorder shall publish the text of such tax proposal four separate times, a week apart, in the official newspaper of the County and of each city and incorporated town within the County; and

WHEREAS, Colo. Const., Art. X, Section 20(3)(b), requires certain election notices to be mailed to all registered voters of the County; and

WHEREAS, the said Article provides that the proposal

shall contain certain provisions concerning the amount, levying and scope of said tax; and WHEREAS, the Board of County Commissioners of the County of Boulder intends that this proposal not change the amount, levying and scope of the existing tax as stated in Resolution 2003-92, except for purposes of the extension of the existing county-wide sales and use tax in the existing amount of 0.05% for an additional period of ten years from the current expiration date of December 31, 2008, to be effective up to and including December 31, 2018, with the revenues generated from said tax to be used for the purposes as more particularly stated in this Resolution for capital facilities and equipment for non-profit human services agencies and housing authorities providing low-cost health, transitional and affordable rental housing, and other human services, including but not limited to childcare and early childhood education, basic needs such as food and clothing, and services for the elderly and people with disabilities, and to obtain a voter-approved revenue change for the additional tax revenues and the interest earned thereon for purposes of article X, section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, said proposal as described in Resolution No. 2003-92 is amended and to the extent of conflict superseded by this Resolution, effective January 1, 2009; and

WHEREAS, it is the intent of the Board of County Commissioners that, should the proposal to extend the existing county-wide sales and use tax and obtain a voterapproved revenue change for such tax not be approved by the electorate in November, the existing tax and existing voter-approved revenue change shall not in any way be affected by such failed amendment and shall continue in full force and effect as if this Resolution had not been adopted.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the existing county-wide "Worthy Cause" 0.05% sales and use tax and revenue change proposal as stated in Resolution 2003-92 shall be amended as set forth below upon the approval of a majority of registered electors voting thereon.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED THAT there shall be referred

to the registered electors of the County of Boulder at the general election to be held on Tuesday, November 4, 2008, the following proposal:

- 1. (a) A county-wide one twentieth of one percent (0.05%) sales tax in accordance with the provisions of Article 2, Title 29, Colorado Revised Statutes, as amended, is imposed on the sale of tangible personal property at retail or the furnishing of services in the County of Boulder as provided in Paragraph (d) of Subsection (1) of Section 29-2-105, Colorado Revised Statutes, as amended, and as is more fully hereinafter set forth.
- (b) For the purposes of this sales tax proposal, all retail sales are consummated at the place of business of the retailer unless the tangible personal property sold is de-

livered by the retailer or his agent to a destination outside the limits of the County of Boulder or to a common carrier for delivery to a destination outside the limits of the County of Boulder. The gross receipts from such sales shall include delivery charges when such charges are subject to the state sales and use tax imposed by article 26 of title 39, C.R.S., as amended, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. If a retailer has no permanent place of business in the County of Boulder or has more than one place of business, the place or places at which the retail sales are consummated for the purpose of a sales tax imposed by this proposal shall be determined by the provisions of article 26 of title 39, C.R.S., as amended, and by rules and regulations promulgated by the Colorado Department of Revenue.

(c) The amount subject to tax shall not include the amount of any sales or use tax imposed by article 26 of title 39, C.R.S., as amended.

(d) The tangible personal property and services

- taxable pursuant to this proposal shall be the same as the tangible personal property and services taxable pursuant to section 39-26-104, C.R.S., as amended, and subject to the same sales tax exemptions as those specified in part 7 of article 26 of title 39, C.R.S., as amended, and further subject to the exemption for sales of food (as defined in section 39-26-102(4.5), C.R.S., as amended) specified in section 39-26-707 (1) (e), C.R.S., as amended, the exemption for purchases of machinery and machine tools specified in section 39-26-709 (1), C.R.S., as amended, the exemption of sales and purchases of those items in section 39-26-715(1)(a)(II), C.R.S., as amended, the exemption for sales by an association or organization of parents and teachers of public school students that is a charitable organization as specified in section 39-26-718(1)(c), C.R.S., as amended, the exemption for sales of wood from salvaged trees killed or infested in Colorado by mountain pine beetles specified in section 39-26-723, C.R.S., as amended, the exemption for sales of components used in the production of alternating current electricity from a renewable energy source, including but not limited to wind, specified in section 39-26-724, C.R.S., as amended, and the exemption for sales that benefit a Colorado school specified in section 39-26-725, C.R.S., as amended. (e) All sales of personal property on which a specific ownership tax has been paid or is payable shall be exempt from the sales tax imposed by the County of Boulder when such sales meet both of the following conditions: The purchaser is a non-resident of or has his principal place of business outside of the County of Boulder; and Such personal property is registered or required to be registered outside the limits of the County of Boulder under the laws of the State of Colorado.
- (f) The countywide sales tax shall not apply to the sale of construction and building materials, as the term is used

in section 29?2?109, C.R.S., as amended, if such materials are picked up by the purchaser and if the purchaser of such materials presents to the retailer a building permit or other documentation acceptable to the County evidencing that a local use tax has been paid or is required to be paid. (g) The countywide sales tax shall not apply to the sale of tangible personal property at retail or the furnishing of services if the transaction was previously subjected to a sales or use tax lawfully imposed on the purchaser or user by another statutory or home rule county equal to or in excess of that sought to be imposed by the County of Boulder. A credit shall be granted against the sales tax imposed by the County of Boulder with respect to such transaction equal in amount to the lawfully imposed local sales or use tax previously paid by the purchaser or user to the previous statutory or home rule county. The amount of the credit shall not exceed the sales tax imposed by the County of Boulder.

- (h) The sales tax imposed shall be collected, administered and enforced by the Executive Director of the Department of Revenue in the same manner as the collection, administration and enforcement of the Colorado state sales tax, as provided by article 26 of title 39, C.R.S., as amended.
 2. A County-wide one twentieth of one percent
- 2. A County-wide one twentieth of one percent (0.05%) use tax in accordance with the provisions of Article 2, Title 29 Colorado Revised Statutes, as amended is imposed for the privilege of using or consuming in the County of Boulder any construction and building materials purchased at retail and for the privilege of storing, using, or consuming in the County of Boulder any motor and other vehicles, purchased at retail on which registration is required. The use tax shall not apply:
- (a) To the storage, use, or consumption of any tangible personal property the sale of which is subject to a retail sales tax imposed by the County of Boulder;
- (b) To the storage, use, or consumption of any tangible personal property purchased for resale in the County of Boulder either in its original form or as an ingredient of a manufactured or compounded product, in the regular course of a business;
- (c) To the storage, use, or consumption of tangible personal property brought into the County of Boulder by a non-resident thereof for his own storage, use, or consumption while temporarily within the County; however, this exemption does not apply to the storage, use, or consumption of tangible personal property brought into this state by a non-resident to be used in the conduct of a business in this state;
- (d) To the storage, use, or consumption of tangible personal property by the United States government, or the State of Colorado, or its institutions, or its political subdivisions in their governmental capacities only or by religious or charitable corporations in the conduct of their regular religious or charitable functions;

- (e) To the storage, use, or consumption of tangible personal property by a person engaged in the business of manufacturing or compounding for sale, profit, or use any article, substance, or commodity, which tangible personal property enters into the processing of or becomes an ingredient or component part of the product or service which is manufactured, compounded, or furnished and the container, label, or the furnished shipping case thereof; (f) To the storage, use, or consumption of any article of tangible personal property the sale or use of which has already been subjected to a legally imposed sales or use tax of another statutory or home rule county equal to or in excess of that imposed by the County of Boulder. A credit shall be granted against the use tax imposed by the County of Boulder with respect to a person's storage, use, or consumption in the County of Boulder of tangible personal property purchased in another statutory or home rule county. The amount of the credit shall be equal to the tax paid by the person by reason of the imposition of a sales or use tax of the other statutory or home rule county on the purchase or use of the property. The amount of the credit shall not exceed the tax imposed by this resolution; (g) To the storage, use, or consumption of tangible personal property and household effects acquired outside of the County of Boulder and brought into it by a nonresident
- (h) To the storage or use of a motor vehicle if the owner is or was, at the time of purchase, a nonresident of the County of Boulder and purchased the vehicle outside of the County of Boulder for use outside of the County of Boulder and actually so used it for a substantial and primary purpose for which it was acquired and registered, titled, and licensed said motor vehicle outside of the County of Boulder;

acquiring residency;

- (i) To the storage, use or consumption of any construction and building materials and motor and other vehicles on which registration is required if a written contract for the purchase thereof was entered into prior to November 8, 1994, or, where applicable to such storage, use or consumption after December 31, 2008, pursuant to a written contract for the purchase thereof entered into prior to November 4, 2008;
- (j) To the storage, use or consumption of any construction and building materials required or made necessary in the performance of any construction contract bid, let, or entered into any time prior to November 8, 1994, or, where applicable to such storage, use or consumption after December 31, 2008, pursuant to a construction contract bid, let, or entered into prior to November 4, 2008.

 (k) To the storage and use of components used in the production of alternating current electricity from a renew-

able energy source, including but not limited to wind,

39-26-724, C.R.S., as amended.

as exempted from the state use tax pursuant to section

- (I) To the storage and use of wood from salvaged trees killed or infested in Colorado by mountain pine beetles, as exempted from the state use tax pursuant to section 39-26-723, C.R.S., as amended.
- 3. Except as provided by Section 39-26-208, Colorado Revised Statutes, as amended, any use tax imposed shall be collected, enforced and administered by the County of Boulder. The use tax on construction and building materials will be collected by the County building inspector or as may be otherwise provided by intergovernmental agreement, based upon an estimate of building and construction materials costs submitted by the owner or contractor at the time a building permit application is made.
- 4. If the majority of the registered electors voting thereon vote for approval of this 0.05% County-wide sales and use tax extension proposal, such existing 0.05% County-wide sales and use tax shall continue to be effective throughout the incorporated and unincorporated portions of the County of Boulder up to and including December 31, 2018. Revenues collected from the imposition of said 0.05% county-wide sales and use tax up to and including December 31, 2008 would continue to be expended for the purposes and in accordance with the limitations of Resolution No. 2003-92, and Resolution No. 2003-92 would be superseded by this Resolution effective for revenues collected from the imposition of said 0.05% county-wide sales and use tax on and after January 1, 2009.
- 5. The cost of the election shall be paid from the general fund of the County of Boulder.
- 6. The County Clerk and Recorder shall publish the text of this sales and use tax proposal four separate times, a week apart, in the official newspaper of the County of Boulder and each city and incorporated town within this County.
- 7. The County Clerk and Recorder, as election officer, shall undertake all measures necessary to comply with the election provisions set forth in Colo. Const., Art. X, Section 20(3), including but not limited to the mailing of required election notices and ballot issue summaries.
- 8. The conduct of the election shall conform so far as is practicable to the general election laws of the State of Colorado.
- 9. Beginning January 1, 2009, the net proceeds from the 0.05% county-wide sales and use tax received by the County of Boulder shall be expended by the County of Boulder for the purpose of funding capital facilities and equipment for non-profit human services agencies and housing authorities within Boulder County providing health, transitional and affordable rental housing, and other human services, including but not limited to childcare and early childhood education, basic needs such as food and clothing, and services for the elderly and people with disabilities.

- A cost center to be located in the "Boulder County 10. Human Services Agency Capital Fund" (the "Fund") shall be created in the Boulder County General Fund, into which all net proceeds of this sales and use tax shall be deposited, and expenditures from which shall be made solely for the purposes set forth herein. Said cost center shall be separate from the cost center into which the revenues from the existing 0.05% sales and use tax and interest thereon are deposited. Interest generated from the revenues of the sales and use tax shall be deposited in the new cost center in the Fund and used for the purposes set forth herein. In addition, grant funds and any other funds that may be received by the County of Boulder for provision of health, transitional and affordable rental housing, and other human services, including but not limited to childcare and early childhood education, basic needs such as food and clothing, and services for the elderly and people with disabilities, may be deposited in whole or in part in the new cost center in the Fund.
- Monies deposited in the Fund will be appropriated 11. annually as determined by the Boulder County Board of County Commissioners in its sole discretion, but as of the date of the adoption of this Resolution, it is the intent generally to fund capital improvements for qualifying services in accordance with the list attached hereto as "Exhibit A". Nothing contained herein shall be construed as creating a claim by any named group for receipt of such funds, and the list of grant amounts and recipients is merely indicative of current intent and the general intention to distribute, pursuant to services contracts, such funds to well-established non-profit groups and housing authorities currently serving numerous geographic areas of the County in the health, transitional and affordable rental housing, and other human services fields.
- 12. Interest generated from the revenues of the sales and use tax shall be used for the purposes set forth in this resolution.

