

Financial Statements
December 31, 2022 and 2021

Josephine Commons, LLC



Independent Auditor's Report	1
Financial Statements	
Balance Sheets	4
Statements of Operations and Members' Equity	5
Statements of Cash Flows	6
Notes to Financial Statements	7
Supplementary Information	
Schedules of Maintenance and Operating, Utilities, Administrative, Taxes and Insurance, and	
Interest Expenses	15



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members Josephine Commons, LLC Boulder, Colorado

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Josephine Commons, LLC, which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related statements of operations and members' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Josephine Commons, LLC as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Josephine Commons, LLC and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Josephine Commons, LLC's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Josephine Commons, LLC's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Josephine Commons, LLC's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The Schedules of Maintenance and Operating, Utilities, Administrative, Taxes and Insurance, and Interest Expenses are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Fargo, North Dakota

Ed Sailly LLP

March 17, 2023

	2022	2021
Assets Cash Accounts receivable Tenant security deposits Restricted cash Property and equipment, at cost, less accumulated depreciation Tax credit fees, at cost, net of accumulated amortization of \$62,241 in 2022 and \$56,218 in 2021	\$ 489,626 7,263 21,691 567,183 11,027,480 28,109 \$ 12,141,352	\$ 662,290 5,682 21,688 531,114 11,356,520 34,132 \$ 12,611,426
Liabilities and Members' Equity		
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to related party Accrued expenses Tenant security deposits payable Long-term debt, net of unamortized debt issuance costs	32,641 30,106 654,248 20,850 4,357,446	\$ 16,198 40,064 571,883 20,100 4,388,223
Total liabilities	5,095,291	5,036,468
Members' Equity	7,046,061	7,574,958
	\$ 12,141,352	\$ 12,611,426

		2022	2021
Operations			
Revenue Tenant rent Rental assistance payments Less vacancies and concessions Net rental income		\$ 575,705 302,391 (24,714) 853,382	\$ 579,731 272,303 (38,981) 813,053
Tenant charges Interest income Other income		2,061 51 55	1,769 85 198
Total revenue		855,549	815,105
Expenses Maintenance and operating Utilities Administrative Taxes and insurance Interest Depreciation and amortization		327,220 85,413 152,302 53,129 269,350 463,113	257,231 68,655 128,982 48,032 274,059 469,149
Total expenses		1,350,527	1,246,108
Loss before Company Fees		(494,978)	(431,003)
Company Fees Asset management fee		6,923	6,721
Net Loss		\$ (501,901)	\$ (437,724)
Members' Equity	Managing Member	Investor and Special Members	Total
Balance, December 31, 2020 Net loss	\$ 86,164 (39)	\$ 7,926,518 (437,685)	\$ 8,012,682 (437,724)
Balance, December 31, 2021 Distribution Net loss	86,125 - (45)	7,488,833 (26,996) (501,856)	7,574,958 (26,996) (501,901)
Balance, December 31, 2022	\$ 86,080	\$ 6,959,981	\$ 7,046,061

	 2022		2021
Operating Activities			
Net loss	\$ (501,901)	\$	(437,724)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash from operating activities			
Depreciation	451,789		463,126
Amortization	6,023		6,023
Interest expense attributable to amortization of debt issuance costs	5,302		5,302
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			-,
Accounts receivable	(1,582)		(1,738)
Prepaid expenses Accounts payable	- 16,443		39,325 3,330
Accrued expenses	82,365		72,610
Tenant security deposits payable	 750		850
Net Cash from Operating Activities	59,189		151,104
Net Cash used for Investing Activity			
Purchase of property and equipment	(122,748)		(8,444)
Financing Activities			
Principal payments on long-term debt	(36,079)		(33,646)
Member's distributions (Payments to) advances from related party	(26,996) (9,958)		- 5,572
(Fayinents to) advances from Telated party	 (3,336)		3,372
Net Cash used for Financing Activities	(73,033)		(28,074)
Net Change in Cash, Tenant Security Deposits, and Restricted Cash	(136,592)		114,586
Cash, Tenant Security Deposits, and Restricted Cash, Beginning of Year	 1,215,092	_	1,100,506
Cash, Tenant Security Deposits, and Restricted Cash, End of Year	\$ 1,078,500	\$	1,215,092
Cash	\$ 489,626	\$	662,290
Tenant Security Deposits Restricted Cash	21,691 567,183		21,688 531,114
Restricted Casif	 307,103		331,114
Total cash, tenant security deposits, and restricted cash	\$ 1,078,500	\$	1,215,092
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information			
Cash payments for interest	\$ 193,908	\$	196,343

