What We Have Learned



Safety Overview

US 287 is a high crash corridor. How can we increase saety for people traveling on US 287?

830 crashes annually with **4%** resulting in a severe injury or fatality

30+ crashes per mile

29% of all fatal crashes in Boulder County were on US 287 (2021-22)

34 people died and 311 persons were severely injured (2011-20)

24 more loved ones have lost their lives on the corridor since 2021



Safety Overview

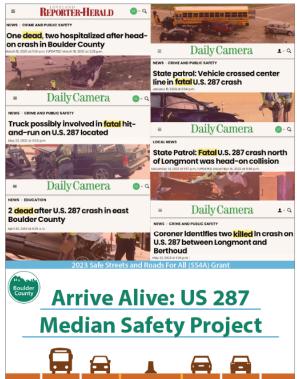
The total number of crashes, severe injuries, and fatal crashes is growing each year.

We must act quickly.

Our team is not waiting to implement strategies until the study is completed. We are acting where possible concurrently with the study.



In July 2023, the project team submitted an application for grant funding for the construction of median barriers in the rural segments to the north and south of Longmont to reduce severe injury and fatal crossover collisions.



Visit the Median station at this Open House to learn more.



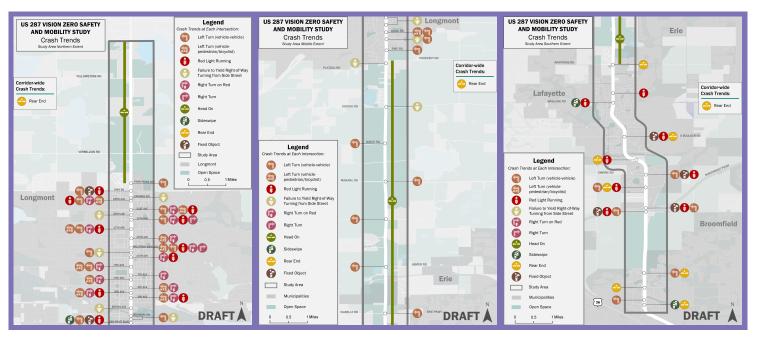
Corridor Crash Trends

Crash analysis has revealed that there is a high potential for reducing serious injury and fatal approach turn crashes.

US 287 Corridor Wide Crash Trends:

- Broadside
- Left Turn
- Head On
- Pedestrian-involved
- Bicycle-involved
- Fixed Object
- Rear End







What We Recommend



Study Outcomes

1.

Recommendations for all intersections and roadway segments with identified crash trends that can be mitigated

Some recommendations can be implemented in the near term, such as improving signing and pavement striping or installing reflective back plates for signals. Others require further analysis and identification of funding sources, such as implementing speed radar enforcement, evaluating intersections for new traffic signals or adjusting turn lane geometry.

2.

Planning-level concepts and cost estimates for specific locations

Concept designs and cost estimates are being completed for locations that are well-positioned to be eligible for grant funding or where safety improvements align with a near-term planned project.

3.

Safety Improvement Toolbox

Information about the most common traffic crash types and recommendations including engineering, enforcement, education, encouragement, and equity countermeasures. This toolbox will serve as a resource for decisionmakers throughout the region.



Trends & Improvements

US 287 Corridor-Wide Crash Trends:

- Broadside
- Left Turn
- Head On
- Pedestrian-involved
- Bicycle-involved
- Fixed Object
- Rear End



US 287 Key Safety Improvements:

See Safety Toolbox to learn more about each recommended safety improvement

- Traffic Signal Improvements
- Signage Improvements
- Turning Movement Improvements or Restrictions
- Access Management
- Pedestrian & Bicycle Improvements
- Center Median Barrier