- 13. For purposes of Colo. Const., Art. X, Section 20, the receipt and expenditure of revenues of the sales and use tax together with earnings on the investment of the proceeds of the tax shall constitute a voter-approved revenue change.
- 14. If any provision of this resolution or the application thereof to any person or circumstances is held invalid, such invalidity shall not effect other provisions or applications of this resolution which can be given affect without the invalid provision or applications and to this end, the provisions of this resolution are declared to be severable.
- 15. The proposal as described in this Resolution shall take effect immediately upon the approval of the electorate.
- 16. The sales and use tax shall expire at 12:00 a.m. on January 1, 2019, and all monies remaining may continue to be expended for the purposes set forth herein until completely exhausted.
- 17. A notice of the adoption of this county-wide sales and use tax extension proposal by a majority of the registered electors voting thereon shall forthwith be submitted by the County Clerk and Recorder to the Executive Director of the Department of Revenue, together with a certified copy of this Resolution.
- 18. Should this proposal to extend the existing county-wide 0.05% sales and use tax and to obtain a voter-approved revenue change not be approved by the electorate in November, the existing tax and existing voter-approved revenue change shall not in any way be affected by such failed amendment and shall continue in full force and effect as if this Resolution had not been adopted.
- 19. This Board shall undertake to set a ballot title for this issue at a public meeting held for said purpose. IT IS HEREBY DECLARED by the Board of County Commissioners of the County of Boulder and State of Colorado that this resolution is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health, safety and welfare, and that it shall become effective immediately upon its adoption. ADOPTED this 6th day of August, 2008. BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF BOULDER COUNTY, COLORADO

EXHIBIT A TO RESOLUTION 2008-88

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Designated										
funds										
Boulder Day										
Nursery			\$300,000	\$200,000						
OUR Center		\$400,000	\$300,000							
Mapleton										
ECE Center		\$400,000	\$300,000							
Clinica										
Campesina	\$300,000									
Mental										
Health										
Center			\$300,000	\$600,000						
Special										
Transit	\$500,000	\$200,000								
Sister										
Carmen	\$400,000	\$200,000			****					
Salud					\$800,000					
Total	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000	\$800,000	\$800,000					
Remaining										
Funding for										
Pool	\$800,000	\$800,000	\$800,000	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000

The estimated total of Boulder County fiscal year spending for the current year and actual total for each of the past four years and the overall percentage and dollar change for the period are as follows:

	FISCAL YEAR	
YEAR		SPENDING
2008		\$228,356,525*
2007		\$216,297,358*
2006		\$205,141,036*
2005		\$184,874,487*
2004		\$171,569,894*

Total Percentage Change from 2004 to 2008: 33%* Total Dollar Change from 2004 to 2008: \$56,786,631* *Figures for 2004 through 2008 include actual and estimated revenues from a 0.25% county?wide open space sales and use tax, from a 0.10% county?wide open space sales and use tax, from a 0.10% county transportation projects sales and use tax, and from grants, intergovernmental revenues, interest, fines and other exempted revenues, which voters authorized in 1993, 1994, 1997, 1998, 2000, and 2001, to be exempt from the County's general fiscal year spending limit. The figure for 2004 includes a 0.05% fire training centers sales and use tax, exempted from the County's general fiscal year spending limit by voters in 2001. The figures from 2004 onwards include an ad valorem property tax mill levy increase authorized and exempted by voters in 2002. The actual and estimated revenues for 2004 through 2008 include estimated revenues from a 0.05% county-wide sales and use tax approved by voters in 2003 for non-profit human services, which is also exempt from the County's general fiscal year spending limit. The actual and estimated revenues for 2005 through 2008 also include revenues from a 0.05% county-wide sales and use tax approved in 2003 for offender management capital construction and equipment, programs for alternatives to jail incarceration, and construction and equipping of a new addiction recovery center, which is also exempt from the County's general fiscal year spending limit; and a 0.10% county-wide sales and use tax approved by voters in 2004 for the acquisition and maintenance of open space, which is also exempt from the County's general fiscal year spending limit. All estimates for 2008 are based on the TABOR definition of fiscal year spending and limited revenues, although the County's fiscal year spending, revenue, and property tax revenue limits have been exempted from the TABOR limits by action of the voters in 2005.

MAXIMUM FISCAL YEAR 2009 SPENDING WITHOUT THE SALES AND USE TAX REVENUES** \$232,083,340**

2009 0.05% WORTHY CAUSE III SALES AND USE TAX REVENUES \$2,195,000

**County estimates for 2009 include an extended 0.10 sales and use tax for Transportation Projects, authorized by voters in 2007 and exempted from the County's general fiscal year spending limit. The maximum fiscal year spending for 2009 is calculated excluding the following taxes: revenues from the 0.05% Worthy Cause II sales and use tax which was approved and exempted from the County's general fiscal year spending limit by voters in 2004 which is due to expire prior to 2009: and revenues resulting from Clean Energy Options LID Special Assessment Revenue Bonds which accompanies this issue on the 2009 general election ballot as County Issue 1A. All estimates for 2009 are based on the TABOR definition of fiscal year spending and limited revenues, although the County's fiscal year spending, revenues, and property tax revenues have been exempted from the TABOR limits by action of the voters in 2005.

Statement submitted in favor of County Issue 1B:

County Issue 1B (Worthy Cause Tax) will provide continued capital improvement funds for our community-based network of nonprofit human service agencies that provide safety net services to our most vulnerable residents. Supporting this long-term investment in our human service delivery system allows agencies to use precious and hard-earned program dollars on direct services for people who need it most.

1B will not increase sales tax. It will continue an existing .05% sales and use tax, or 1 cent on every twenty dollars purchased. It does not increase taxes above the current rate; it simply carries forward an existing small amount.

This is truly a well-spent penny for a worthy cause. The Worthy Cause sales tax first began in 2000 when the County Commissioners identified the need to fund facilities improvements for non-profits that provide health services and transitional housing in Boulder County. Voters overwhelmingly approved an extension for the 2000 Worthy Cause ballot initiative in 2003, and 1B will continue this existing tax for 10 years.

There are still needs for new building space, and improvements to existing facilities and offices for non-profits who serve Boulder County residents human service needs. Many of the same benefits of the original Worthy Cause are still relevant in supporting these non-profits. Extending this support is essential when we are experiencing a growth in the numbers of families who are living in poverty, or the "working poor." Many agencies are continuing to see an increase in the numbers of clients who have health care needs; food and sheltering needs and help with early childhood education and childcare costs. The percent of all families below poverty increased by 19.6% between 2000 and 2006,

families with children below poverty by 30.8%, families with children under age 5 below poverty by 26.0%, and female-headed families with children below poverty by 45.4%. While a family of 3 is considered living under the Federal Poverty Level with an annual income of \$17,600, the amount of income this family needs in order to be self-sufficient in Boulder County is close to \$60,000. Clearly, the survival of many of our residents depend on the safety net of services provided by these agencies – a safety net that has growing holes in it due to state and federal budget woes and a declining economy.

This well spent penny will provide designated funds to those agencies listed in the Exhibit to the ballot issue resolution and other similar agencies and authorities. It will also provide a pool of funds that any nonprofit human service agency can apply to yearly to ensure they have the facilities in order to provide their needed programs. Your penny will help provide childcare so parents can work. Your penny will help keep our elderly and disabled population independent. Your penny will help keep children healthy and fed. Help continue providing this well-spent penny for a Worthy Cause!

Statement submitted in opposition to County Issue 1B:

Human service non-profits may be a worthy cause for funding, but these monies should come from the regular county budget, not a special sales tax. Discontinuing this tax will help to reduce Boulder County's heavy sales tax burden.

CITY OF BOULDER Office of the City Clerk 1777 BROADWAY P.O. BOX 791 BOULDER, C0 80306 (303) 441-3011

NOTICE OF ELECTION TO INCREASE TAXES AND DEBT AND FOR REVENUE CHANGES

(i) Ballot title and text for Ballot Issue 201:

ORDINANCE NO. 7608 CITY RETENTION OF PROPERTY TAX FUNDS

AN EMERGENCY ORDINANCE SUBMITTING TO THE QUALIFIED ELECTORS OF THE CITY OF BOULDER, AT THE SPECIAL MUNICIPAL COORDINATED ELECTION TO BE HELD ON TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 2008, THE QUESTION OF AUTHORIZING THE CITY COUNCIL TO RETAIN REVENUES COLLECTED IN 2009, AND FUTURE YEARS, IN EXCESS OF TABOR LIMITS AND PROVIDING RELATED DETAILS.

WHEREAS the City Council finds that: Article X, Section 20, of the Colorado Constitution, commonly referred to as "TABOR," limits the receipt of property tax and other revenues and expenditures by governmental entities such as the city of Boulder, and sets a cap on the amount of revenue a municipality can receive regardless of its tax rate structure.

TABOR mandates that if income from taxes, including property taxes, grows faster than the applicable Consumer Price Index (CPI) plus annual local growth, the excess revenues collected must be returned to taxpayers.

The assessed valuation of properties within the city, in the absence of TABOR limitations, would cause the city to collect property taxes at the rate of 11.981 mills on the dollar, but TABOR limitations do not allow the city to retain property taxes at that level under current circumstances.

taxes at that level under current circumstances. Municipalities may keep revenue above TABOR limits pursuant to a public vote. Boulder electors have voted to retain such revenue in most contexts, including 2 mills of property tax money that are dedicated for public safety uses. However, voters have not yet voted to allow retention of other portions of property tax related revenue.

The city's economic projections are such that the ability to retain property tax revenues collected in the future, beyond those currently retained pursuant to TABOR limitations, is essential to the city's continued ability to supply important city services.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BOULDER, COLORADO Section 1. A special municipal coordinated election will be held in the city of Boulder, county of Boulder and state of Colorado, on Tuesday, November 4, 2008, between the hours of 7 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Section 2. At that election, there shall be submitted to the electors of the city of Boulder entitled by law to vote the question of allowing the retention of property tax monies collected above the limits imposed by Article X, Section 20, of the Colorado Constitution, commonly referred to as "TABOR," specifying however, that (1) retention above TABOR limits will not rise more than .5 mills annually for tax collection years 2009 and beyond up to the maximum allowable level of property taxes; and (2) any tax monies that are collected above those that the city may retain shall be credited to property owners as an offset against the subsequent year's taxes. The official ballot shall contain the following ballot title, which shall also be the designation and submission clause for the measure:

BALLOT ISSUE NO. 201

CITY RETENTION OF PROPERTY TAX FUNDS

Without raising taxes, and in order to pay for necessary city purposes such as fire apparatus, information technologies, energy costs, facility maintenance and city services, shall the city of boulder, pursuant to Ordinance No. 7608, be allowed to retain and spend property tax funds collected in tax collection years 2009 and beyond, and retain and spend any earnings therefrom, without limitation or condition, and without limiting the collection or spending of any other revenues or funds by the city of boulder, under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution or any other law?

And in connection therewith,

(1) Shall any increase in retained taxes starting in tax collection year 2009 that is authorized by this measure be limited to .5 mills per year, and (2) shall any tax monies that are collected above those that the city may retain be credited to property owners as an offset against the subsequent year's taxes?

For the measure Against the measure
Section 3. If a majority of all the votes cast at the election on the measure submitted shall be for the measure, the measure shall be deemed to have passed and shall be effective upon passage, and it shall be lawful for the city council to provide for the amendment of its tax code in accordance with the measure approved.
Section 4. The election shall be conducted under the provisions of the Colorado Constitution, the Charter and
ordinances of the city, the Boulder Revised Code, 1981, and this ordinance, and all contrary provisions of the statutes of
the state of Colorado are hereby superseded.
Section 5. The city clerk of the city of Boulder shall give
public notice of the election in the manner required by law.