Note 1 - Principal Activity and Significant Accounting Policies

Principal Activity, Risks, and Uncertainty

Josephine Commons, LLC (Company) was formed May 5, 2011, as a limited liability company under the laws of the State of Colorado and shall continue in perpetual existence, unless dissolved or terminated at an earlier date. The Company was formed for the purpose to acquire, own, develop, construct and lease, manage and operate a building in Lafayette, Colorado consisting of 74 units of affordable rental housing for low-income and elderly residents. The project began operations in September 2012. Substantially all of the Company's income is derived from the rental of its apartment units.

The Company has qualified and been allocated low-income housing tax credits pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code Section 42, which regulates the use of the complex as to occupant eligibility and unit gross rent, among other requirements. The Company must meet the provisions of these regulations during each of 15 consecutive years in order to continue to qualify to receive the tax credits. Failure to comply with occupant eligibility and/or unit gross rent or to correct noncompliance within a specified time period could result in recapture of the previously taken low-income housing tax credits plus interest. Such potential noncompliance may require an adjustment to the contributed capital by the investor member. All residential units within this project are subject to the contract restrictions regarding rental charges and other operating policies under the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Company maintains its cash accounts in various deposit accounts, the balances of which are periodically in excess of federally insured limits.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is recorded at cost. Expenditures for renewals and improvements that significantly add to the productive capacity or extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to expense. When equipment is retired or sold, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the accounts and the resultant gain or loss is reflected in income.

Depreciation is computed principally by the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Land improvements20 yearsBuildings and improvements40 yearsEquipment and furnishings10 years

The Company reviews the carrying value of property and equipment for impairment whenever events and circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable from the estimated future cash flows expected to result from its use and eventual disposition. In cases where undiscounted expected future cash flows are less than the carrying value, an impairment loss is recognized equal to an amount by which the carrying value exceeds the fair value of assets. The factors considered by management in performing this assessment include current operating results, trends and prospects, the manner in which the property is used, and the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition, and other economic factors. Based on this assessment there was no impairment at December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Tax Credit Fees

Tax credit fees are being amortized over a 15-year life using the straight-line method of amortization. Amortization expense for each of the next 4 years will be approximately \$6,020 and \$4,030 in year five.

Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs are amortized over the period the related obligation is outstanding using the straight-line method, which is a reasonable estimate of the effective interest method. Debt issuance costs are included within long-term debt on the balance sheet. Amortization of debt issuance costs is included in interest expense in the accompanying financial statements.

Income Taxes

As a limited liability company, the Company's taxable income or loss is allocated to members in accordance with the operating agreement. Therefore, no provision for income taxes has been included in the financial statements.

The Company evaluates its tax positions that have been taken or are expected to be taken on income tax returns to determine if an accrual is necessary for uncertain tax positions. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the unrecognized tax benefit accrual was zero. The Company will recognize future accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax expense if incurred.

Rental Income

Housing units are rented under operating lease agreements with terms of one year or less. Rent income from tenants and rental assistance payments is recognized in the month in which it is earned rather than received. Any rent received prior to the month of occupancy is reported as prepaid rent. Tenant rent and rental assistance represent gross rent for all units in the project. Vacancy loss is recorded for any unrented units and concessions are recorded for discounts to units to arrive at net rental income.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through March 17, 2023, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 - Restricted Cash

Restricted cash at December 31, 2022 and 2021 consists of the following:

	 2022	 2021
Replacement Reserve Insurance Reserve Operating Reserve	\$ 226,281 44,518 296,384	\$ 185,471 49,259 296,384
	\$ 567,183	\$ 531,114

Replacement Reserve

Pursuant to the operating agreement, the Company is to establish a replacement reserve to provide for working capital needs, improvements, and replacements relating to the project, commencing upon final closing. The Company is to deposit \$300 per unit, per year, increasing at a rate of three percent each year.