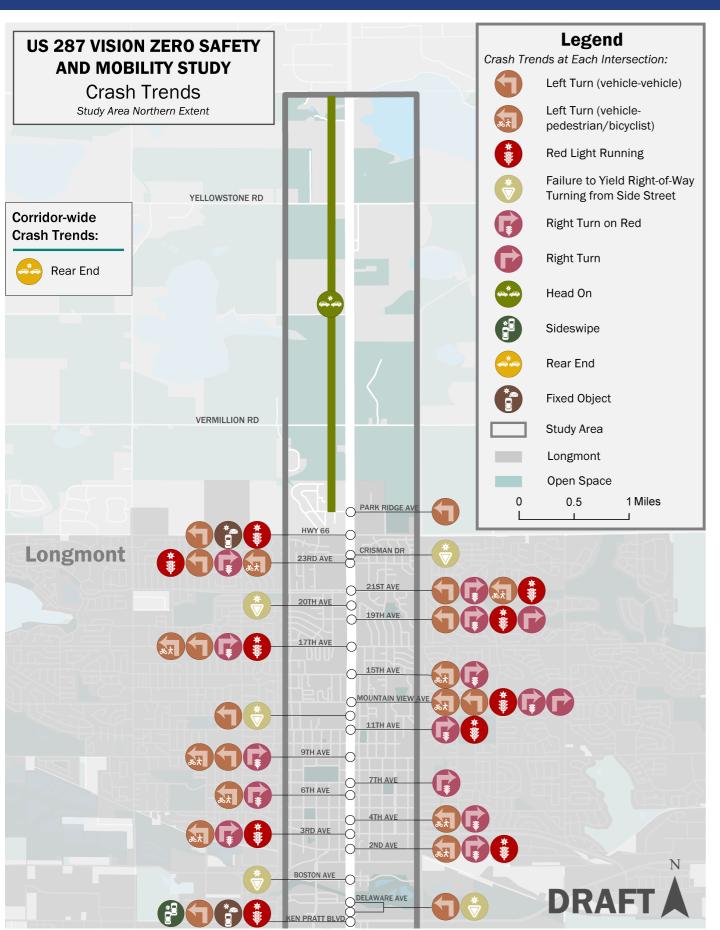


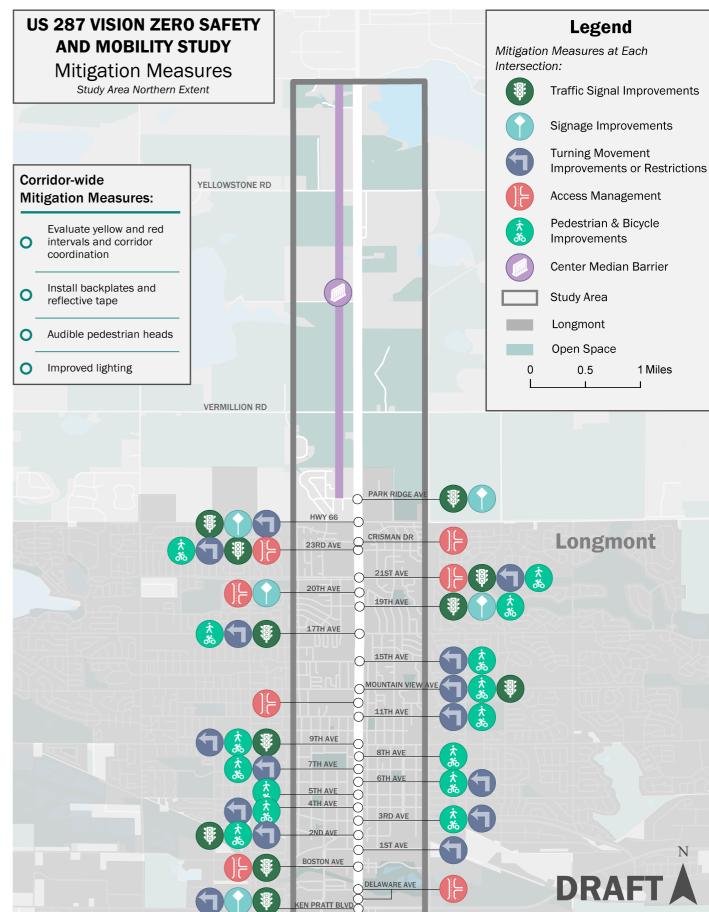
The next pages provide an overview of crash types and draft mitigations along the corridor. For more information about each intersection and to share your thoughts, see the map survey at this station.