Section 6. The notice of the election shall include the ballot

1.

title.

Section 7. The officers of the city are authorized to take all action necessary or appropriate to effectuate the provisions of this ordinance and to contract with the county clerk to conduct the election for the city.

Section 8. If any section, paragraph, clause, or provision of this ordinance shall for any reason be held to be invalid or unenforceable, such decision shall not affect any of the remaining provisions of this ordinance.

Section 9. This ordinance is hereby declared to be an emergency measure in order for the ballot issue to be presented to the voters at the November 4, 2008 election.

Section 10. This ordinance is necessary to protect the public health, safety and welfare of the residents of the city, and covers matters of local concern.

Section 11. The council deems it appropriate that this ordinance be published by title only and orders that copies of this ordinance be made available in the office of the city clerk for public inspection and acquisition.

INTRODUCED, READ ON FIRST READING, AMENDED, AND ORDERED PUBLISHED BY TITLE ONLY this 22nd day of July, 2008.

READ ON SECOND READING, AMENDED, AND ORDERED PUBLISHED BY TITLE ONLY this 5th day of August, 2008.

READ ON THIRD READING, PASSED, ADOPTED AS AN EMERGENCY MEASURE BY TWO-THIRDS COUNCIL MEMBERS PRESENT, AND ORDERED PUBLISHED BY TITLE ONLY this 19th day of August, 2008.

Shaun McGrath, Mayor Attest: Alisa D. Lewis City Clerk on behalf of the Director of Finance and Record

Fiscal Information for Ballot Issue 201

(ii) N/A N/A

The following summaries were prepared from materials filed by persons in favor of or opposed to the ballot issue.

Those in favor say:

Ballot Issue 201 would "de-Bruce" or eliminate the remaining TABOR restriction on existing property tax revenues collected by the City.

Ballot Issue 201 will allow the City to fully use tax revenues that are currently collected under existing property tax rates.

Ballot Issue 201 alleviates the harm caused by the TABOR restriction known as the "ratchet effect" which unfairly limits the amount of revenue cities may use from existing taxes in the years following an economic downturn.

The "ratchet effect" compounds the financial difficulty of an economic decline by denying cities the use of increased revenue in the recovery years following an economic downturn.

From 2001-2003, the City experienced a significant economic decline which led to major budget reductions (\$13.2 million) and the elimination or downsizing of many services and programs.

The "ratchet effect" of TABOR limits the City's ability to fully recover from its economic downturn. Ballot Issue 201 addresses this problem.

Boulder voters have already supported "de-Brucing" all County taxes, all school district taxes, all City sales and use taxes and the public safety portion of the City property tax. It makes good sense to complete the job.

The Blue Ribbon Commission on Revenue Stabilization recommends eliminating the remaining TABOR restriction on the City's portion of the property tax, and to phase in this change over a six year period.

At the end of the six year transition, the impact to a homeowner will be an estimated increase of \$22.20 per year in property tax for each \$100,000 of market value.

Once fully implemented, this change will generate an additional \$6.7 million annually, the bulk of which would be unrestricted general funds available to address some of the critical deficiencies identified by the Blue Ribbon Commission. These deficiencies include replacement of fire apparatus, facility maintenance and energy costs, and major software replacement.

A YES vote on Ballot Issue 201 will eliminate the harm caused by the "ratchet effect" of TABOR and provide a stable revenue source to fund identified critical deficiencies and other essential needs highlighted by the Blue Ribbon Commission.

Those opposed say:

A famous president once asked, "If you call a horse's tail a leg, how many legs does a horse have?"

The answer, of course, is four. It doesn't matter what you call the tail, a horse has four legs.

Similarly, when the title of this measure says, "Without RAIS-ING TAXES", it doesn't matter what it claims, taxes are being raised.

Here is an analogy to how it works. You walk into a store and have a \$100 bill to pay for \$80 worth of stuff. The store owner says, "Sorry, can't break a hundred. Come back in a week and I'll give you your change." You come back in a week, do \$50 in shopping.

The store owner charges you \$50. "Hey, what about the \$20 you owe me?" you ask? "I only owe you \$30!"
The store owner says, "Well, I needed that \$20 for new

The store owner says, "Well, I needed that \$20 for new carpeting. But I'm not going to raise the sales price on new stuff."

This is the logic behind "Without RAISING TAXES". In this time of financial turmoil, when you have seen your 401K shrink instead of grow; gasoline prices out-of-control, food costs nearly doubling in three years ...

This is not the time for government to go waste more of your money. You have had to shrink your family budget and government needs to do the same. Otherwise, you will be hit with the triple whammy of lower income, lower asset values, and higher taxes.

They call this an emergency ordinance. This is an emergency? This was not foreseen? Of course not. Of course, the City marches blindly along until there is an "emergency." We can wait a year and watch as the City realigns its priorities. If there is a true crisis, let them document it and convince us that this money is needed.

Vote NO on 201 and tell your City Council that, in the future, tell the truth about them raising taxes.

(i) Ballot title and text for Ballot Issue 202:

ORDINANCE NO. 7607 SALES AND USE TAX EXTENSION

AN ORDINANCE SUBMITTING TO THE QUALIFIED ELECTORS OF THE CITY OF BOULDER AT THE SPECIAL MUNICIPAL COORDINATED ELECTION TO BE HELD ON TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 2008, THE QUESTION OF AUTHORIZING THE CITY COUNCIL TO CONTINUE A SALES AND USE TAX OF 0.38 CENTS ON EACH DOLLAR CURRENTLY SET TO EXPIRE ON DECEMBER 31, 2011, AND GIVING APPROVAL FOR THE COLLECTION, RETENTION AND EXPENDITURE OF THE FULL TAX PROCEEDS AND ANY EARNINGS RELATING TO THIS PORTION OF THE SALES AND USE TAX NOTWITHSTANDING ANY STATE REVENUE OR EXPENDITURE LIMITATION; AND PROVIDING FURTHER DETAILS.

WHEREAS the City Council finds that: The 0.38% cents on each dollar sales and use tax was approved by voters in 1988 for library bond payments with residual amounts to be used for general fund purposes. Approximately 10% of the proceeds of the tax are currently used to fund the remaining library bond obligations, with the remaining 90% being used to fund general city services. It is the intent of the city council that future proceeds of the tax continue to be used to fund general city services after remaining library bonds are paid off in 2011:

The electorate should consider authorizing the city council to continue indefinitely the collection of a 0.38 cents on each dollar sales and use tax from its present expiration date of December 31, 2011 to fund fire, police, library, parks, human services and other general fund purposes; It is appropriate for voters to approve of the continued collection, retention and expenditure of the full tax proceeds and any related earnings from this portion of the sales and use tax; and

The purposes that will be served by the continued collection of the tax are critical for the continued provision of essential general fund city services;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BOULDER, COLORADO: Section 1. A special municipal coordinated election will be held in the city of Boulder, county of Boulder and state of Colorado, on Tuesday, November 4, 2008, between the hours of 7 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Section 2. At that election, there shall be submitted to the electors of the city of Boulder entitled by law to vote the question of authorizing the council, by duly passed ordinance, to amend that portion of section 3-2-5, "Rate of Tax" in the Boulder Revised Code, 1981, that pertains to the 0.38 percent tax that is currently set to expire at 12:00 midnight on December 31, 2011 by extending the tax beyond its current sunset date and indefinitely thereafter. The official ballot shall contain the following ballot title, which shall also be the designation and submission clause for the measure:

BALLOT ISSUE NO. 202

SALES AND USE TAX EXTENSION

Without raising additional taxes, shall the city of Boulder, pursuant to Ordinance No 7607, have authority to extend indefinitely, beyond its current expiration date of December 31, 2011, the existing 0.38% city sales and use tax that is described in section 3-2-5 of the Boulder Revised Code, 1981. These revenues will continue to fund general fund services such as police, fire, library, parks and human services.

And in connection therewith,

Shall the full proceeds of the tax and any earnings therefrom, be collected and spent without limitation or condition, and without limiting the collection or spending of any other revenues or funds by the city of Boulder, under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution or any other law?

For the measure	Against the measure
-----------------	---------------------

Section 3. If a majority of all the votes cast at the election on the measure submitted shall be for the measure, the measure shall be deemed to have passed and shall be effective upon passage, and it shall be lawful for the city council to provide for the amendment of its tax code in accordance with the measure approved.

Section 4. The election shall be conducted under the provisions of the Colorado Constitution, the charter and ordinances of the city, the Boulder Revised Code, 1981, and this ordinance, and all contrary provisions of the statutes of the state of Colorado are hereby superseded.

Section 5. The city clerk of the city of Boulder shall give public notice of the election in the manner required by law.

Section 6. The notice of the election shall include the ballot

Section 7. The officers of the city are authorized to take all action necessary or appropriate to effectuate the provisions of this ordinance and to contract with the county clerk to conduct the election for the city.

Section 8. If any section, paragraph, clause, or provision of this ordinance shall for any reason be held to be invalid or unenforceable, such decision shall not affect any of the remaining provisions of this ordinance.

Section 9. This ordinance is necessary to protect the public health, safety and welfare of the residents of the city, and covers matters of local concern.

Section 10. The council deems it appropriate that this ordinance be published by title only and orders that copies of this ordinance be made available in the office of the city clerk for public inspection and acquisition.

INTRODUCED, READ ON FIRST READING, AMENDED, AND ORDERED PUBLISHED BY TITLE ONLY this 22nd day of July, 2008.

READ ON SECOND READING, PASSED, ADOPTED, AND ORDERED PUBLISHED BY TITLE ONLY this 5th day of August, 2008.

Shaun McGrath, Mayor
Attest: Alisa D. Lewis,
City Clerk on behalf of the
Director of Finance and Record

Fiscal Information for Ballot Issue 202

(ii) N/A N/A

The following summaries were prepared from materials filed by persons in favor of or opposed to the ballot issue:

Those in favor say:

Ballot Issue 202 renews the existing .38% sales and use tax that is set to expire in 2011. It is not a new tax or a tax increase.

For a \$100 purchase, this tax adds 38 cents to the purchase price.

Approximately 11% of the revenue from the .38% tax is currently dedicated to retirement of the debt for the library capital construction program. The last payment is scheduled to occur in 2011.

As approved by the voters in 1988, the rest of the revenue from the .38% tax goes to the general fund to pay for basic services such as police and fire, parks maintenance and recreation, facilities maintenance and repair, library and human services. At present, this tax generates approximately \$10 million annually for these core city services.

From 2001-2003, the City experienced a significant economic downturn which led to major budget reductions (\$13.2 million) and the elimination or downsizing of many services and programs.

Projecting forward, the cost of city services is estimated to grow faster than sales tax revenue. Over the next 24 years, this situation is projected to create a \$90 million shortfall for the City. If existing taxes like the .38% tax are not renewed, the projected shortfall will grow to \$135 million.

Failure to address a revenue shortfall of this magnitude would result in the loss or significant reduction of basic city services.

The Blue Ribbon Commission appointed to study the City's financial health, made several recommendations with regard to creating a long-term, balanced and stable revenue stream for the City.

This Commission recommends the renewal of the .38% sales and use tax as one of the top priorities for securing Boulder's long-term financial health.

By extending the .38% tax, Boulder's voters will signal their commitment to meeting future challenges by supporting ongoing funding for core services such as police, fire and facilities maintenance.

A YES vote on City Ballot Issue 202 is a vote for a financially healthy future for the City of Boulder.

Those opposed say:

A famous president once asked, "If you call a horse's tail a leg, how many legs does a horse have?"

The answer, of course, is four. It doesn't matter what you call the tail, a horse has four legs.

Similarly, when the title of this measure says, "Without RAISING ADDITIONAL TAXES", it doesn't matter what it claims, additional taxes are being raised.

What this tax is asking for is to keep a tax that is about to expire. Note that there is no expiration date on this utterly NEW AND ADDITIONAL TAX.

This is the logic behind "Without RAISING ADDITIONAL TAXES".

In this time of financial turmoil, when you have seen your 401K shrink instead of grow, gasoline prices out-of-control, food costs nearly doubling in three years ...

This is not the time for government to go spend more of your money. You have had to shrink your family budget and government needs to do the same. Otherwise, you will be hit with the triple whammy of lower income, lower asset values, and higher taxes.