Replacement reserve activity for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, is as follows:

	 2022	 2021
Balance, January 1 Deposits Bank fees Interest Withdrawals	\$ 185,471 40,774 (11) 47	\$ 357,444 40,774 - 84 (212,831)
Balance, December 31	\$ 226,281	\$ 185,471

Insurance Reserve

The Company has established and maintains a reserve with the mortgage company, used to pay insurance expenses. The account is to receive monthly deposits equal to one-twelfth of the annual payment, which is paid annually from the account.

Operating Reserve

Pursuant to the operating agreement, the Company is to establish and maintain an operating reserve to meet operating expenses and debt service of the Company which exceed operating revenues. The reserve is to be funded in the amount of \$288,984. The managing member may make withdrawals subject to the special member's approval.

Note 3 - Property and Equipment

Property and equipment at December 31, 2022 and 2021 consist of the following:

	2022	2021
Land and Improvements	\$ 1,632,734	\$ 1,632,734
Buildings and Improvements	13,538,591	13,538,591
Equipment and Furnishings	596,243_	473,494
	15,767,568	15,644,819
Accumulated depreciation	(4,740,088)	(4,288,299)
	\$ 11,027,480	\$ 11,356,520

Note 4 - Accrued Expenses

Accrued expenses at December 31, 2022 and 2021 consist of the following:

	 2022	2021
Interest (Note 5) Asset Management Fees (Note 7)	\$ 640,604 13,644	\$ 565,162 6,721
	\$ 654,248	\$ 571,883

10

Note 5 - Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 consists of:

	2022	2021
7.0% mortgage note payable to Berkadia Commercial Mortgage, Inc., due in monthly principal and interest payments of \$19,166 through November 2029, secured by a deed of trust and assignment of rents	\$ 2,750,382	\$ 2,786,461
Unamortized debt issuance costs, based on effective interest rate of 7.35%	(36,229) 2,714,153	(41,531) 2,744,930
4.3% mortgage note payable to Boulder County Housing Authority (BCHA), payments due from cash flow, remaining principal and interest due August 2061, secured by a second mortgage	550,000	550,000
4.3% mortgage note payable to BCHA, payments due from cash flow, remaining principal and interest due August 2061, secured by a third mortgage	250,000	250,000
4.3% mortgage note payable to BCHA, entire principal balance will be forgiven after a term of 99 years unless canceled earlier, secured by a fourth mortgage	200,000	200,000
4.3% mortgage note payable to BCHA, entire principal balance will be forgiven after a term of 99 years unless canceled earlier, secured by a fifth mortgage	200,000	200,000
0.50% note payable to BCHA, payments due from cash flow, remaining principal and interest due August 2061, unsecured	443,293	443,293
Total long-term debt, net of unamortized debt issuance costs	\$ 4,357,446	\$ 4,388,223

Future maturities of long-term debt are as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	 Amount	
2023 2024	\$ 38,913	
2025	41,726 44,742	
2026 2027	47,977 51,445	
Thereafter Unamortized debt issuance costs	 4,168,872 (36,229)	
	\$ 4,357,446	

A summary of accrued interest as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

	2022	2021
Berkadia Commercial Mortgage, Inc.	\$ 16,634	\$ 16,634
BCHA 4.3% (HOME) BCHA 4.3% loan (AHP) BCHA 4.3% loan (Worthycause I) BCHA 4.3% (Worthycause II) BCHA 0.5% loan	291,346 124,759 85,124 99,114 	255,562 108,881 74,614 88,255 21,216
	623,970 \$ 640,604	\$ 565,162

Note 6 - Property Taxes

The Company is exempt from property taxes under C.R.S 29-4-507 through Josephine Commons Manager, LLC. Currently there is no expiration date on the property tax exemption for so long as Josephine Commons Manager, LLC owns interest in the Company.