Crash Types

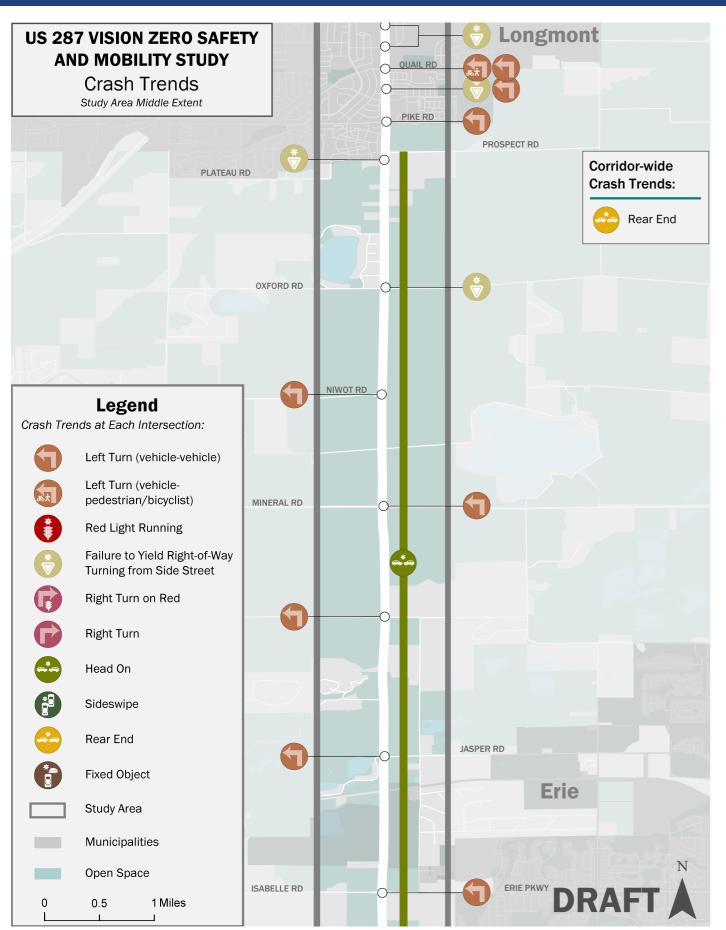
Mitigations

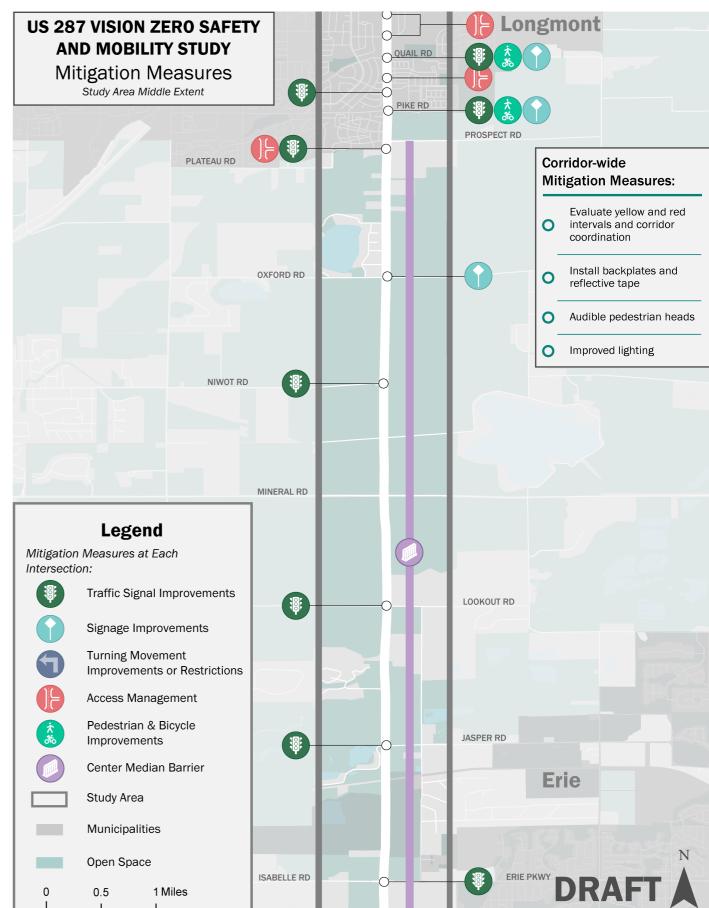




Crash Types

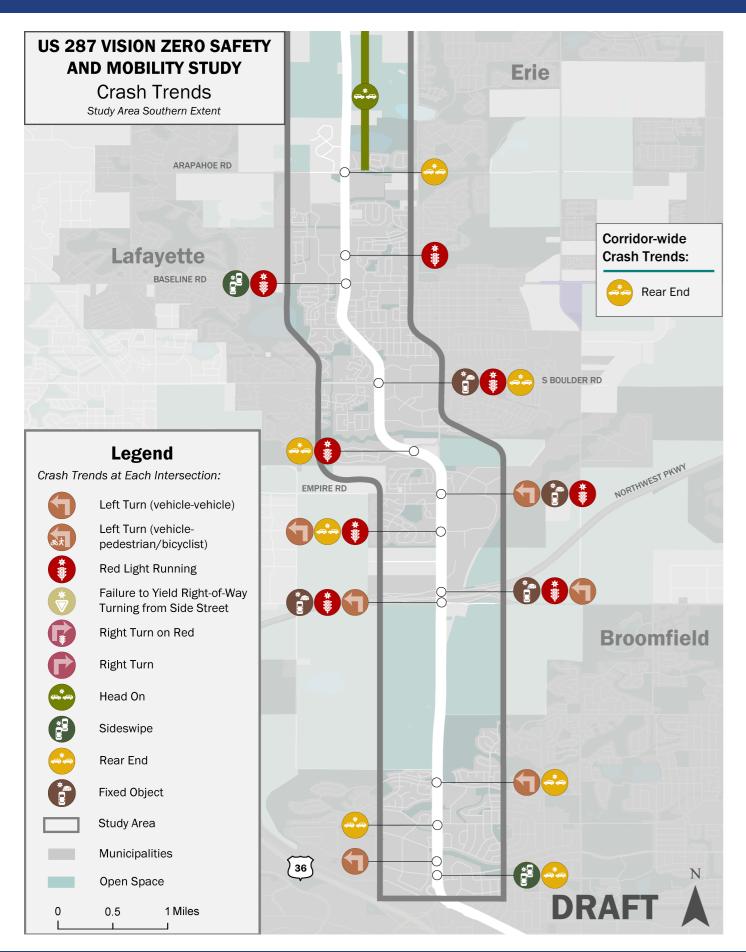
Mitigations

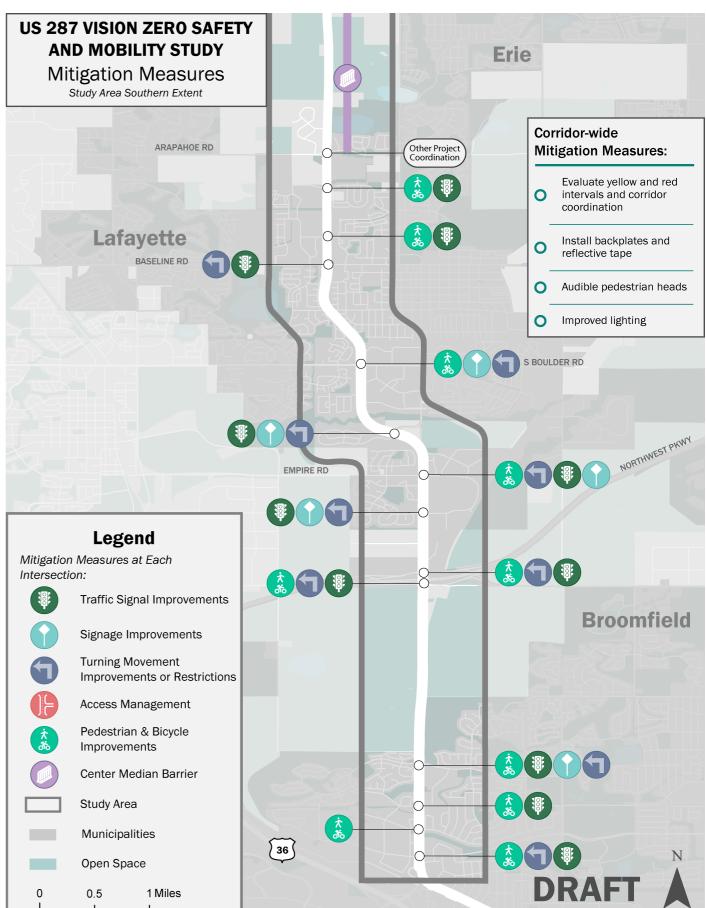




Crash Types

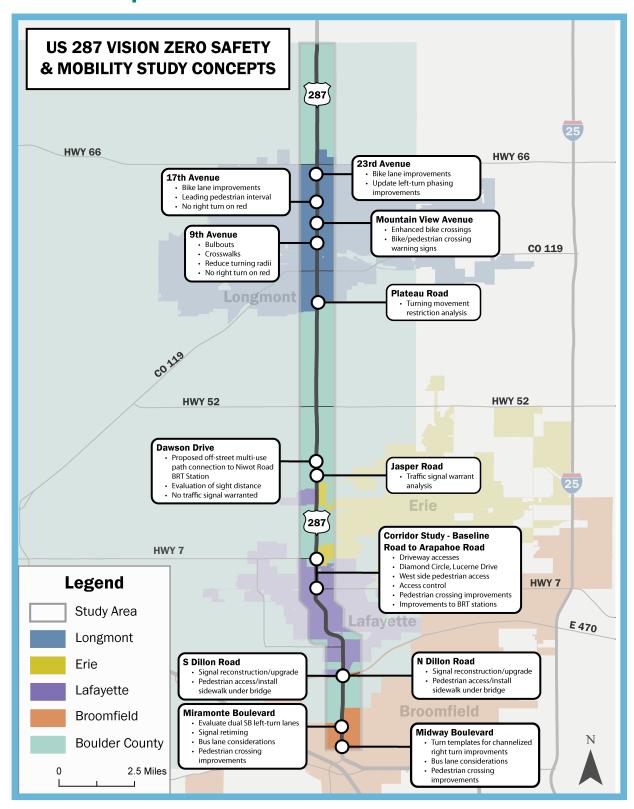
Mitigations





Concepts

These 12 locations were identified for concept development of safety improvements. The map below illustrates key recommendations at each location. The concepts will be available for review in the draft plan released at the end of 2023.



Safety Toolbox

This Safety Toolbox includes information about the crash types that are the most frequent on US 287 and supporting countermeasures. It is important to note that the assortment of crash types in this toolbox is not a complete list of crash types that may be found in other locations.

The full Safety Toolbox can be viewed at this station.