They didn't even have the decency to ask for a sunset. Vote NO on 202 and tell your City Council that, in the future, tell the truth about there being an additional tax.

ALL REGISTERED VOTERS

CITY OF LAFAYETTE BOULDER COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTICE OF ELECTION TO INCREASE TAXES ON REFERRED MEASURES

ELECTION DATE: November 4, 2008

ELECTION HOURS: 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m.

LOCAL ELECTION OFFICE:

1290 South Public Road, Lafayette, CO 80026 (303) 665-5588

DESIGNATED ELECTION OFFICIAL: Susan Koster, CMC, Lafayette City Clerk,

COORDINATED ELECTION OFFICIAL: Hillary Hall, Boulder County Clerk and Recorder, 1750 33rd Street, Boulder, CO 80301, (303) 413-7740

BALLOT TITLE AND TEXT:

BALLOT ISSUE 2A - CITY OF LAFAYETTE AMBU-LANCE AND FIRE MILL LEVY

SHALL THE CITY OF LAFAYETTE, COLORADO. TAXES BE INCREASED BY \$1,540,209 ANNUALLY IN THE FIRST FULL FISCAL YEAR (2009) AND WHATEVER AMOUNTS ARE RAISED ANNUALLY THEREAFTER BY THE IMPOSITION OF AN AD-DITIONAL MILL LEVY NOT TO EXCEED FOUR AND ONE-HALF (4.5) MILLS UPON TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY WITHIN THE CITY. COMMENCING WITH TAX COLLECTION YEAR 2009, AND CON-TINUING THEREAFTER, SUCH REVENUES TO BE COLLECTED, RETAINED AND SPENT FOR THE PURPOSE OF MAINTAINING CURRENT LEVELS OF SERVICE FOR AMBULANCE SERVICES AND ENHANCING FIRE RESPONSE TIME, BY IN-CREASING STAFFING AND DEFRAYING PERSON-NEL. OPERATING AND CAPITAL EXPENSES FOR LAFAYETTE FIRE DEPARTMENT; AND SHALL THE CITY BE PERMITTED TO COLLECT. RETAIN AND EXPEND ALL REVENUES DERIVED FROM SUCH TAX AS A VOTER APPROVED REVENUE CHANGE AND AN EXCEPTION TO LIMITS WHICH WOULD OTHERWISE APPLY UNDER ARTICLE X, SECTION 20 OF THE COLORADO CONSTITUTION OR ANY OTHER LAW?

ACTUAL HISTORICAL AND CURRENT ESTIMATED FISCAL YEAR SPENDING INFORMATION:

Year Fiscal Year Spending

 2004 (actual)
 \$24,031,658 *

 2005 (actual)
 25,760,651*

 2006 (actual)
 25,734,396*

 2007 (actual)
 30,705,905*

 2008 (current year estimated)
 30,205,912

Overall percentage change in fiscal year spending over the five year period from 2004 through 2008: 25.7 %

Overall dollar change in fiscal year spending over the five year period from 2004 through 2008: \$6,174,254

Estimated 2009 fiscal year spending without taking into account the tax increase authorized by Ballot Issue 2A \$29.033.646

Estimated 2009 tax increase authorized by the Ballot Issue 2A \$1,540,209

*Amounts include debt repayment cost of \$2,046,445 in 2008; \$1,911,217 in 2007; \$1,963,892 in 2006; \$1,611,671 in 2005; and \$1,467,434 in 2004

SUMMARIES OF WRITTEN COMMENTS FILED WITH THE ELECTION OFFICER:

The following summaries were prepared from comments filed by persons in favor of or opposed to the ballot issue:

THOSE IN FAVOR OF THE BALLOT ISSUE SAY:

Lafayette's volunteer firefighting force deserves meaningful compensation, and enhanced response depends on better incentives for volunteers.

2A will allow the fire department to bring on eight new firefighters and over 20 new volunteers. Currently the fire department can't afford to provide staff with basic lifesaving equipment like air masks. New paid staff will guarantee staffing to augment volunteers, not replace them, and ensure they have life-saving equipment.

2A will not end the use of volunteers at the Lafayette Fire Department. In fact, it will increase their numbers. The volunteers save the City over half a million dollars a year. 2A will give volunteers the support and staff they need to not only save the citizens' lives but come home each night to their families.

2A will ensure a reasonable response time. Since Jan 1 2007, the Fire Department has been unable to meet minimum staffing 21% of the time. Volunteers who are unable to staff the Fire House must be called in and neighboring agencies must be called to respond. Without 2A one could have to wait 15 to 20 minutes for a response to an emergency.

2A will cost 27 cents a day or \$8.37 a month to the average home with an assessed valued of \$250,000. The mill rate is equivalent to or smaller than special district levies and other dedicated funding sources around the region. It will be comparable to or less than the mill rate of other area communities.

Firefighters must be trained for 16 weeks of fire academy, 15 weeks of emergency medical training, and three weeks of hazardous materials training. 2A will allow the department to provide current training for its members and be ready for any emergency.

Most insurance companies decide how much to pay for ambulance services regardless of how much it actually costs. This forces private ambulance companies to cut costs to stay afloat and ultimately the medicine suffers. Consistent emergency medical care within the fire department will ensure competent personnel and adequate equipment responding to any emergency.

Some of the department's life-saving equipment is older then the firefighters using it. Fire trucks need to be replaced every 20 years and ambulances every five years. 2A will allow the fire department to put aside money each year for timely replacement of capital equipment.

Lafayette ranks 25th out of 29 metro-area cities for sales tax revenue. Most residents of Lafayette shop elsewhere, resulting in a hemorrhage of sales tax revenue. Because sales taxes cannot adequately provide the emergency services needed, a new source of income must be tapped or other City services or programs must be cut.

Lafayette has planned to open a satellite fire station in the vicinity of the Exempla campus to better serve southern neighborhoods. The City can build the station but cannot currently afford to staff the main fire station and the proposed new station. Vote Yes on 2A.

THOSE **AGAINST** THE BALLOT ISSUE SAY:

Why do cities argue for higher property taxes by making the issue one of funding fire departments, ambulance services, libraries, and/or recreation centers? This hides the real issue of misguided spending and questionable financial decisions that have come home to roost. Raising property taxes causes hardship on families with low incomes and seniors on modest fixed income, especially in these troubled and worrisome times. Landlords increase rents. Small businesses get squeezed. Appealing to those who can afford it, these supporters unknowing inflict financial harm on those who cannot.

Funding the ambulance service and needed ambulances is well within the financial capability of the city today. After all, how is it that our fire department recently received delivery of a \$750,000 new engine? Voters should be disturbed that new ambulances or adding three or four permanent fire firefighters were not a higher priority until now. (The permanent eight EMTs are cross trained in the latest fire fighting techniques and staffed 24/7.)

The city should carefully build the permanent staff of the fire department over the next three years. Cost cutting measures, restructuring, and simple changes in policy will accomplish that without raising taxes. All these actions are on the table now for next year's budget. The administration has stated that if 2A passes, it does not know how to fund the increasing future cost of the largest staffing increase in decades. Subsidizing the Urban Renewal Area, giveaways to developers and poorly structured Economic Development Agreements need to stop.

How is it our city ties up over \$6,000,000 for subsidies and yet cries for more money by raising taxes for public safety? Send a message to city hall to get its priorities in order, stop wasteful spending, restructure, and live within its means. Vote No on 2A.

CITY OF LOUISVILLE

TO: ALL REGISTERED VOTERS

Notice of Election to Increase Taxes

City of Louisville, Colorado Boulder County, Colorado

Election Date: Tuesday, November 4, 2008

Election Hours: 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m.

Local Election Office Address and Telephone Number:

Hillary Hall Boulder County Clerk and Recorder 1750 33rd Street, Suite 200 Boulder, Colorado, 80301-2546 Telephone: (303) 413-7700

Ballot Title and Text: BALLOT ISSUE 2A

SHALL CITY OF LOUISVILLE TAXES BE INCREASED \$340,000 IN 2009 (FIRST FULL FISCAL YEAR INCREASE) AND ANNUALLY THEREAFTER IN SUCH AMOUNTS AS ARE RECEIVED EACH YEAR FROM THE LEVY OF AN ADDITIONAL SALES TAX OF ONE-EIGHTH OF ONE PERCENT (0.125%); WITH SUCH TAX TO COMMENCE ON JANUARY 1, 2009 AND EXPIRE December 31, 2018, WITH THE NET PROCEEDS OF SUCH ONE-EIGHTH PERCENT SALES TAX TO BE COLLECTED, RETAINED AND SPENT EXCLUSIVELY FOR the following purposes within historic old town Louisville, which area includes the "historic old town overlay district" and "DOWNTOWN LOUISVILLE" as defined by the city zoning map and ordinances, in order to preserve the unique charm and character of historic old town louisville that is a vital PART OF OUR IDENTITY as a community:

- 1. Provide incentives to preserve historic resources, including funding of programs to Identify and attempt to preserve buildings which qualify for Listing on the Louisville register of historic places;
- 2. Provide incentives to preserve buildings that contribute to the historic character of historic old town Louisville but do not qualify for listing on THE louisville register of historic places, with such buildings to be treated the same as historic buildings but with lower priority; and
- 3. PROVIDE INCENTIVES FOR NEW BUILDINGS AND DEVELOPMENTS WITHIN HISTORIC OLD TOWN LOUISVILLE TO limit mass, scale, and number of stories; To preserve setbacks; to Preserve pedestrian walkways between buildings; and to utilize materials typical of historic buildings, above mandatory requirements;

with receipt of financial incentives funded by such proceeds to be conditioned upon Historic landmarking of the receiving property if the property qualifies for listing on the louisville register of historic places, or conditioned upon the city receiving a conservation easement if the receiving property does not so qualify; with any such landmarking or easement to be with consent of the property owner; and with such financial incentives to include any of the following:

Grants to preserve historic buildings or their facades;

Acquisition of conservation easements on historic properties or other eligible properties;

Acquisition and rehabilitation of historic properties to be sold with conservation easements;

Grants or low interest loans to preserve and rehabilitate eligible properties;

Funding for tax or fee rebates for eligible buildings;

Funding of a public-private partnership for preservation of buildings of historic significance; and

Funding of other programs to preserve historic buildings and buildings which contribute to the character of HISTORIC OLD TOWN Louisville;

with Eligibility for Historic landmarking to be determined by the Louisville Historic preservation commission and AP-PROVED BY THE city council pursuant to City ordinaNces, and all incentive Funding decisions to be approved by the city council;

AND SHALL THE CITY BE PERMITTED TO COLLECT, RETAIN AND EXPEND ALL REVENUES DERIVED FROM SUCH TAX for such purposes and for city staff time to administer the programs funded by such tax, AS A VOTER-APPROVED REVENUE CHANGE AND AN EXCEPTION TO LIMITS WHICH WOULD OTHERWISE APPLY UNDER ARTICLE X, SECTION 20 OF THE COLORADO CONSTITUTION OR ANY OTHER LAW?

YES_	
NO	

Actual historical and current estimated fiscal year spending information:*

Fiscal Year Fiscal Year Spending*
2008 (estimated): \$21,752,926
2007 (actual): \$18,201,597
2006 (actual): \$23,800,283
2005 (actual): \$26,840,985
2004 (actual): \$27,890,919

CITY OF LOUISVILLE

Overall Percentage Change from 2004 to 2008: -22%

Overall Dollar Change from 2004 to 2008: -\$6,137,993

*Fiscal Year Spending does not include the water and wastewater utility funds and the golf course fund, which have all been designated enterprise funds. These amounts also do not include operating transfers between funds.

For first full fiscal year of each proposed tax increase, estimates of maximum dollar amount of each tax increase:

For Ballot Issue 2A (Fiscal Year 2007) \$340,000

Estimate of 2008 Fiscal Year Spending Without Increase:

Without Ballot Issue 2A Increase: \$25,600,000

Summaries of written comments "FOR" Ballot Issue 2A:

"Pro" Statement for Ballot Issue 2A (Historic Preservation Tax)

Louisville is in danger of losing the unique historic character that is a significant factor in having it selected by national publications as one of the best places to live in America. Demolition of historic buildings and inappropriate replacements are destroying this character at an increasing pace. Louisville's heritage as a coal mining town is still identifiable due to its picturesque Main Street and relatively intact neighborhoods with homes of longtime Louisville families. However, as commercial buildings are demolished and neighborhoods are scraped and replaced by modern structures, the character of Louisville is vanishing. Once it's gone, it's gone forever. Over forty demolition permits have been issued in Old Town Louisville since 2005, and the pace is increasing.

