Tips to Prevent Identity Theft

Community Protection Division Boulder County District Attorney's Office



Prevent Identity Theft on the Phone, at Home, in the Mail

On the phone:

- Don't pick up the phone from unknown, anonymous or blocked numbers, or when you don't recognize the number on caller ID.
- Share as little information as possible:
 - NEVER share personal information like your Social Security number or bank or credit card information with anyone who calls you out of the blue, no matter who they say they are.
 - Provide sensitive information over the phone only when you initiate the contact and are certain whom you're calling.
- Ask your phone providers about call-blocking: many landline and cell phone providers offer features for free.
- Make sure you're on the national and Colorado no-call lists for your home and cell phones.

At Home and in the Mail:

- Monitor bills and credit card statements carefully:
 - Report discrepancies to your financial institution immediately.
- Store and discard sensitive documents wisely:
 - o Try to put trash out the day of collection, not before.
 - Shred documents containing sensitive personal or financial information.
 - o Consider going paperless for bills and statements.
- Safeguard Mail:
 - o Pick up mail from your mailbox as soon as you can.
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- Mail important mail inside Post Office or send certified – don't put outgoing mail in your mailbox.
- **File taxes early** to thwart tax-identity thieves who may file with your information, hoping to get your refund.
- Take steps to monitor & safeguard credit:
 - Order and review your credit report periodically: it's free weekly on the <u>Annual Credit Report</u> website. (www.AnnualCreditReport.com)
 - Consider a fraud alert or credit report freeze:
 - A fraud alert requires a business to verify your identity before it issues new credit, while a credit freeze restricts access to your credit report.

Call the Community Protection Division with questions (303) 441-3700

Prevent Identity Theft Online

Password Management:

- Use long, strong, unique passwords: change them often.
 - Passwords for work, social media, and financial accounts SHOULD NOT BE THE SAME.
 - Never reuse old passwords.
 - Change passwords on home computers, modems and routers periodically, too.
- Consider using a "passphrase":
 - Use a phrase familiar to you, but replace some letters with capital letters, numbers and symbols



 A passphrase may be easier to remember, and harder for someone else to guess.

Email Awareness:

- Don't reply to emails when you don't recognize the sender.
 - Never click on links or attachments in ANY unsolicited email, no matter who it says it's from.



- Don't take the bait on "Click Here" boxes in emails purporting to be from an agency needing your information, or indicating your information has been compromised (credit card company, bank, Amazon, eBay, etc.).
- Call the company instead, using a number from a statement or credit card, or go online and log into your account with that institution, with your user name and password.
- Beware of emails that say they are from a "friend" who needs a favor, or indicate that the friend or a relative is in trouble and needs help:



 Delete emails from a "friend" that ask for money, gift card ID numbers, or bank account, credit or debit card information: call the friend instead to follow up.

Tips for all devices, and online:

- Set software updates on your cell phone and computer to install automatically when they're available.
- Consider multi-factor authentication for your devices, internet and websites, especially where you enter or maintain personal, health or financial information.
- Check your profile and social media privacy settings periodically.
- Remember . . . public WiFi is not private!



 When on public WiFi, only go to websites that don't ask for passwords or personal or financial info.



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