Note 7 - Related Party Transactions

Mortgage Notes Payable

The Company has entered into multiple loan agreements with BCHA (Note 5), an entity related to the managing member. During 2022 and 2021, the Company incurred interest expense of \$75,441 and \$72,415, respectively, in relation to these mortgage notes payable. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company owes BCHA \$623,970 and \$548,528, respectively for accrued interest (Note 5).

Due to Related Party

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company owed BCHA \$30,106 and \$40,064, respectively, for costs related to operations.

Management Fees

The Company has entered into a management agreement with BCHA, to provide management services for the project. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company is to pay management fees equal to the lesser of \$466 per unit or 5.5% of effective gross income. During 2022 and 2021, the Company incurred management fees of \$34,484.

Reimbursement of Expenses

During 2022 and 2021, the Company reimbursed BCHA approximately \$269,400 and \$203,800, respectively, for payroll and other expenses.

Asset Management Fee

Pursuant to the operating agreement, the Company is to pay Red Stone Equity Manager 2, LLC, the special member, a cumulative fee equal to \$5,000 annually, commencing in 2012, for the review of the operations of the Company. The fee is to increase by 3% annually. During 2022 and 2021, the Company incurred \$6,923 and \$6,721, respectively, for asset management fees. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company owed the special member \$13,644 and \$6,721, respectively, for these fees.

Incentive Management Fee

Pursuant to the operating agreement, the Company is to pay the managing member for their services in managing the business of the Company, a non-cumulative fee equal to 80% of cash flow remaining after other required payments. At no time is the fee to exceed 10% of gross revenues in any year

Distributions

During 2022 and 2021, the Company paid distributions to the investor member in the amount of \$26,996 and \$0, respectively. Distributions are paid based on available cash flow, as outlined in the operating agreement.

Operating Deficit Guaranty

Pursuant to the operating agreement, the managing manager is required to fund operating deficits during the period beginning upon the date that stabilized operations is achieved and for five years thereafter as defined in the agreement. The managing manager shall be obligated to provide funds in the form of a loan, not to exceed \$350,000, shall bear no interest and shall be repayable solely from net cash flow as allowed in the operating agreement.

Note 8 - Members' Equity

Members	Ownership Percentages
Managing Josephine Commons Manager, LLC	0.009%
Investor Red Stone Josephine, LLC	99.990%
Special Red Stone Equity Manager 2, LLC	0.001%
	100.000%

Profit or loss will be allocated as allocated in the operating agreement.

The members have certain rights and obligations as outlined in the operating agreement.



Supplementary Information
December 31, 2022 and 2021

Josephine Commons, LLC

	2022	2021
Maintenance and Operating Reimbursed salaries and benefits Contracted services Grounds Supplies Trash removal Non-routine rehab (exterior repairs, including painting)	\$ 135,853 73,623 56,043 22,776 12,857 26,068 \$ 327,220	\$ 98,253 70,979 47,284 28,194 12,227 294 \$ 257,231
Utilities Electricity Water and sewer Other utilities	\$ 46,060 36,242 3,111 \$ 85,413	\$ 31,680 33,874 3,101 \$ 68,655
Administrative Reimbursed salaries and benefits Management fees Audit and accounting Telephone Legal and compliance fees Bad debt (recoveries) Other administrative	\$ 97,025 34,484 9,850 11,765 (1,718) - 896 \$ 152,302	\$ 70,658 34,484 8,550 10,844 66 526 3,854 \$ 128,982
Taxes and Insurance Insurance Other taxes, licenses, and permits	\$ 53,117 12	\$ 46,913 1,119
Interest Berkadia Commercial Mortgage Inc. BCHA	\$ 53,129 \$ 193,909 75,441 \$ 269,350	\$ 48,032 \$ 201,644 72,415 \$ 274,059