At present, the City can offer few incentives to help property owners maintain and restore their historic structures. The proposed preservation tax would be an extremely low burden on taxpayers yet would allow the City to offer a range of incentives to help property owners at this crucial time. Participation in the incentives and programs will be entirely voluntary. This proposal has been unanimously supported by members of the City Council.

The benefits in heritage tourism for businesses and quality of life for residents far outweigh the fiscal impact to consumers, which is only 12.5 cents for a \$100 purchase, or just over a penny for a \$10 purchase. The preservation of historic buildings almost always brings greater economic benefit to a community than demolitions and loss of historic character. It is an investment in our future.

In a few years it will be too late. Louisville's historic character is a major part of our city's identity and brings people to shop, dine and live here. Louisville should remain distinguishable from other communities. Voting YES on 2A will help save Louisville's unique history and character.

Summaries of written comments "AGAINST" Ballot Issue 2A:

No written comments were filed with the election officer by the constitutional deadline.

TOWN OF NEDERLAND

TO: ALL REGISTERED VOTERS Notice of Election to Increase Debt on a Referred Measure

Town of Nederland, Colorado

Election Date: Tuesday, November 4, 2008

Election Hours: 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m.

Local Election Office Address and Telephone Number:

Boulder County Clerk and Recorder 1750 33rd Street, Suite 200 Boulder, CO 80301 Telephone: (303) 413-7740 Ballot Title and Text:

Ms. Hillary Hall

PERCENT:

BALLOT ISSUE NO. 2A: SHALL TOWN OF NEDERLAND DEBT BE INCREASED

\$6,900,000 WITH A MAXIMUM REPAYMENT COST OF \$14,500,000, WITHOUT IMPOSING ANY NEW TAXES

OR TAX RATE INCREASES, FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONSTRUCTING, INSTALLING AND EQUIPPING A NEW WATER TREATMENT PLANT AND A NEW WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH ANY NECESSARY SITE IMPROVEMENTS, SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING: THE TOWN MAY PLEDGE TO THE PAYMENT OF THE DEBT THE RATES. FEES. PAYMENTS AND CHARGES OF THE WATER SYSTEM AND THE WASTEWATER SYSTEM AND ANY PORTION OF THE TOWN'S SALES TAX AS HEREAFTER DETERMINED BY THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES, OR ANY OTHER LEGALLY AVAILABLE REVENUES OF THE TOWN, AS DETERMINED BY THE TOWN BOARD: THE DEBT MAY CONSIST OF REVENUE BONDS OR OTHER FINANCIAL OBLIGATIONS OF THE TOWN, BE SOLD IN ONE SERIES OR MORE. FOR A PRICE ABOVE OR BELOW THE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF SUCH SERIES, ON TERMS AND CONDITIONS, AND WITH SUCH MATURITIES AS PERMITTED BY LAW AND AS THE TOWN MAY DETERMINE, INCLUDING PROVISIONS FOR REDEMPTION PRIOR TO MATURITY WITH OR WITHOUT

PAYMENT OF PREMIUM OF NOT TO EXCEED THREE

that such refunding debt, along with any other debt

THE TOWN IS AUTHORIZED TO ISSUE DEBT TO REFUND THE DEBT AUTHORIZED IN THIS QUESTION, provided

ISSUED ON TERMS WHICH DO NOT EXCEED THE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT AND TOTAL REPAYMENT COSTS AUTHORIZED IN THIS QUESTION; AND THE PROCEEDS OF SUCH DEBT, SUCH SALES TAXES, RATES, FEES, PAYMENTS AND CHARGES OF THE WATER SYSTEM AND THE WASTEWATER SYSTEM, ANY GRANTS RECEIVED BY THE TOWN, AND ANY INVESTMENT INCOME THEREFROM BE EXCLUDED FROM THE SPENDING AND THE REVENUE LIMITATIONS OF ARTICLE X, SECTION 20 OF THE COLORADO CONSTITUTION?

Total Town Fiscal Year Spending

incurred by the TOWN pursuant to this authorization, IS

Fiscal Year

2008 (estimated) \$ 1,723,281 2007 (actual) \$ 3,284,600* 2006 (actual) \$ 3,471,685* 2005 (actual) \$ 2,002,359*

2004 (actual)

Overall percentage change from 2004 to 2008 1% Overall dollar change from 2004 to 2008 \$19,416

* Includes Capital Outlays associated w/ the Community

\$ 1,703,865*

270,605

Center Renovation Project, including the expenditure of both bond proceeds and proceeds of various grants.

2007 1,680,382
2006 1,893,320
2005 469,415

nformation on Town's Pro

Information on Town's Proposed Debt

2004

BALLOT ISSUE NO. 2A:

Principal Amount of Proposed Bonds: Not to exceed \$ 6,900,000

Maximum Annual Town Repayment Cost:

Not to exceed \$ 431,042

Total Town Repayment Cost: Not to exceed \$14,500,000

Information on Town's Current Debt

Principal Amount Outstanding Debt: \$1,320,000

Maximum Annual Repayment Cost: \$159,418

Remaining Total Repayment Cost: \$1,746,311

Summary of Written Comments FOR Ballot Issue No. 2A: No comments were filed by the constitutional deadline.

Summary of Written Comments AGAINST Ballot Issue No. 2A: No comments were filed by the constitutional deadline.

TO: ALL REGISTERED VOTERS Notice of Election to Increase Taxes and Debt on a Referred Measure

St. Vrain Valley School District No. RE-1J Counties of Boulder, Larimer, Weld and City and County of Broomfield, Colorado

Election Date: Tuesday, November 4, 2008 **Election Hours:** 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m.

Local Election Office Address and Telephone Number:

Ms. Hillary Hall Boulder County Clerk and Recorder 1750 33rd Street, Suite 200 Boulder, CO 80301

Telephone: (303) 413-7740

Ballot Title and Text: BALLOT ISSUE NO. 3A:

SHALL ST. VRAIN VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. RE1J TAXES BE INCREASED \$16,500,000 IN TAX COLLECTION YEAR 2009, AND BY WHATEVER AMOUNTS AS
MAY BE COLLECTED ANNUALLY THEREAFTER FROM
A MILL LEVY INCREASE OF NOT TO EXCEED 7.4 MILLS
AS DETERMINED ANNUALLY BY THE BOARD, FOR EDUCATIONAL PURPOSES (WHICH SHALL INCLUDE THE
DISTRICT'S EXISTING FOUR CHARTER SCHOOLS),
INCLUDING. BUT NOT LIMITED TO:

- RESTORING TEACHER AND STAFF POSI TIONS TO REDUCE CLASS SIZE,
- RESTORING INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAMS, SUCH AS ART, MUSIC AND WORLD LANGUAGE,
- ATTRACTING, TRAINING AND RETAINING HIGH-QUALITY TEACHERS AND STAFF,
- INCREASING SCIENCE, MATH, ENGINEER ING, TECHNOLOGY AND ARTS PROGRAM MING FOR THE 21ST CENTURY.
- ADDING ADVANCED PLACEMENT AND OTHER RIGOROUS AND RELEVANT COURSES; AND SHALL SUCH TAX INCREASE BE AN ADDITIONAL PROPERTY TAX MILL LEVY IN EXCESS OF THE LEVY AUTHORIZED FOR THE DISTRICT'S GENERAL FUND, PURSUANT TO AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 22-54-108, C.R.S.; AND SHALL THE DISTRICT BE AUTHORIZED TO COLLECT, RETAIN AND SPEND ALL REVENUES FROM SUCH TAXES AND THE EARNINGS FROM THE INVESTMENT OF SUCH TAXES AS A VOTER APPROVED REVENUE CHANGE AND AN EXCEPTION TO THE LIMITS WHICH WOULD OTHERWISE APPLY UNDER ARTICLE X, SECTION 20 OF THE COLORADO CONSTITUTION?

BALLOT ISSUE NO. 3B:

SHALL ST. VRAIN VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. RE1J DEBT BE INCREASED \$189,000,000, WITH A REPAYMENT COST OF NOT TO EXCEED \$430,800,000 AND
SHALL DISTRICT TAXES BE INCREASED NOT MORE
THAN \$32,500,000 ANNUALLY FOR THE PURPOSES
OF ACQUIRING, CONSTRUCTING OR PURCHASING
SCHOOL BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS, ENLARGING,
IMPROVING, REPAIRING AND MAKING ADDITIONS TO
SCHOOL BUILDINGS AND EQUIPPING SCHOOLS, AND
PROVIDING OTHER CAPITAL ASSETS FOR DISTRICT
PURPOSES, WHICH MAY INCLUDE BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING:

- REPAIRING AND RENOVATING EXISTING SCHOOL BUILDINGS DISTRICT-WIDE TO EXTEND THE USEFUL LIFE OF EXISTING FACILITIES, ADDRESS LIFE-SAFETY ISSUES AND MAKE FACILITIES MORE ENERGY EFFICIENT,
- ENHANCING COMPUTER AND INTERNET ACCESS IN CLASSROOMS, LIBRARIES AND LABS BY MAKING TECHNOLOGY INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENTS TO FACILITATE 21ST CENTURY LEARNING DISTRICT-WIDE,
- MAKING IMPROVEMENTS TO SKYLINE HIGH SCHOOL TO PROVIDE A DISTRICT-WIDE SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY, ENGINEERING AND MATH PROGRAM.
- CONSTRUCTING AND EQUIPPING A NEW ELEMENTARY SCHOOL THE LOCATION OF WHICH IS TO BE DETERMINED BY CAPACITY NEEDS.
- CONSTRUCTING AND EQUIPPING A NEW HIGH SCHOOL TO BE LOCATED IN THE FREDERICK AREA.

AND SHALL THE MILL LEVY BE INCREASED IN ANY YEAR, WITHOUT LIMITATION OF RATE AND IN AN AMOUNT SUFFICIENT TO PAY THE PRINCIPAL OF. PREMIUM, IF ANY, AND INTEREST ON SUCH DEBT OR ANY REFUNDING DEBT (OR TO CREATE A RESERVE FOR SUCH PAYMENT), SUCH DEBT TO BE EVIDENCED BY THE ISSUANCE OF GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, INSTALLMENT SALES AGREEMENTS. LEASE PUR-CHASE AGREEMENTS OR OTHER MULTIPLE-FISCAL YEAR FINANCIAL OBLIGATIONS BEARING INTEREST AT A MAXIMUM NET EFFECTIVE INTEREST RATE NOT TO EXCEED 6.0%: SUCH BONDS TO BE SOLD IN ONE SERIES OR MORE, FOR A PRICE ABOVE OR BELOW THE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF SUCH SERIES, ON TERMS AND CONDITIONS, AND WITH SUCH MATURITIES AS PERMITTED BY LAW AND AS THE DISTRICT MAY DETERMINE, INCLUDING PROVISIONS FOR REDEMP-TION OF THE BONDS PRIOR TO MATURITY WITH OR WITHOUT PAYMENT OF THE PREMIUM OF NOT TO

ST. VRAIN VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT

EXCEED THREE PERCENT; AND SHALL THE DISTRICT BE AUTHORIZED TO ISSUE DEBT TO REFUND THE DEBT AUTHORIZED IN THIS QUESTION, PROVIDED THAT AFTER THE ISSUANCE OF SUCH REFUNDING DEBT THE TOTAL OUTSTANDING PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF ALL DEBT ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS QUESTION DOES NOT EXCEED THE MAXIMUM PRINCIPAL AMOUNT SET FORTH ABOVE. AND PROVIDED FURTHER THAT ALL DEBT ISSUED BY THE DISTRICT PURSUANT TO THIS QUESTION IS ISSUED ON TERMS THAT DO NOT EX-CEED THE REPAYMENT COSTS AUTHORIZED IN THIS QUESTION; AND SHALL SUCH TAX REVENUES AND THE EARNINGS FROM THE INVESTMENT OF SUCH BOND PROCEEDS AND TAX REVENUES BE COLLECTED. RETAINED AND SPENT AS A VOTER APPROVED REV-ENUE CHANGE UNDER ARTICLE X, SECTION 20 OF THE COLORADO CONSTITUTION OR ANY OTHER LAW?

Total District Fiscal Year Spending

Fiscal Year
2008-2009 (estimated) \$ 222,889,000
2007-2008 (actual) \$ 213,273,618
2006-2007 (actual) \$ 212,111,933
2005-2006 (actual) \$ 202,480,196
2004-2005 (actual) \$ 188,220,021

Overall percentage change from 2004-2005 to 2008-2009 18.42%

Overall dollar change from 2004-2005 to 2008-2009 \$ 34,668,979

Proposed Tax Increase

District Estimate of the Maximum Dollar Amount of the Proposed Tax Increase For Fiscal Year 2009-2010 (the First Full Fiscal Year of the Proposed Tax Increase):

BALLOT ISSUE NO. 3A: \$16,500,000 BALLOT ISSUE NO. 3B: \$32,500,000

District Estimate of 2009-2010 Fiscal Year Spending Without Proposed Tax Increases: \$ 231,704,000

Information on District's Proposed Debt BALLOT ISSUE NO. 3B:

Principal Amount of Proposed Bonds: Not to exceed \$189,000,000

Maximum Annual District Repayment Cost: Not to exceed \$ 32,500,000

Total District Repayment Cost: Not to exceed \$430,800,000

Information on District's Current Debt

Principal Amount Outstanding Debt: \$ 299,035,000 Maximum Annual Repayment Cost: \$ 25,926,536 Remaining Total Repayment Cost: \$ 449,429,793

Summary of Written Comments FOR Ballot Issue No. 3A:

High achieving schools are fundamental to success in the

productive workforce, cultivate innovation in technology and health, raise home property values, and attract vibrant new companies to the community.

St. Vrain Valley School District is at a critical tipping point.

global economy. Strong schools build a competent and

St. Vrain Valley School District is at a critical tipping point. We can either take a big step forward -- or barely maintain the status quo.

We cannot afford to eliminate more teacher positions and vital programs necessary to balance the budget, lose quality teachers to neighboring districts, increase class size, and not fund rigorous and relevant courses essential for post high school and college preparation.

The students in the St. Vrain Valley School District must be equipped to thrive in a 21st century global economy. The world is changing, jobs are evolving and our children face a new level of competition. In addition, research shows that investments in education help reduce crime and increase civic participation.

We can strengthen our schools and position our kids and communities for the future with the passage of a mill levy override (Issue 3A).

Your yes vote on 3A will: (i) restore 85 teacher and staff positions recently lost; (ii) reduce class size; (iii) implement rigorous science, technology, engineering and math (STEM) programming; (iv) restore programs in the arts, music and world languages, and (v) attract and retain quality teachers.

The proceeds of 3A will go directly to the classroom – not to administrative positions (currently a mere 2.43% of the budget). All of the override dollars stay in our district—they do NOT go to the state. Neighboring school districts — including Boulder Valley, Thompson Valley, and Fort Lupton — have all passed mill levy overrides which provide between \$800 and \$1,100 more per student for educational funding than St.Vrain Valley. This puts our district at a significant disadvantage relative to our neighbors in its ability to attract young families and new businesses.

This investment in education is approximately \$4.85 per month per \$100,000 of a home's value. It's a small investment with huge benefits for our kids and our communities. And qualifying seniors and disabled veterans can take advantage of the Homestead Exemption to reduce assessed home values.

ST. VRAIN VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Strong accountability measures are in place. A citizenled oversight committee will monitor every expenditure of override dollars. The district will prepare and post annual mill levy override status and benchmark survey reports on its web site. Updates will be provided in regularly scheduled community meetings. And the district will continue to maintain a balanced budget.

The bottom line: Your YES vote on 3A will positively impact over 24,000 children and improve our community's overall ability to compete for economic development opportunities and ensure strong property values now and in the future.

Your YES vote on 3A will help deliver on a strong future for them and for us.

Choose excellence and vote YES on 3A.

Summary of Written Comments AGAINST Ballot Issue No. 3A:

We cannot gamble with education and the economy by throwing money at an unaccountable bureaucracy forever without assured results. The mill levy override: Has no end date and no guaranteed results; only guarantees

increased taxes.

Burdens everybody who owns or rents in SVVSD. Strains local businesses; some already close to layoffs or bankruptcy; employees in jeopardy.

Hurts local shoppers; increases prices.

SVVSD's poor results prove that we must improve education, though we have thrown money at the problem for years (Amendment 23, Referendum C, hundreds of millions in bonds). This increased funding has not improved results. Reform is what works. Without reform, we hurt students by subsidizing wasteful, counterproductive practices. Throwing still more and more dollars at the same level of education is definitely not the solution.

Failure based funding model penalizes good schools Students passed regardless of achievement

No curriculum standards

Dysfunctional pay: worst teachers paid same as best No teacher accountability – protected by tenure and union No administrator accountability – many coast for years SVVSD has plenty of money:

Operating in the black, thanks to all time high funding. Tens of millions of dollars in reserves.

Excessive staff currently thrown at worst schools – little results.

Amendment 23 guarantees that school funding always increases faster than enrollment growth and inflation combined, bloating spending every year since 2001. We can fix things without spending more money. According to the Comprehensive Appraisal for District Improvement (CADI) report, SVVSD has failed to imple-

ment many very basic things. Of 62 "Indicators of District Performance," 58 fall into the "limited development or partial implementation" category – scoring 2 on a scale from 1 (low) to 4 (high). Here are CADI recommendations:

"Synthesize a viable Standards-Based curriculum. Develop accountability procedures for every teacher, principal, administrator and instructional classified staff member, which are frequent, documented, and assessed by STUDENT RESULTS."

"Assure that building administrators and instructional staff become highly skilled in use of data to adjust their practices. Evaluate success by STUDENT RESULTS."

"Determine what high academic and behavioral expectations are for students"

"Systematize the budget allocation process to focus on student needs"

District statistics that allegedly show the need for more funding are faulty.

Teacher pay data ignores real market for teachers in the area, which includes private, charter and parochial schools that get fine teachers for much less money. They proclaim that SVVSD has no mill levy override, but they ignore hundreds of millions of dollars in bonds. SVVSD's mill rate is 5th highest of 19 Boulder and Weld County districts.

Only the taxpayers are held accountable. We lose homes or businesses if we fall short. Unless we stop overfeeding this sluggish district, it will consume more and more money (forever!), resist reform, and continue under educating students.

District students deserve better. Pouring money into an unaccountable, inefficient system hurts students by subsidizing wasteful bureaucracy and discouraging accountability and reform. The administration of existing funds demands improvement

VOTE NO ON 3A!

Summary of Written Comments FOR Ballot Issue No. 3B:

A majority of the school buildings in the St. Vrain Valley School District were built before 1972 and need serious repair.

Because previous school bonds were needed to address growth during the 1990's and early years of this decade, only a small portion of the monies collected was available for maintenance projects at the older schools.

Today, our aging schools are in desperate need of repairs and renovations to: 1) extend their useful life; 2) address health, safety, security and handicap accessibility issues; and 3) make them more energy efficient

ST. VRAIN VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Our school district's technology infrastructure is also significantly outdated, preventing the implementation of rigorous math, science, engineering and technology programs. Without access to updated instructional technology, St. Vrain students will not be properly equipped for college, the workforce, and the technology-driven global economy. While a majority of the bond monies will go toward addressing long-deferred maintenance and repairs at existing schools, there are still some pockets of significant overcrowding in our school district that need to be relieved. This includes the 38-year-old Frederick High School which is currently at 120% capacity.

Your YES vote on St. Vrain Valley School District's bond (Issue 3B) will deliver the following critical improvements: 1) high-priority repairs and renovations to aging schools district-wide; 2) updating technology infrastructure and wiring classrooms district-wide; 3) improvements at Skyline High School for a district-wide Science, Technology Engineering and Math (STEM) Program; and 4) a new high school in Frederick to address significant overcrowding

For \$1.33 per month per \$100,000 of a home's value, we can extend the useful life of our aging schools, update technology in classrooms, implement and expand more high-rigor courses, and address pockets of critical overcrowding. It's a small investment with huge benefits for our kids and our community. And all of the monies from the bond stay within our district.

Strong schools are a community asset that taxpayers invest in to maintain their property values. If our schools are viewed as less desirable than neighboring communities, it will cause a reduction in the desirability of homes in the area and will not encourage new buyers looking to move into our district. This is not the cycle we want to be in when the economy is soft. Similar to the strong accountability set up for the mill levy override, a citizen-led oversight committee will oversee the expenditure of bond dollars. The district will prepare and post an annual bond status report on its web site. Updates will be provided in regularly scheduled community meetings. And the district will continue to maintain a balanced budget. Voting YES on 3A & 3B, extending the life of our aging schools, updating technology in the classroom, and providing the children in our community with a safe, secure, quality learning environment is the right thing to do.

Summary of Written Comments AGAINST Ballot Issue No. 3B:

3B guarantees big costs, but no educational results. Voters should reject it because:

The so-called "Proposed Bond Total" of \$189,000,000, only covers principal. It is \$420,800,000 with interest included.

We still owe hundreds of millions of dollars from previous bonds. Additional debt is unwise in the current financial climate. The proposal has an unlimited mill levy rate to taxpayers. It specifically includes the phrase "WITHOUT LIMITATION OF RATE." SVVSD already has the 5th highest mill levy rate of the 19 school districts in Boulder and Weld counties. If the bond passes, SVVSD will have the highest tax rate. Per-pupil funding already increases faster than inflation (and has for several years), thanks to Amendment 23. If the SAFE state ballot proposal passes, taxpayers could be forced to fund yet another huge source of education funds. SVVSD's massive waste should be addressed first. For example, they are taking over the Main St. school for administration, in addition to four buildings that already house administrators. Another example of waste is the fact that the worst teachers are paid on the same scale as the best. Many items (lockers, roofs, fans, air conditioners, flooring, stucco, ceiling tiles, etc.) should be budgeted as normal wear and tear replacement, not a special bond. The Comprehensive Appraisal for District Improvement from the state says of SVVSD, "the most part, buildings are clean

sures are unnecessary.

The proposal includes millions of dollars for a special programs (Science, Technology, Engineering and Math) at a low-performing high schools. Nothing in the CSAP or ACT data suggests that the school's students are insufficiently challenged by standard high school math and science.

The proposal includes tens of millions of dollars for an elementary school, with no indication as to where or when the school will be built. SVVSD has excess space due

to students leaving low performing schools. Everybody

would be better served by improving the low performing

and appear to be in good condition." Extraordinary mea-

If SVVSD really believes serious safety issues exist which are likely to harm students or staff, they were irresponsible in giving employees raises before addressing these issues. Nothing enables taxpayers to hold SVVSD accountable for meeting bond promises. Sad experience from the 2002 bond shows that its "Community Bond Review Committee" failed to hold the district to key promises made before the election.

This is an extremely expensive, open-ended and risky proposal that guarantees nothing in terms of educational results. It increases taxpayer debt burden without requiring any reform by SVVSD. The accountability will only be on taxpayers – SVVSD can continue along in the same, unaccountable manner.

The last bonding issue SVVSD was fraudulent since the school district was in default and had to be taken over by State Treasurer. Now another request for debt financing and for what? SVVSD is funded adequately. With good management, funding needs of SVVSD can be accomplished.

VOTE NO ON ISSUE #3B.

schools.

MOUNTAIN VIEW FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

ALL REGISTERED VOTERS

NOTICE OF ELECTION TO INCREASE TAXES ON A REFERRED MEASURE

Election date: November 4, 2008 **Election hours:** 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m.

Local Fire District office address & phone number:

9119 E. County Line Road Longmont, CO 80501 (303) 772-0710

BALLOT ISSUE NO. 4A:

SHALL MOUNTAIN VIEW FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT TAXES BE INCREASED BY \$3,347,245 ANNUALLY IN THE FIRST FULL FISCAL YEAR, AND BY WHATEVER ADDITIONAL AMOUNTS ARE ANNUALLY RAISED THEREAFTER, BY AN ADDITIONAL TAX LEVY OF 3.93 MILLS, COMMENCING IN TAX YEAR 2008 (FOR COLLECTION IN FISCAL YEAR 2009), WITH SUCH TAX PROCEEDS TO BE USED FOR GENERAL OPERATING AND CAPITAL EXPENSES, SPECIFICALLY INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO:

- 1 HIRE ADDITIONAL FIREFIGHTERS TO MEET NATIONAL SAFETY STANDARDS;
- 2 PURCHASE ADDITIONAL MEDICAL AND RESCUE EQUIPMENT, INCLUDING AUTOMATIC EXTERNAL DEFIBRILLATORS (AEDS) TO SAVE LIVES;
- 3 PROVIDE NECESSARY IMPROVEMENTS
 TO REDUCE RESPONSE TIMES,
 THEREFORE ALLOWING FIREFIGHTERS
 AND PARAMEDICS TO ARRIVE QUICKLY
 AND SAFELY TO BRING LIFE SAVING
 SKILLS AND EQUIPMENT TO OUR
 CITIZENS; AND
- 4 PROVIDE ADDITIONAL REVENUE TO MEET INCREASING VEHICLE MAINTENANCE COSTS.

AND SHALL SUCH TAX PROCEEDS BE COLLECTED AND SPENT BY THE DISTRICT AS VOTER APPROVED REVENUE AND SPENDING CHANGES IN EACH YEAR, NOTWITHSTANDING THE LIMITATIONS CONTAINED IN ARTICLE X, SECTION 20 OF THE COLORADO CONSTITUTION AND SECTION 29-1-301, COLORADO REVISED STATUTES?

TOTAL DISTRICT FISCAL YEAR SPENDING:

Year	Fiscal Year Spending
2008 (current year estimated)	\$7,455,931
2007 (actual)	6,738,267
2006 (actual)	5,909,118
2005 (actual)	5,641,981
2004 (actual)	6 246 632

Overall percentage change in fiscal year spending over the five year period from 2004 through 2008: 19.4 %

Overall dollar change in fiscal year spending over the five year period from 2000 through 2004: \$1,209,299

Estimated first full fiscal year (2009) maximum dollar amount of increase: \$3.347.245

Estimated first full fiscal year (2009) spending without increase: \$7,518,809

The following is a summary of comments filed in favor of, or opposed to, the ballot issue:

The following summaries were prepared from comments filed by persons FOR the proposal:

A mill levy increase is needed to maintain and begin to improve the level of fire and emergency medical services you receive. With it, the District will be able to build additional stations to reduce response times, allowing personnel highly trained in life saving skills, to arrive at your emergency faster. The increased funding will allow the District to hire additional personnel to become compliant with National safety standards. Mountain View currently only has two people on a fire engine and National standards state the minimum should be three. The lower number of personnel means District firefighters must wait for sufficient firefighters before they can attack the fire The increase will also allow the District to buy and install AED's in public buildings throughout the District, to assist in life saving efforts. The opponents will say the District needs more volunteers. The national trend shows the number of volunteers across the nation is decreasing and Mountain View is not immune. Mountain View Fire is trying to attract and maintain a sufficient number of volunteers and has even started a part time paid program. The District is trying to stretch its current funding, but it is not keeping pace with the increased costs and demand on services. Voting "YES" on the mill levy increase for Mountain View Fire is a vote to increase your safety.

MOUNTAIN VIEW FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

Opponents say that the Mountain View must control costs before asking for tax increases, has no plan for improvement of services in Erie, Mead, Niwot and Dacono and other areas of the District and there will be no impact on services if the new mil levy is not approved. The Facts show: (1) Mountain View has controlled costs and has done all they can to enhance service for years without additional funds; (2) Mountain View does have a plan for improved service; visit www.mountainviewfire.org; (3) Services will be impacted. Firefighters and paramedics have operated at unsafe staffing levels jeopardizing firefighter safety and effective service to citizens. If voters do not approve this increase stations will be closed and/or units taken out of service so firefighter and paramedic staffing can be consolidated for safety reasons; (4) Mountain View services will deteriorate without an increase in funding which will create longer response times to heart attacks, choking children, house fires and other rescue and fire calls; (5) Without increased funding, life saving devices could not be purchased that will assist firefighters and paramedics with saving lives. A "YES" vote on 4A will save lives and improve service levels to all the communities served by Mountain View Fire. Mountain View has, for many years, sacrificed the safety of its firefighters in terms of low staffing levels, to reduce costs. It continuously recruits volunteer members, but has suffered the same fate as fire departments all over the county in the decline of volunteerism. From a high of approx. 110 volunteers years ago to a current number of approx. 23 volunteers illustrates such decline.

The following summaries were prepared from comments filed by persons AGAINST the proposal:

MVFPD is asking for an annual tax increase of \$3,347,245, a 50.2% tax increase. MVFPD collected \$5,917,430 in taxes in 2008, and expects to collect over \$6.2 million in 2009, without an adjustment to the Mil Levy, an increase of over 4.75%; this is a fair increase.

Vote 'NO' as MVFPD must control costs before asking for tax increases.

Niwot residents: Vote 'NO'; your level of service has increased (guaranteed Ambulance and Engine to every call) without an additional tax increase due to the Joint Response Agreement with Boulder Rural Fire. Your service will not change with an affirmative response.

Dacono residents: Vote 'NO'; your level of service will not change with an affirmative response, as there is a staffed Ambulance and staffed Engine stationed within your city limits. Brownsville residents: Vote 'NO'; there are no plans to improve your service.

Erie and Mead residents: Vote 'NO'; there are no firm plans, including projected cost, to improve your service. Before MVFPD asked taxpayers for a tax increase, the Board of Directors should have demonstrated that all avenues to reduce excess cost have been tested. MVFPD has not demonstrated a reduction of operating costs or cost control. MVFPD has increased expenditures. An example is the Administrative Staff and associated costs. MVFPD has increased the Administrative Staff to 12 dedicated individuals. Compare that to 56, uniformed, career firefighter/ paramedics: 1 Administrator to 4.67 career firefighters/paramedics. Additionally, there are 10 Administrative use SUV/Pickup vehicle costs (financing/ insurance/fuel/maintenance), which the Administrative Staff uses to shuttle themselves from station to station or. in many instances, for personal use; these vehicles are exclusive of ones which line firefighters use to respond to an emergency. District Administrators have enjoyed significant pay increases since January 2007: A total wage increase of nearly 8%, including an Administrative Chief with an increase of nearly \$10,000 and an Office Manager of just over \$9,000. Compare the percentage of Administrative Staff base pay increases (8%) to the National Average of 3.8%.

Supporters of this tax increase argue that MVFPD is entitled to this increase as nearby fire districts have higher Mil Levies. What they fail to mention is that the tax monies collected from the current Mil rate have increased from \$1.2 million in 1993 to \$5.9 million in 2008: a percentage increase of 389%. It is important to compare this information to the fact that the percentage of taxable Residential Parcels within MVFPD borders have increased only 2.74% from 2004-2008. Simply put, the tax money collected by the district has increased 53.6% (\$2,063,559), in the past four years, while residential properties increased 2.74% (1,496), out of a total 29,258. Lastly, supporters argue that the number of emergency calls have more than doubled from 1993 to 2008. While this is a valid statistic, the percentage of District allocated tax funds (389%) have increased significantly more than doubling of emergency calls. This reemphasizes that cost control, and NOT an increase in Mils, should be the current focus.

Donna Mullison, Designated Election Official

Mountain View Fire Protection District 9119 E. County Line Road Longmont, Colorado 80501 (303) 772-0710

SUNSHINE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

TO: ALL REGISTERED VOTERS NOTICE OF ELECTION TO INCREASE TAXES ON A REFERRED MEASURE

SUNSHINE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT BOULDER COUNTY, COLORADO

Election date: November 4, 2008

Election hours: 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m.

Local election office address and phone number:

Boulder County Clerk and Recorder, 1750 33rd Street, Suite 200, Boulder, CO 80301-2546; Telephone: (303) 413-7745

BALLOT TITLE AND TEXT: REFERRED 5A

SHALL THE SUNSHINE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT TAXES BE INCREASED BY 3.56 MILLS ANNUALLY, COM-MENCING FOR YEAR 2009 TAXES DUE AND PAYABLE IN 2010, FOR THE PURPOSES OF FUNDING FIRE PRE-VENTION ACTIVITIES, INCLUDING FOREST MITIGATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT; SUCH TAXES TO BE IMPOSED IN ADDITION TO THE DISTRICT'S CUR-RENT BASE MILL LEVY OF 4.480 MILLS FOR GENERAL OPERATING FUNDS, AND THE 4.00 MILLS FOR MOD-ERNIZATION WHICH WILL SUNSET IN 2015; AND SHALL THE REVENUE FROM SUCH TAXES, AND INVESTMENT INCOME THEREON, CONSTITUTE VOTER-APPROVED REVENUE CHANGES AND BE COLLECTED AND SPENT BY THE DISTRICT WITHOUT REGARD TO ANY SPEND-ING REVENUE RESTRICTIONS, OR OTHER LIMITATION CONTAINED WITHIN ARTICLE X, SECTION 20, OF THE COLORADO CONSTITUTION, THE 5 1/2 % LIMIT OF C.R.S. SECTION 29-1-301, OR ANY OTHER LAW, AND WITHOUT LIMITING, IN ANY YEAR, THE AMOUNT OF OTHER REVENUE THAT MAY BE COLLECTED AND SPENT BY THE DISTRICT?

Financial Information:

Funds derived from the current mill levy of 8.48 mills:

2004 (actual) \$66,289 2005 (actual) \$70,434

2005 (actual) \$70,434 2006 (actual) \$67,805

2007 (actual) \$72,552

2008 (estimated) \$76,189

(\$74,792 received through 8/31/08)

Overall Percentage Change from 2004 through 2008: 14.9%

Fiscal Year spending1:

2008 (estimated)

2004 (actual) \$148,305

2005 (actual) \$590,573 (\$515,701 on firehouse #2) 2006 (actual) \$155,731

2007 (actual) \$277,967

(\$116,946 on rebuilding firehouse #1)

\$266.196

\$200,190

¹Spending exceeds income from the tax base due to other incomes, including DOLA grants for the construction of Sunshine Fire Station #2; wildland dispatch; cistern fees; donations, etc.

Estimated Total Dollars of Income during 2010 Including the Tax Increase: \$312,000

Estimated Total Dollars of Income during 2010 Excluding the Tax Increase: \$280,000

Estimated Total Dollar Amount of Tax Income during 2010 Including the Proposed Tax Increase: \$118,000

Estimated Dollar Amount of Tax Income during 2010

due to the Proposed Tax Increase: \$32,0002

²Estimated earned in 2009 and paid in 2010

Summary of Written Comments FOR Issue 5A:

The Sunshine Fire Protection District is located in a densely forested area of the urban/wildland interface. The 'wildfire season' is now year around. Our best strategy for dealing with the wildfire threat is to mitigate the forest in order to limit the spread and intensity of wildfires in the event that they happen, to save lives and protect property. So far, mitigation activities have been conducted through a mixture of the actions of individual property owners and occasional support from State and Federal agencies to District initiatives. However, we have much more work to do than can be supported by our current funding efforts. The recently-completed Community Wildfire Protection Plan (CWPP) outlines many of our needs. Wildfire protection requires a community wide effort.

The current District mill levy of 8.48 mills is dedicated to 'traditional' fire department actions: structure fire suppression, emergency medical and trauma response, vehicle accident response, wildfire suppression and equipment purchase and maintenance. (4.00 mills are permanent; 4.48 mills will sunset in 2015.) The fiscal need for mitigation and other fire prevention efforts far exceeds the current mill levy budgeting. The District is requesting that the District's taxes be increased by 3.56 mills annually to fund fire prevention efforts. Based on an average assessed home value in the District of \$64,175.00, the new mill levy will cost District homeowners an average of \$228 per year in addition to the current levy. These funds will be used for the direct funding of forest mitigation activities; as matching funds for State and Federal mitigation grants; and for infrastructure development, such as emergency escape route signage and water supply management.

Summary of Written Comments AGAINST 5A:

No comments were filed by the constitutional deadline.

ALL REGISTERED VOTERS

ESTES VALLEY RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT BOULDER COUNTY, COLORADO

NOTICE OF ELECTION TO INCREASE TAXES AND TO INCREASE DEBT ON REFERRED MEASURES

Election date: November 4, 2008

Election hours: 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m.

Local election office address and phone number:

Designated Election Official: Dale Stapleton, P.O. Box 1379, 690 Big Thompson Ave., Estes Park, CO 80517; telephone number 970-586-8191

Coordinated Election Official: Hillary Hall, Boulder County Clerk and Recorder, 1750 33rd St. #200, Boulder, CO 80301; telephone number 303-413-7700

Ballot title and text: Referred Issue 4C

SHALL ESTES VALLEY RECREATION & PARK DISTRICT TAXES BE INCREASED UP TO \$473,000 ANNUALLY IN THE FIRST FULL FISCAL YEAR (2009) AND IN EACH YEAR THEREAFTER BY WHATEVER ADDITIONAL AMOUNTS ARE RAISED FROM AN OPERATING MILL LEVY OF UP TO 1.200 MILLS, WITH THE INCREASE TO BE USED TO PAY THE COSTS OF

- TRAIL DEVELOPMENT AND MAINTENANCE;
- GENERAL OPERATIONS OF THE DISTRICT, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, TREE MAINTENANCE FOR PINE BEETLE INFESTATION ON DISTRICT PROPERTIES, POOL OPERATIONS, EQUIPMENT AND FACILITIES; AND
- THE OPERATING COSTS FOR THE PROPOSED COMMUNITY CENTER IF CONSTRUCTION OF THE COMMUNITY CENTER IS APPROVED BY THE DISTRICT ELECTORS;

AND SHALL THE DISTRICT BE PERMITTED TO COLLECT, RETAIN AND EXPEND SUCH TAXES AS A VOTER-APPROVED REVENUE CHANGE UNDER ARTICLE X, SECTION 20 OF THE COLORADO CONSTITUTION AND TO EXCEED THE LIMITATION CONTAINED IN SECTION 29-1-301 OF THE COLORADO REVISED STATUTES?

Referred Issue 4D

SHALL ESTES VALLEY RECREATION & PARK DISTRICT DEBT BE INCREASED UP TO \$14,900,000, WITH A MAXIMUM REPAYMENT COST OF UP TO \$26,450,000, AND SHALL DISTRICT TAXES BE INCREASED UP TO \$1,359,000 ANNUALLY FOR THE PURPOSE OF FINANCING THE COSTS OF SITE PREPARATION, CONSTRUCTING AND EQUIPPING A COMMUNITY CENTER, LOCATED ON SCHOOL

DISTRICT PROPERTY LEASED PURSUANT TO A COOPERATIVE INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT, WHICH COMMUNITY CENTER IS TO INCLUDE, WITHOUT LIMITATION,

- RECREATION SPACE, INCLUDING A GYMNASIUM, LOCKER ROOMS, PROGRAM CLASSROOM/ MEETING SPACE AND A YOUTH CENTER.
- SPACE FOR CHILD CARE AND COMMUNITY PROGRAMS, AND
- IMPROVEMENTS TO AND EXPANSION OF THE EXISTING AQUATIC CENTER.

AND ADDITIONALLY FOR THE PURPOSE OF FINANC-ING THE REPLACEMENT OF THE IRRIGATION SYS-TEM AT LAKE ESTES GOLF COURSE, PROVIDING MATCHING FUNDS FOR ACCESSIBILITY AND SAFETY IMPROVEMENTS AT LAKE ESTES RESTROOMS, AND OTHER MAINTENANCE AND IMPROVEMENTS TO DIS-TRICT FACILITIES. SUCH DEBT TO CONSIST OF THE ISSUANCE AND PAYMENT OF GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, WHICH BONDS SHALL BEAR INTEREST AT A MAXIMUM NET EFFECTIVE INTEREST RATE NOT TO EXCEED 5.95% PER ANNUM AND BE ISSUED AT SUCH TIMES AND PRICES (AT, ABOVE OR BELOW PAR) AND IN SUCH MANNER AND CONTAINING SUCH TERMS. NOT INCONSISTENT HEREWITH, AS THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS MAY DETERMINE: SHALL AD VALOREM PROPERTY TAXES BE LEVIED IN ANY YEAR. WITH-OUT LIMITATION AS TO RATE OR AMOUNT, TO PAY THE PRINCIPAL OF, PREMIUM IF ANY, AND INTEREST ON SUCH BONDS AS THE SAME BECOME DUE; AND SHALL ANY EARNINGS (REGARDLESS OF AMOUNT) FROM THE INVESTMENT OF THE PROCEEDS OF SUCH TAXES AND BONDS CONSTITUTE A VOTER-APPROVED REVENUE CHANGE UNDER ARTICLE X. SECTION 20 OF THE COLORADO CONSTITUTION?

Actual historical and current estimated fiscal year spending information:

Year	Fiscal Year Spending
2004 (actual) 2005 (actual) 2006 (actual)	\$2,256,824 2,444,250 2,655,536
2006 (actual) 2007 (actual)	2,719,884
2008 (current year estimated)	2,655,101

Overall percentage change in fiscal year spending over the five year period from 2004 through 2008: 17.65%

Overall dollar change in fiscal year spending over the five year period from 2004 through 2008: \$398,277

Estimated 2009 fiscal year spending without taking into account the tax increase authorized by the referred issues: \$2,762,447

ESTES VALLEY RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT

Estimated 2009 tax increase authorized by Referred Issue 4C: \$473,000

Estimated 2009 tax increase authorized by

Referred Issue 4D: \$1,359,000

Information regarding bonded debt proposed by Referred Issue 4D:

Principal amount: \$14,900,000 Maximum annual repayment cost: \$1,359,000 Maximum total repayment cost: \$26,450,000

Information regarding current bonded debt:

Principal balance:	\$0
Maximum annual repayment cost:	\$0
Maximum remaining total repayment cost:	\$0

Summaries of written comments filed with the election officer:

The following summaries were prepared from comments filed by persons FOR Referred Issue 4C:

Passage of 4C will provide the operating money to maintain our existing recreational assets, continue the operation of the current Aquatic Center, maintain and expand our trail system, and operate the proposed Community Center. Our trails, tennis courts, Aquatic Center, outdoor shelters, playgrounds, and other recreation facilities are important community assets. We own them, and we should properly maintain them. Extending the useful life of our recreation facilities makes sense and is the right thing to do.

It is also critical that we make every effort to prevent the destruction of the mountain pine beetle on recreation district property (and consequently neighboring properties that are impacted). We not only need to spray trees, but we also need to remove damaged trees and plant new trees. Our trees are as much an asset as our trails and other facilities.

Finally, if we want to maintain a vibrant and prosperous community that keeps families here, attracts healthcare professionals and young families, and keeps our seniors healthy and connected to the community, we need to operate a year-round, indoor recreational center that provides not only indoor recreation but continuing education as well.

All of these needs can be addressed with the very small investment of \$0.80 per month per \$100,000 of a home's value.

Of the 11 recreation districts along the Front Range, tax levies range from 1.4 mills (Estes Valley) to 5.847 mills (South Suburban). With our approval of 4C (the mill levy increase for operations) we will still have the lowest taxes of these 11 districts.

The following summaries were prepared from comments filed by persons AGAINST Referred Issue 4C:

No comments were filed by the constitutional deadline.

The following summaries were prepared from comments filed by persons FOR Referred Issue 4D:

If we want to maintain a vibrant and prosperous community that keeps families here, attracts healthcare professionals and young families, and keeps our seniors healthy and connected to the community, we need to offer year-round, indoor recreation, adult enrichment opportunities and childcare space.

The new community center will provide an indoor walking track and full-size gym; year-round, indoor activities including exercise, arts and crafts, dance, music, and continuing adult education. It will provide a family-friendly pool and childcare space for licensed childcare providers.

4D will also provide essential infrastructural upgrades to the Aquatic Center including its heating and ventilation system; will replace a thirty-year old irrigation system at the Lake Estes (9 hole) golf course for which parts are no longer manufactured and that wastes water; will enable the district to make restrooms around Lake Estes ADA compliant; and will implement a system to capture and remove lead bullets from the district's gun range.

The following summaries were prepared from comments filed by persons AGAINST Referred Issue 4D:

No comments were filed by the constitutional deadline.

A citizen-led mill levy and bond oversight committee will monitor all bond expenditures. The recreation district will also prepare and post an annual report on its website detailing the progress of projects and the use of mill levy and bond proceeds.

Passage of 4D will deliver on all of these pressing needs, and they can be effectively addressed with a relatively small tax impact of \$1.92 per month per \$100,000 of a home's value. Qualifying seniors can also continue to take advantage of the Homestead Exemption.

Your YES vote on 4 D is important because it will:

- Provide year-round recreational opportunities in our community
- Address our community's pressing childcare needs;
- · Keep our seniors connected;
- Offer activities for pre-teens (our most vulnerable age group);
- Keep young families in our community;
- Attract new working professionals to our community;
- Further improve our quality of life;
- Strengthen our property values; and
- Keep our local economy strong.

The following summaries were prepared from comments filed by persons AGAINST Referred Issue 4D:

No comments were filed by the constitutional deadline.

2008 General Election Information

Boulder County Polling Place Information

- Polling places will be open 7 a.m. 7 p.m. across Boulder County on Election Day, Tuesday, November 4.
- Registered Boulder County voters can find their assigned polling place and review their voter information on www.VoteBoulder.org or call 303-413-7740.

Boulder County Early Voting Times and Locations

Monday – Friday: October 20 – October 31: 8 a.m. - 6 p.m. Saturday, October 25: 9 a.m. - 2 p.m.

Boulder County Clerk & Recorder

1750 33rd Street, Boulder; 529 Coffman Street, Longmont

Boulder County Courthouse, East Wing

2025 14th Street, Boulder

Lafayette Public Library

775 West Baseline Road, Lafayette

University of Colorado at Boulder

355 UCB, Student Recreation Center, Boulder

Boulder County Mail Ballot Information

- Only voters signed up to vote by mail will receive a mail ballot.
- Voters signed up to vote by mail may not vote a regular ballot at an early voting location or polling place.
- Visit www.VoteBoulder.org or call 303-413-7740 to track the status of your mail ballot beginning on October 15.
- You don't have to wait until Election Day to return your mail ballot.

Return your mail ballot by mail or to any of the following drop-off locations during business hours:

Office Drop-off Locations

Monday - Friday: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Tuesday, November 4: 7 a.m. - 7 p.m. Boulder County Clerk & Recorder 1750 33rd Street, Boulder

1750 33rd Street, Boulder 529 Coffman Street, Longmont 722 Main Street, Louisville

Tuesday, November 4: 7 a.m. - 7 p.m. Boulder County Courthouse 1325 Pearl Street, Boulder

Early Voting Drop-off Locations

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Drive-by Drop-off Locations

Boulder County Clerk & Recorder

1750 33rd Street, Boulder 529 Coffman Street, Longmont

Saturday, October 25: 9 a.m. - 2 p.m. Saturday, November 1: 9 a.m. - 2 p.m. Monday, November 3: 8 a.m. - 5 p.m. Tuesday, November 4: 7 a.m. - 7 p.m. **Steinbaugh Pavilion** 824 Front Street, Louisville

Saturday, November 1: 9 a.m. - 2 p.m. Tuesday, November 4: 7 a.m. - 7 p.m.

This notice is being mailed to each address with one or more registered voters.

THE GENERAL ELECTION WILL BE HELD ON TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 2008

Your sample ballot is available at: www.VoteBoulder.org

To be counted, voted ballots must be in the hands of the Boulder County Clerk and Recorder no later than 7:00 p.m. on Election Day, November 4, 2008.

Receiving this notice does not guarantee that you are registered to vote. To verify your voter registration status, check: www.VoteBoulder.org or call 303-413-7740.

FROM:
Boulder County Clerk and Recorder
Elections Division
1750 33rd Street, Suite 200
Boulder, CO 80301-2546



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